

QUICK MEAL
Stoves and Ranges



Are handled by the Central Hardware company at whose store there can always be found a large assortment at different prices calculated to suit almost any pocketbook.

We want you to look the QUICK MEAL over now, and then when hot weather comes you will be prepared to be comfortable.

Central Hardware Co.

The Greatest Glory of this Golden Age!

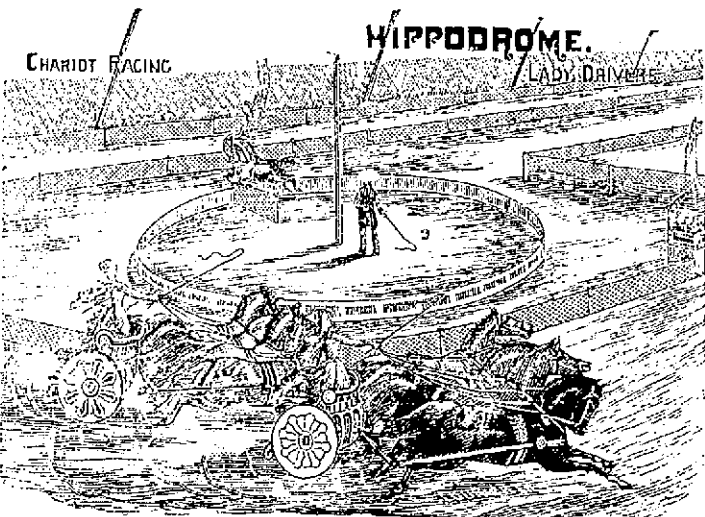
THE GREAT

PAN-AMERICAN SHOWS.

European Menagerie, Triple Circus Hippodrome, Oceanic Aquarium and Congress of Living Phenomena

Will Surely Exhibit At—

Grand Rapids, WED. JULY 16



RAJAH—Largest Elephant that walks the earth, now with the great Pan-American Shows. Taller, longer, weighs more, cost more, than any elephant ever captured.

HELD OF PHILIPPINE CATTLE—Imported direct from the Philippine Islands for our wonderful new menagerie.

THE GIRL WONDER—The only lady somersault rider in the world on a bareback horse. A challenge of \$10,000 to produce her equal.

ANNA COOK—The only lady four and six horse rider the world has ever produced. For grace and skill she has no equal.

CAPT. SANTIAGO, HIGH DIVER—The world's highest diver; actually flings himself backward from the highest point ever dived from.

HERD OF TRAINED ELEPHANTS—Trained Jugglers, Tigers, Lions, Leopards, Bears, Lynxes, Wild Cats, Grizzlies, Catamounts, Horses, Stallions, Monkeys and ponies.

More than all the Adam-named and Noah saved multi-famous zoological wonders. 100 exalted circus champions in 150 supreme acts.

Grand, Golden, Glittering, mile-long street parade at 10 o'clock. High Dive at 10:30 a. m. and 6:30 p. m.

All tents water proof. Excursion rates on all railroads. Doors open at 1 to 7 p. m. Performances at 2 and 8 p. m.

GUN CLUB WINS OUT

WAUSAU BEATEN BY 18 POINTS.

Was a Most Successful Tournament with a Very Good Attendance.

The team shoot between Wausau and Grand Rapids on the Fourth of July resulted in a victory for the home team by 18 points. Only ten men shot on each side, that being all that the Wausau team could bring down that day. Following is the score made by each out of 25 birds:

Grand Rapids.	Wausau.
W. G. Scott..... 17	W. J. Covey..... 22
O. Gohlke..... 20	E. Westerfield..... 19
C. Gohlke..... 24	G. Naffz..... 17
C. Mosher..... 22	C. H. Collier..... 17
W. J. Gohlke..... 19	O. Mosher..... 8
C. Lyon..... 11	F. Kieckhefer..... 17
H. Boles..... 18	M. C. Ewing..... 19
R. W. Mason..... 19	M. Weeks..... 18
E. Taylor..... 19	McCrossen..... 18
R. Ridgman..... 19	R. Lyon..... 11
Total..... 175	Total..... 157

Besides the club shoot there were eleven sweepstake events that were open to all, the scores in which were as follows out of 15 targets:

Special Event.	First Event.
Covey..... 9	Naffz..... 9
Westerfield..... 13	Westerfield..... 13
Kieckhefer..... 13	McCrossen..... 13
Ewing..... 8	Taylor..... 11
Collier..... 11	Mosher..... 10
O. Gohlke..... 11	Scott..... 8

First Event.	Second Event.
McCrossen..... 12	R. Lyon..... 12
Westerfield..... 12	Westerfield..... 12
Kieckhefer..... 12	O. Gohlke..... 12
Ewing..... 10	Collier..... 12
R. Lyon..... 12	Naffz..... 12
Naffz..... 10	McCrossen..... 12
Covey..... 7	Lutterman..... 12
O. Gohlke..... 7	Scott..... 12
Snyder..... 5	Rutledge..... 12
Collier..... 7	Yapham..... 12

Second Event.	Third Event.
R. Lyon..... 12	Westerfield..... 12
Westerfield..... 12	F. Boles..... 12
Collier..... 12	Rutledge..... 12
Naffz..... 12	Naffz..... 12
O. Gohlke..... 12	Graves..... 12
McCrossen..... 12	McCrossen..... 12
Lutterman..... 12	Kieckhefer..... 12
Scott..... 12	Taylor..... 12
Rutledge..... 12	Yapham..... 12
Yapham..... 12	Graves..... 12
Graves..... 12	Ewing..... 12
Ewing..... 12	Kieckhefer..... 12
Kieckhefer..... 12	W. Conaway..... 6

Third Event.	Fourth Event.
Westerfield..... 12	Westerfield..... 12
F. Boles..... 12	Naffz..... 12
Rutledge..... 12	O. Gohlke..... 12
Naffz..... 12	Graves..... 12
O. Gohlke..... 12	McCrossen..... 12
Graves..... 12	Lutterman..... 12
McCrossen..... 12	Scott..... 12
Lutterman..... 12	Rutledge..... 12
Scott..... 12	Yapham..... 12
Rutledge..... 12	Yapham..... 12
Yapham..... 12	Graves..... 12
Graves..... 12	Ewing..... 12
Ewing..... 12	Kieckhefer..... 12
Kieckhefer..... 12	W. Conaway..... 6

Fourth Event.	Fifth Event.
Westerfield..... 12	Westerfield..... 12
Naffz..... 12	F. Boles..... 12
O. Gohlke..... 12	Rutledge..... 12
Graves..... 12	Naffz..... 12
McCrossen..... 12	O. Gohlke..... 12
Lutterman..... 12	Graves..... 12
Scott..... 12	McCrossen..... 12
Rutledge..... 12	Kieckhefer..... 12
Yapham..... 12	Taylor..... 12
Graves..... 12	Yapham..... 12
Ewing..... 12	Graves..... 12
Kieckhefer..... 12	W. Conaway..... 6
W. Conaway..... 6	

Fifth Event.	Sixth Event.
Westerfield..... 12	Westerfield..... 12
Naffz..... 12	F. Boles..... 12
O. Gohlke..... 12	Rutledge..... 12
Graves..... 12	Naffz..... 12
McCrossen..... 12	O. Gohlke..... 12
Lutterman..... 12	Graves..... 12
Scott..... 12	McCrossen..... 12
Rutledge..... 12	Kieckhefer..... 12
Yapham..... 12	Taylor..... 12
Graves..... 12	Yapham..... 12
Ewing..... 12	Graves..... 12
Kieckhefer..... 12	W. Conaway..... 6
W. Conaway..... 6	

Sixth Event.	Seventh Event.
Lutterman..... 12	Westerfield..... 12
O. Gohlke..... 12	F. Boles..... 12
Graves..... 12	Rutledge..... 12
McCrossen..... 12	Naffz..... 12
Lutterman..... 12	O. Gohlke..... 12
Scott..... 12	Graves..... 12
Rutledge..... 12	McCrossen..... 12
Yapham..... 12	Kieckhefer..... 12
Graves..... 12	Taylor..... 12
Ewing..... 12	Yapham..... 12
Kieckhefer..... 12	Graves..... 12
W. Conaway..... 6	

Seventh Event.	Eighth Event.
Rutledge..... 12	Westerfield..... 12
Yapham..... 12	F. Boles..... 12
Graves..... 12	Rutledge..... 12
McCrossen..... 12	Naffz..... 12
Lutterman..... 12	O. Gohlke..... 12
Scott..... 12	Graves..... 12
Rutledge..... 12	McCrossen..... 12
Yapham..... 12	Kieckhefer..... 12
Graves..... 12	Taylor..... 12
Ewing..... 12	Yapham..... 12
Kieckhefer..... 12	Graves..... 12
W. Conaway..... 6	

Eighth Event.	Ninth Event.
Westerfield..... 12	Westerfield..... 12
Naffz..... 12	F. Boles..... 12
O. Gohlke..... 12	Rutledge..... 12
Graves..... 12	Naffz..... 12
McCrossen..... 12	O. Gohlke..... 12
Lutterman..... 12	Graves..... 12
Scott..... 12	McCrossen..... 12
Rutledge..... 12	Kieckhefer..... 12
Yapham..... 12	Taylor..... 12
Graves..... 12	Yapham..... 12
Ewing..... 12	Graves..... 12
Kieckhefer..... 12	W. Conaway..... 6
W. Conaway..... 6	

Ninth Event.	Tenth Event.
Rutledge..... 12	Westerfield..... 12
Yapham..... 12	F. Boles..... 12
Graves..... 12	Rutledge..... 12
McCrossen..... 12	Naffz..... 12
Lutterman..... 12	O. Gohlke..... 12
Scott..... 12	Graves..... 12
Rutledge..... 12	McCrossen..... 12
Yapham..... 12	Kieckhefer..... 12
Graves..... 12	Taylor..... 12
Ewing..... 12	Yapham..... 12
Kieckhefer..... 12	Graves..... 12
W. Conaway..... 6	

The tournament was a very successful one from start to finish, and although the scores were not as high as they would have been under more favorable conditions, all who attended expressed themselves as being well pleased with the entertainment furnished them.

Neillsville shooters have expressed a desire to compete with the Grand Rapids team, and it is probable that a match will be held with them in the near future.

Several of our local shots expect to attend the tournament to be held at Tomah on the 14th and 15th of July on which dates the Tomah club has prepared for twenty events, besides a club shoot between five teams in that vicinity.

Annual Church Meeting.

The members of the Congregational church held their annual meeting on Monday evening, and it was a very enthusiastic one. The report of the society was made and showed a very satisfactory balance in the treasury.

The various departments of the church work were reported to be in a flourishing condition. Forty-five new members have been added during the past eighteen months, which is a most satisfactory increase.

The matter of a parsonage was taken up again, and as the present site is not exactly what is wanted for the purpose it is entirely probable that a new site will be purchased in the near future if possible, one better suited to the demands of the parties interested. Appreciation of the pastor's services was shown by an enthusiastic vote of the meeting.

The church was never in a more flourishing condition than at the present time and the meeting was the largest ever held by the society.

Jelly currants now ready at Riverside farm. Telephone 266.

WOOD COUNTY EXHIBIT.

Ought to Make a Good Showing at State Fair.

Residents of Wood county should now begin to figure on making a creditable exhibit at the state fair this fall, and if the matter is properly handled by everybody interested there is no reason why we should not be one of the foremost counties in the state.

There are many older and richer counties in the state of Wisconsin, but there is no county that has more diversified soil or better ground for raising everything that it is possible to raise in the state.

An appropriation was made by the county board at its last session for the purpose of paying for the preparation of an exhibit, and although the appropriation is a small one, it will be enough to cover the expenses provided everybody interests himself in the matter and makes an effort to do all in his power to make the affair a success.

A good exhibit from Wood county, such as we really should have considering our resources, will do more toward advertising the county than anything that can be done. Many people from the south imagine that Wood county is north of the line of perpetual frost, and a good exhibit of what we raise here should prove effective in dispelling this idea.

The season is near when specimens of small fruit should be secured. Strawberries, currants, blackberries, raspberries and gooseberries, etc., should be treated in the following manner: Procure large-necked bottles (pickled olive bottles are just the thing) put in a little of the fruit—the best specimens you can find—and cover it well with the following solution: 15 grains of salicylic acid dissolved in one quart of water. This will preserve the natural size, color and appearance of the fruit. The fruit should not be eaten after being treated in this manner, although it is harmless.

L. M. Nash, who is chairman of the committee appointed by the county board to handle the matter, is preparing a circular to send throughout the county, which will give instructions for preparing specimens for exhibition and where to send them so that the best throughout the county may be selected for the purpose. Town chairmen and others throughout the county are requested to use their influence and energies to make this matter a success, and if they do so there is no question but that Wood county will make a showing that her citizens may honestly feel proud of.

Merchandise Stock Sold.

On Saturday the stock of merchandise owned by Corriveau & Garrison was bought by the Johnson & Hill Co., the latter firm taking possession on Monday morning, when an inventory of the stock was commenced.

At the conclusion of the inventory the stock will be moved to the store of Johnson & Hill and offered for sale.

Since Mr. Corriveau's health gave out this spring his physicians have advised him on numerous occasions to sell his stock and get out of business entirely, so as to relieve his mind from the strain incident to conducting business and for this reason the sale was made.

Messrs. Johnson & Hill may make use of the store building on the corner for a time at least if they decide to build, as they will then place their hardware department in the corner building until the new building is finished.

Fatal Accident at Auburndale.

There was an accident at Auburndale on the Fourth of July that resulted fatally, the victim being Arza Sheriff, who worked in the store for the R. Connor company.

A number of the people were engaged in firing fireworks the night of the Fourth when by accident some fire was dropped among the stock of fireworks, setting them off. A large sky rocket struck Sheriff in the abdomen, tearing the flesh and burning him in a horrible manner.

The injured man was put on a hand-car and taken to Marshfield where he was placed in the hospital, but died from his injuries the next morning. Sheriff was about thirty-three years old and leaves a wife and family. He was a resident of Marshfield before removing to Auburndale.

Marriage License.

The following persons were licensed to marry by County Clerk Renne during the past week:

Oral Mercer and Gertrude McKercher, both of the town of Rock.

Frederick Anderson and Etta Clark, both of the town of Rock.

Joseph A. Ray of Milladore and Angeline Juncan of Rudolph.

John M. Seado of Sigel and Annie Meyer of Hansen.

Joseph McConnell of Juneau county and Maud Simons of Wood county.

Oliver Leroux and Anna Brady of Port Edwards.

Herbert Kneppreth of Milwaukee and Elizabeth Andraska of Hewitt.

The Best Liniment for Strains.

Mr. F. H. Wells, the merchant at Deer Park, Long Island, N. Y., says: "I always recommend Chamberlain's Pain Balm as the best liniment for strains. I used it last winter for a severe lameness in the side, resulting from a strain, and was greatly pleased with the quick relief and cure it effected."

For sale by Johnson & Hill Co. and Wood County Drug Co.

Building Lots for Sale.

Forty building lots in first ward from 575 to \$150. Also good 10 room dwelling and lot 80x120.

E. I. PHILLIPS.

A GLORIOUS FOURTH

LARGE CROWD IN TOWN ALL DAY.

Hot Weather makes People Gasp for Breath, but Everything Was Lovely.

Probably the largest crowd ever seen in the city of Grand Rapids was here on the Fourth of July. The weather was excessively hot all day, but being bright, nobody was prevented from coming in on this account and the streets were crowded with people from early morning until late at night.

The parade formed near the Northwestern depot, and when the train arrived from Marshfield the column started, marching across the river and back. Immediately after the parade the crowd was addressed by the Hon. Neal Brown of Wausau who gave a most interesting and appropriate talk.

After the speech Company A of Marshfield gave a drill on the market square, which was witnessed by a large number of people and was very interesting. As the sun was broiling hot the boys had anything but a comfortable time of it.

The wrestling exhibition between the Beel brothers was held on the platform in front of the warehouse of the Central Hardware company. While the place was not as good as it might have been for an event of this sort, it was the best that could be done in order to allow the large number of people present to see anything of it.

After dinner was to occur the balloon ascension, and altho the committee on arrangements had taken particular pains to have this event occur, it was not pulled off. The woman who was to make the ascension claimed that the man who had been sent with her did not understand his business and consequently could not get the balloon ready for the ascension. This was probably true, as he made a mix up of the whole affair, and while hauling up the balloon preparatory to filling it, one of the poles fell and narrowly escaped striking some of the spectators who were standing about.

There were two entries in the foot-races, they being Quinn and Akey. The 50 yard dash was won by Quinn in 5 1/2 seconds and the 100 yard by Akey in 10 1/4, both good time for amateurs. They were very evenly matched and the 50 yard race had to be run over to settle it. The two boys expect to compete again at the street fair which will be held at Marshfield this fall.

After the foot races the crowd went to the fair grounds where the ball game was held. It was intended to hold bicycle races also, but the excessively warm weather had apparently discouraged the fast ones and everybody was content to find as cool a place as possible and watch the game. Nekoska carried off the fifty dollars and did it with ease, as they seemed too strong for the home team.

After supper the military company gave another drill on the east side and went through some very pretty evolutions in a manner that showed thorough training.

The dance at the opera house by the papermakers wound up the day's sport and it was largely attended in spite of a very warm evening.

Testing Waterworks.—On Tuesday another attempt was made to test the pipe of the waterworks system, but when a pressure of 80 pounds had been reached one of the six-inch mains near the Green Bay depot burst, and the effort had to be abandoned until this could be repaired. The water was being pumped into the standpipe and had reached a height part way up the bottom of the tank proper when the accident occurred which stopped proceedings. The test was also for the purpose of trying the joints in the standpipe, after which it will be painted and ready for use. The pumps at the pumphouse worked very smoothly, and should there be no further mishaps there is no reason why the system should not be in use within another two weeks.

Burned with Powder.—Ryland, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Boorman, was burned about the hands and face on Thursday last while playing with powder. One of Ryland's playmates had procured a quantity of powder which had been wet and become caked, and he had discovered that the stuff burned with a very bright light when fired. He told Ryland of his discovery and they placed a quantity of the caked powder in a hole in a stone and touched it off with a match. The powder had evidently dried out in the meantime, for it flashed up suddenly and burned the boy quite severely in the face and on one hand. The burns are not deep, however, and it is not expected that he will suffer any disfigurement.

Benten by Nekoska.—The ball game on the Fourth of July between Nekoska and Grand Rapids resulted in a victory for the visitors by a score of 12 to 4. Although the local team was out-played at all points, there was some pretty good work at times. A slight altercation over a decision of the umpire made it look rather squally for a time and there were indications of a row, which, however, was averted. If outsiders who have nothing to do with the game would keep off the field, it is entirely probable that many disputes that occur would be entirely averted. Many, who would like to attend ball games, stay away on account of this objectionable feature.

Take Notice.—The T. B. Scott library will be closed on Tuesday and Thursday evenings during the months of July and August.

A Fine Entertainment.—A large audience greeted Miss Bernice Castello at the Congregational church on Tuesday evening, and the expressions concerning the entertainment were that it was one of the best that has been held here for some time. Miss Castello was assisted by Miss Fuller, a pianist of unusual ability, and her selections were very enthusiastically received and all pronounced her one of the best musicians it has been their good luck to hear. Miss Fuller has been a guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Willard in this city and it is probable that she will return here at some future time and organize a class in music.

School Meeting.—A business meeting of the school commissioners was held on Monday evening for the transaction of the regular routine of business that comes before that body. Among other things a name for the new schoolhouse was selected, it being the "Lincoln." A new system of closets will also be established in the west side ward school. On Thursday evening of this week it is expected that the contracts will be let for heating the new building. Work on the structure has been progressing at a satisfactory rate, the basement walls having been completed some little time ago.

Dankert-Laughlin.—Fred Dankert and Miss Luella Laughlin, both of the town of Grand Rapids, were married on July 4th at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Owen Laughlin at Biran, Rev. W. A. Peterson performing the ceremony. Only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties were present at the ceremony. A wedding dinner was served at the home of Mr. Laughlin. Miss Hannah Dankert and Fred Laughlin acted as bridesmaid and groomsmen. The young couple will make their home at Biran, where Mr. Dankert is employed in the paper mill.

A Queer Accident.—Ab. Stainbrook met with an accident last Thursday morning which resulted in the loss of the little finger on his right hand. Mr. Stainbrook was assisting in putting down the awning in front of the Wood County drug store, and in doing so he jumped up to catch the rod. A ring on his little finger caught on a bolt that projected a short distance and the ring cut clean through the member so that it had to be amputated close to the hand. For remarkable accidents this probably leads anything that has happened in this vicinity for some time.

Adjudged Insane.—Frederica Reichart of the town of Rock was brought to the city this morning and taken before Judge Conway to be examined as to her sanity. Drs. Ridgman and Hogen examined the girl and pronounced her not of sound mind, and the judge remanded her to the Northern hospital for the insane. The girl is but 17 years old and her insanity seems to run along the line of religion, being at times quite violent. She was brought here by her mother and father and was taken to Oshkosh today.

A Good Report.—A. S. Robinson, who has been crop reporter from this county for the past fifteen years, states that the report he sent in on the first of July was the best that he has made since he started making the reports. He states that the report on some of the crops about Bakerville in the northern part of the county went as high as 100 per cent, which is certainly as good as the worst kicker could want. Wood county will yet show herself to advantage when it comes to a production of good crops.

The Pickle Crop.—Nothing much has been heard concerning pickles this spring, but growers report that the vines are coming along nicely, although the cut worms have caused a great deal of damage to the plants that were just coming up. Wherever this has occurred replanting has been continued until in most places the farmer has got the better of the pests. The indications are that the crop will much exceed that of last year.

Bought an Interest.—H. J. Lemke, who has been employed in the Corriveau & Garrison store for some time past, has bought an interest in the store from Will Gross and he will assist in the management of that establishment hereafter. Mr. Lemke is a bright young man and has many friends in this vicinity who will wish him success in the enterprise.

Made \$75.—The ladies of St. Katherine's guild cleared up about \$75 on their dinner and supper served at the G. A. R. hall on the Fourth of July. To do this they had to serve nearly 400 meals, which was quite and undertaking and necessarily required a whole lot of hustling.

Had Fish Chowder.—Nate Harris, O. Denis and John Dixon went up river on Tuesday for the express purpose of catching a mess of black bass and enjoying a fish chowder made by Mr. Harris, who has a reputation as being one of the champion chowder compounders of this section.

Excursion to Marshfield.—On account of the Maunier picnic and ball game at Marshfield next Sunday the Northwestern road will run an excursion train from Nekoska to Marshfield on that day. Fare for the round trip will be \$1.00 from Nekoska and 50 cents from Grand Rapids.

Will Hold Picnic.—The Emanuel Lutheran church society of the east side company will hold a picnic at the fair grounds on Sunday next, July 13, to which all are invited for a social time. The ladies' aid society of the church will serve refreshments.

Got Fifteen Days.—G. B. Dodge prolonged his Fourth of July just a trifle too long and as a consequence he is serving out a 15 day sentence in the county jail in default of the payment of his fine.

its name to the public health and mar-
hospital service was passed under sus-
sion of the rules on the 1st. Other b-
were passed as follows: House bill to

warehouse at Omaha at a cost of not exceed \$75,000; Senate bill to reduce

exceed \$15,000; Senate bill to reduce number of appraisers at Philadelphia and Boston. A joint resolution was adopted.

...authorized by resolutions of continental congress. The conference agreement on the naval appropriation bill adopted. Bills were passed to appropriate \$4,000 each for bronze equestrian statues.

tionary heroes, to be erected in this case. Senate bill for the suppression of traitor heroes, a bill to make confederate soldiers who enlisted in the Union army previous January 1, 1865, punishable, was passed in 1919. A resolution from the ways and means committee fixing the hours of adjournment was passed, 137 to 76. In report of the special committee to increase the funds in connection with the purchase of the Danish West Indies was sent, ordered printed and referred to

Proceedings in Senate.

The Senate adjourned sine die at 5:30 p. m. on the 1st. The intervals between adjournments were filled with the usual business of the chamber. Meanwhile the waits for a ruling to take up. The final report of sentence on the general denunciation was presented and agreed to without debate. The conference reports on the appropriation bill and the bill to pro-

At a temporary session of the committee, the members agreed to do as was that of the people of the lands and buildings. A bill appropriating \$75,000 for the purchase of a quartermaster's warehouse in Manila was passed. A resolution offered by the minority of the committee, the Philippines authorizing that notice to sit during the recess to prosecute inquiry into the Philippines was referred to committee. The House concurrent resolution providing for adjournment until Monday, September 1, 1902, was adopted. Before adjournment the

resolutions were adopted, including thanking President Pro Tempore Wry

LATEST MARKET REPORT

Milwaukee, Wis., July 7, 1918.

EGG AND DAIRY PRODUCTS

MILWAUKEE.—Eggs.—Market very fresh, loss off, cases included, 17c; firsts, 16c; seconds, 15c; thirds, 14c. Receipts were 332 cases.

Butter.—(Market steady; per lb.) 22c; fancy or extra creamery, per lb. firsts, 20c; second, 19c; third, 18c. Eggs, 15c; roll, 15c; packing, 14c; roll, 14c; case, 14c.

Cheese.—(Market steady; per lb.) 14c; firsts, 13c; second, 12c; third, 11c. Receipts of the receipts of cheese accumulating while dairy closes up on account of the improvement in cheese dairy work generally, and referred to choice creamery.

Cheese—Firm. The demand at

18 good and a few fair. Acceptance
 is especially slow with the
 the day after taking 34,820 lbs. But
 Bull cream fat, fancy, 10¢11½; g
 choice, 8¢; Young Americans,
 daisies, 11¢11½; fancy breck, 11½
 low grades, 9¢10½; Hamburger
 No. 1, 10¢11½; low grades, 8¢10¢;
 on Swiss, 2¢; Black Swiss domestic
 11¢12¢; butter, 11½¢12¢; No. 2
 Sapsago, 20¢.
 CHICAGO—Butter.—Steady; cream
 @21¢; daisies, 18¢19½; Chesse—
 twins, 9¢10¢; Young Americans,
 daisies, 10¢10½. Eggs—Bred p
 cases returned, 17¢17½; feed p

ELGIN—Butter—No offerings and
Official market firm. 21c.

MILWAUKEE LIVE STOCK MARKET

HOGS—Receipts, 1 car; market
higher; light, 7.20 to 7.50; mixed and
weights, 7.35 to 7.75; common to good
cows, 7.00 to 7.50; selected heavy, 7.
Pigs, 90 to 120 lbs, 5.75 to 6.50.

CATTLE—Receipts, none;
butchers' stock, medium to good,
13.00 to 15.00; 6.00 to 6.25; fair to medium,
10.50 to 13.00; 4.25 to 6.00; heifers, common
3.25; good, 4.25 to 6.00; cows, fair

2.10@4.80; runners, 1.75@2.50; bulk
mon, 2.50@3.00; choice, 3.25@4.25;
800 to 950 lbs 3.50@4.00; stackers

750 lbs., 2.15@3.25; veal calves,
5.25@5.75; choice, 6.00@6.50. Milk
men not wanted; choice heavy, 40.
SHEEP—Receipts, none; steady,
3.50; bucks, 2.25@3.00; spring lamb
6.00.
Chicago receipts: Hogs, 22,000

10,000; sheep, 25,000.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

MILWAUKEE—Flour—Steady.

Steady; No. 1 Northern, on track, 77c.
2 Northern, on track, 77c.
No. 3 on track, 69c.
No. 4 on track, 62c.
No. 5 on track, 60c.
Barley—Steady.
Track, 77½c; sample on track, 66½c.
Higher: No. 1 on track, 58c.
Higher: pork, 18.60; lard, 13.00.
Flour market steady.
No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.
Mills: all are steady and quoted as follows:
For bran, 18.50 for standard middling
20.00 for Milwaukee flour middling
10 sacks; red dog, 21.00.
Wheat—In
September, 73½c; December, 75c.
77½c; Corn—July, 84c; September,
41½c; May, 44c.
41½c; new, 44½c; September, 44½c.
34½c; December, 35c; new, 34½c.
18.25; 18.85; September, 18.75c.
18.25; January, 11.65; Lard—July,
10.75c; September, 10.87½c; October,
December, 9.72½c; January, 9.40c.

ST. LOUIS—Clove—Wheat—11
2 red cash elevator, 72½¢; July,
October, 72½¢; No. 2 hard,
Corn—Higher; No. 2 cash, 66½¢;
No. 2, 65½¢; No. 3, 64½¢; No. 4, 63½¢.

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September, 80¢; 1 bush.
Lower: No. 2 cash, 47¢; July, 35½¢
ber, 29¢; No. 2 white, 52¢. L
3.97½; Spelter steady, 4.90.

TOLEDO—Wheat—Active, firm;
July, 77½¢; September, 76¾¢;
ber, 75½¢; No. 2 strong, cash,

654c; September, 62c; December, 63c. Oats—Dull, steady; cash, 47½c; September, 31c; new July, 46½c; October, 34½c. Clover seed—Cash, 5.15; September, 5.15; October, 5.15. North Lima, 80c; South Lima, 75c.

DULL TONE—Close—Wheat—Cash, 79c; No. 1 Northern, 79c; Northern, 75c; No. 3 spring, 73c; No. 1 hard, 70c; No. 1 Northern, 70c; September, 67c; October, 67c. Oats—September, 33c; March, 35c; September, 53½c; 145c; September, 1.51½; October,

SOUTH OMAHA—Cattle—Re-
ceptive, stronger; beef steers,
cows and heifers, 3.25@6.00; c
@3.00; stockers and feeders,

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7,069;8.00; mixed, 7,650;7.75;
7.75; pigs, 6,100;7.50. Sheep—
song; sheep, 3,500;7.00; lamb;
KANSAS CITY—Cattle—Rec-
tendly to strong; beef steers
Texans, 2,000;6.00; cows and
60;50; stockers and feeders,
Hogs—Receipts, 3000; 10¢ high.
bulk of sales, 7,150;8.00; heavy
packers, 7,750;8.00; medium,
 Yorkers, 7,100;7.82½; pigs, 7,150;
—Receipts, 4000; steady; sheep,

ST. LOUIS—Cattle—Receipts
ket steady; beef steers, 4.50@4.80
and feeders, 2.75@3.50; cows,
2.25@3.00; Texas steers, 3.00@3.50.
Receipts, 1500; 5000c higher;
7.65; packers, 7.50@7.85; but-
7.10. Hogs—Receipts, 3000; c-

—The old stone chimney was on the lands of the Niagara Company is to be removed, by the French in 1750, and a stone structure erected in the

MARRIED BUT NOT MATED

By "RITA."

CHAPTER XVIII.—(Continued.)

"You," cried John Marsden, looking at him bewildered. "How on earth could you know?"

A strange look came over the Italian's face.

"I have stayed at Vaux Abbey," he said; "whether as a guest or not, doesn't signify. The papers we seek are not in Mrs. Marsden's desk."

John Marsden shrank back and looked at him with a sort of horror not unminged with fear.

"You—you dared?" he stammered.

"Why not?" said the Count, tranquilly. "I dare anything when I'm put to it. You forget that I hate Ivor Grant, and I'm a good hater. He would be the first who's discovered that. Those papers are necessary for my vengeance."

I thought your wife possessed them, I think so still. But, as I said before, their hiding place baffles me. I didn't find any love letters, either," he went on, mockingly, "or I would have brought them to you—as proof of my disinterestedness. They are very exemplary, these platonic lovers, and they don't trust even platonic to paper. They are wise."

"Come, come, you know," blustered John Marsden. "A man can't stand this sort of thing, however badly his wife has behaved. You've no right to play the spy on her. Of course, with me it's a different matter. I can do what I choose, and I've every right to do it; but you—"

He paused abruptly. Something in that sinister face, in the lightning-like flash of the dark eyes, struck to his heart with a sense of sudden fear.

Savona merely leant his elbows on the table at which they were sitting, and, resting his chin on the palms of his hands, looked full in the face of his companion.

"My friend," he said, calmly, "you're a fool."

"Thank you for the information," said John Marsden, with a praiseworthy attempt at indifference. "You will excuse my saying that I've always heard foreigners were remarkable for politeness."

"Have you?" said the Count, with a sneer. "Perhaps they are—when it suits their purpose."

"I may infer then it doesn't suit yours; yet it strikes me I've most cause to complain. You've brought me over to England on a wild-goose chase, at the peril, too, of my life," he gave an uneasy glance again at those shadowy corners of the room, "and it strikes me I may be months—years, even—here, before those lawyers can settle anything. They talk of throwing it into Chancery now. You know what that means?"

"Yes," said the Count, with a meaning smile, "another of your English institutions—not quite so admirable as the laws for husband and wife."

He rose as he spoke and began to button his overcoat. Marsden looked at him appropinquatingly.

"You—you're not going yet?"

"With the deepest assurances of my regret," said the Count mockingly, "I am going—now, this moment."

"It's so hideously lonely here," muttered John Marsden. "I wish I'd never come to the place. And I've had a touch of fever to-day. I—You might stay till I go to bed, Count."

"True," said Savona, placidly, as if he were agreeing to a self-evident proposition. "I might, my good friend, but I don't intend to."

John Marsden muttered something under his breath not exactly complimentary, but the Count gave no sign of hearing it. He nodded and went over to the door, opened it, then, paused on the threshold and looked back at the gloomy face and wizened figure by the table.

"The Indian mail is in," he said, quietly. "I suppose you know that?"

John Marsden started perceptibly. His yellow face took a gray and frightened look.

"What of it?" he said, with an effort at calmness.

"As yet, nothing," said the Count, importantly. "But she brings passengers, you know. Are you not expecting a consignment of tiger claws?"

And with a mocking laugh he closed the door.

It seemed to John Marsden as if long hours had passed since the sound of that mocking laugh and closing door had ceased to echo in his ears.

He sat there in the same attitude, staring moodily at the fire in the grate, full of bitter and reverent thoughts.

"I wish I could understand that man," he said to himself. "Why has he mixed himself up in this business? Why did he write to me about Beryl, and how has he wormed his way into secrets unknown even to members of her own family?"

After leaving John Marsden, the Count walked leisurely through the streets. His face was not good to look upon, it was so darkly set, it bore so cruel and so merciless a determination.

"How the affair frays," he muttered, "and only a woman between me and five thousand pounds. I must have those papers. Where can she have put them? Perhaps the good folks at Vaux Abbey will find the Abbey ghost pursuing his nocturnal rambles once again."

CHAPTER XIX.

It was four days after that interview in John Marsden's rooms. The winter night had closed in darkly, with stormy gusts of wind and rain, and the occupants of those gloomy chambers sat by the fire, shivering at every blast, and crumpling, "not loud, but deep," at the abominations of the English climate.

The table beside him was littered with law books and law papers, and mysterious documents bound in red tape and looking horribly uninteresting, though one and all these things represented the machinery of that mighty engine which chance had set at work in his favor, and whose labored beats bore for him the musical sounds of fortune.

Just as one of the noisiest and stormiest blasts was shaking the windows and rattling against the doors, a knock came

to the door of his own room. He did not hear it, and, without waiting to repeat the summons, the visitor turned the handle and entered.

John Marsden started to his feet with a low cry of terror as a cold hand touched his shoulder, and he saw behind him a cloaked and shrouded figure—the figure of a woman.

"Have I startled you? I knocked, but no one answered," she said, speaking low and hurriedly, as if eager to get rid of the words.

"Good heavens, Beryl! You! Whatever brings you here?"

"I—I have come," she said in a nervous, hurried way, "to bring you the papers."

He looked at her in blank astonishment.

"You have grown sensible at last. Is that what you mean? Why couldn't you give them up sooner?"

"I don't know," she said, wearily.

She had thrown aside her veil, and her face was white as death, her eyes wild and fevered, and John Marsden noted, with a shock of surprise, how altered and how ill she looked.

"I have been very ill," she went on, presently.

"When did you leave the Abbey?" he asked brusquely.

"Yesterday," she answered. "It has grown unbearable, insupportable. I—I could not stop, and I thought it was no use to hold out; the lawyers say the case is clear enough. These," and she handed him some yellow, faded papers, "are what they wanted. The certificate of my mother's birth and marriage. They were in my father's desk. I don't think he knew or even guessed that she was related to the Grants. It was a runaway marriage, you know, and her people never forgave her."

"And may I ask why you have thought fit to oppose what was your lawful right, and mine?"

"Yours!" Her white face flushed crimson; she looked at him with a scorn and defiance that no words could have portrayed. "I thought your wish for a reconciliation was not quite disinterested. You have played your cards very well, John Marsden."

"Yes," he said, coolly. "I think I have; and I'm glad you're come to your senses. I didn't want to use force. Well, this settles the matter. There's nothing to prevent us from going down to Grantham Court and taking possession as soon as we like. When will you be ready?"

"I—Oh, don't ask me—don't force me to go. The place is full of haunted memories to me. You—you can't understand."

"No," he said brutally. "I can't, and I don't wish to. Put all that sentimental rubbish out of your mind, for you're got to come there, and to come with me. I've a fancy for playing the country squire, and I've a fancy that you should see me do it."

"Don't be too hard on me, John," she said in a strange, suppressed voice. "If it's the money you need, take it, and welcome. I don't care for it. I don't need it. But I can't go and live at the Count. I can't feel it is mine—not in the face of all the wills, and all the laws that ever were framed."

"But I mean that you shall do it," he said doggedly; "and the law is on my side, I fancy."

"Law!" she cried passionately; "it is always that—it is always that. It is well you don't say justice, well you don't call this selfish tyranny by its right name. Law! What does it care for a woman's sufferings—shame—agonies; for the brutal force that seizes her life and holds it in a prison from which she cannot escape? You stand there, you call yourself my husband, and you know you have not one spark of tenderness, one thought that is worthy the name, one feeling that is due to the rights you claim. You have tyrannized over me, neglected, degraded, deserted me. You come with a hypocrite's pretense of sorrow, and won a promise that I believed it was my duty to give. I might have known better than to be deceived so easily, but for a time I was deceived; and now I see you in your true colors. Now I know what your wish for reconciliation concealed; and since I know it, I have come here tonight to tell you one thing. You may have my property, my money—everything that the law gives—the law that men made for men—but do not force me to live under your roof. It cannot benefit you now—it is only added misery to me."

He was not alone in his amazement; another spectator stood in the doorway lost in reluctant admiration of the scene he had witnessed, but neither husband nor wife were aware of his presence.

"You—you—how dare you talk to me like that?" blustered John Marsden at length. "I tell you now, as I told you before, that very few husbands would have behaved as generously as I did. I could have taken proceedings against you. Why, I could have had a divorce, madam, had I chosen! I—I—"

"Yes?" she said calmly. "Then why did you not choose? Does it never occur to you that I might ask how these three years in India were spent by you?"

"She is superb!" muttered the listener under his breath. "To think of a woman like that being thrown away upon a wizened little ape with no more brains than an empty coconut!"

"That has nothing to do with you," said John Marsden defiantly. "A man can do what he chooses, especially if his wife goes and leaves him, as you left me."

"I wrote and asked you if I might return to India. You forgot that, and your answer, if I had grown utterly reckless, if I had yielded to a temptation that lay close at my hand, into which you, the man who should have defended me, wantonly cast me for your own selfish ends. I fancy you would have had no right to complain of me to-day."

He was silent. Well enough he knew she spoke the truth. Well enough he knew that even the law, in whose strength he trusted so implicitly, would scarcely have vindicated conduct such

as his in the eyes of the world.

"Why—why do you come and say all this now?" he said at last. "Why do you do this to me? I was working more of you. Can't you bury bygones, and let us be at peace?"

"I say it," she answered coldly. "Because you have deceived me again. You left India with a settled purpose; you sought me with that purpose; you won me over by pleading my duty, all the time you knew you only wanted to save appearances—that it was my money, my new position, which gave me any importance in your eyes. You and your hateful spy played your cards well, but not quite well enough to deceive me. When I thought you were poor, ill, lonely, that you were even a little sorry for all I had had to bear, it was a different matter. I would have come to you then, and in time I might even have grown more gentle and forbearing than I seem to have been. At least you are the father of my children, and I can't forget that. But what can I say of your conduct now, except that it is on a par with all that has gone before; that I cannot forget; that since it is the Court you desire, you may have the Court, have everything I possess—everything to which the law entitles you. But at least be content with that, and leave me in peace."

"Will you give me those papers?" he said huskily.

She handed them to him without a word. He glanced over their contents, then opened a drawer in his writing table and placed them within, and locked the drawer again.

"Now, madam," he said, defiantly, "you have given me your views of the case, listen to mine. The moment Grantham Court becomes ours—you need not start; I am quite justified in using that pronoun—the moment we are entitled to take possession, you will be prepared to accompany me thither. Considering you are the daughter of a clergyman, and have always set up for being a religious woman, your views as regards wifely duty seem rather lax. But that duty shall be enforced to the uttermost, so I swear. I am not used to being thwarted or controlled, either by man or woman, and I'm not likely to submit to it from you! The matrimonial knot is not an easy one to slip out of, and I intend it shall be firm enough to hold you, whether you desire it or not. Now, I have said all that is necessary. You may return to Vaux Abbey if you choose; but hold yourself in readiness to obey me, whenever you hear that matters are settled and that I am going to take possession of the Court."

"You fool!" The exclamation was so unexpected—so full of scorn and contempt, that Beryl Marsden was no less startled than her husband, as she, too, faced the doorway and saw from whom the interruption had proceeded.

"So, Count, you are at your old work," she said, with cutting emphasis. "Do you still find it remunerative?"

The pale face flushed ever so slightly, but he advanced a few paces and addressed John Marsden with a cool disregard of Beryl's presence that was in itself an insult.

"You should never trample on a fallen foe, my good John," he said, calmly; "and you should never lose your temper with a woman. Mrs. Marsden has become sensible, I presume, or she would not be here. For the rest, it will surely be to her own interest to look after her own property, if only to save it from the despoiling touch of alteration and improvement. The Court is quite open to both."

She turned on him like a tigress.

"If you dare," she cried—"if you dare to touch a stone, or alter a room, to—"

His mocking laugh cut short her words. (To be continued.)

Never Touched Him.

"Pat" was assistant cook on one of the dining cars on the Great Western road running into St. Paul. He was obstinate and ill-tempered. The chef was equally so; and as a result, constant warfare waged between them.

One day last summer Pat was making ice cream, and in spite of the chef's warnings, insisted upon sitting in the doorway of the pantry while he turned the freezer.

The train, going up grade, made a sudden lurch, and Pat and his can of ice cream fell out of the door, as his superior officer had predicted.

Frankie with fright, the chef in his white cap and apron tore through the train, looking for the conductor.

"Mon Dieu, Monsieur Conducteur!" he cried, wringing his hands, when he found that person, "ze ice cream freez-zaire, he fall off, and Pat go wiz beam; stop ze trainway or we will haf pas dessert pour le diner. Trouble, trouble always wiz zat Irish man."

The conductor pulled the bell and stopped the train; but it had already gone two miles past the spot where Pat had rolled out.

They backed the train, fully expecting to find Pat's mangled body beside the track. Instead, they saw him, coming over the ties on a run, carrying on his back the ice cream freezer.

He climbed on the train, looking foolish, but all he ever said of his miraculous escape was, "De gosh, it jarred me some, it did that!"—Lippincott's Magazine.

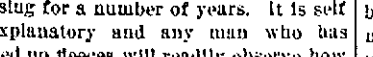
Lilliputian But Manly.

He was a tiny little fellow, surely not more than 5 years old, and as he called for his afternoon papers at the corner of 12th and Market streets many people gazed at him with mingled amusement and pity. He had long brown curls, wet with the drenching rain, and his shrill little voice had a baby lisp. A very stout, elderly woman apparently weighing close to 300 pounds, passed at the south side of Market street and looked askance at the miniature river of slush and water, and at the passing procession of wagons and trolley cars. The little newshy was quick to size up the situation. Running up to her he exclaimed: "Don't be afraid, lady, I'll help you across." Reaching up his tiny little hand he clutched her by the arm, and together the ridiculous pair threaded their way to the opposite curb. Then the stout woman opened her purse, gravely handed the little fellow a coin and disappeared into the Reading Terminal.—Philadelphia Record.



Wool-Tying Box.

Abner Roach of Wayne County, Ind., sends Iowa Homestead a sketch of a wool-tying box and table he has been using for a number of years. It is self explanatory and any man who has ded up fleeces will readily observe how it is operated. The illustration shows one of the end pieces partly elevated to show how it raises when the tying is being performed. The whole table can rest on a barrel or anything handy for that purpose, and a tie stick is



A WOOL-TYING BOX.

shown resting on one corner of the table which holds the slides up while tying is being done.

Value of Apple Pomace.

Apple pomace is usually held in light esteem. Many think it not worth the hauling. It is sometimes used as a fertilizer, occasionally as a feed for pigs or cows, but it frequently goes to waste behind the cider mill. A minor experiment made in 1889 at the Vermont Experiment Station indicated that its feeding value was about equal to that of good silage. Inasmuch as the methods of that test were open to criticism, it seemed worth while to repeat the trial upon a more extended scale. Accordingly several tons of pomace were obtained from a near-by cider mill and ensiled for preservation. The results secured were as follows: 1. From one to three per cent less milk and butter was made when the pomace was fed than when corn silage was eaten. 2. The cows gave somewhat better milk on pomace than on silage. The difference amounted to about 0.20 per cent. 3. From three to four per cent more product was made on the unit of dry matter of the pomace ration than that of the silage ration. There seemed to be no ill effects arising from the feeding of fifteen pounds or less daily. It is but fair to say, however, that the milk of these seven cows was merged with that of the entire herd. Had pomace been fed to the entire herd in these quantities, it might have affected the quality of the milk or the butter. The present experiment does not afford data upon this point. It is expected to make observations thereon during the coming year.—New England Farmer.

Grindstone Water Drip.

A grindstone water drip is convenient at this season when the stove is so much in use. Place it under a shady tree, mounted on a substantial, durable frame. Have a box cover just large enough to set over the upper half of the stone when not in use. A crank handle may be on one side the axle; a foot pedal on the other. For a water



drip, place a box on one end, as shown at b, and on it set a pail or keg, c. In the lower part of keg, bore a hole and insert a goose quill. A drip may be regulated by plugging the end of the quill with a small pine stick, that of the quill to slip easily in and out, as at a. By drawing the stick out sufficiently the drip of the water may be regulated to suit, while the grindstone is being turned either by hand or foot. The quill should extend out so water will drop on the center of the stone, low down, near to the box.—C. H. Potter in Farm and Home.

Varieties of Garden Plants.

In the year book for 1901, issued by the Department of Agriculture, it is stated that there were catalogued in 1900 no less than 685 nominal varieties of cabbage, 530 of lettuce, 500 of bush beans, 340 of sweet corn, 320 each of cucumbers and table beets, 255 of pole beans and almost as many others of other vegetables. Of course this includes many varieties which differ from others only by having the addition of a grower's name or some designation intended to be descriptive, as "Improved," "early," "late," "large," or other addition which is intended to show a difference from the others under the old name. The department lately issued as a bulletin "A List of American Peppers," which enumerates 124 varieties. Among so many how may one learn to choose the best? Undoubtedly many of them differ in name only, and perhaps some growers use more care in selecting the seed stock or in keeping varieties pure than do others, and by the use of their name may desire to gain a reputation, but the above list might well be divided by ten, and still show all the different types, and probably all really desirable varieties.—American Cultivator.

A Pearl of Great Price.

Some farmers' wives can make good butter once a week. It is the one that can make good butter every time the

tree that is a pearl of great price and worth her weight in gold or gilt-edged butter.

Summer Soil Cultivation.

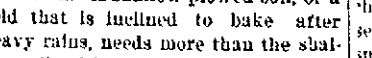
The method of summer soil cultivation for conserving the moisture in the soil brings results that are profitable. As a rule, such cultivation should be of the surface soil only, rarely more than two inches deep; but it should be remembered that this applies only to soils that have been well worked and plowed to a good depth before the seed was sown. A shallow plowed soil, or a field that is inclined to bake after heavy rains, needs more than the shallow soil cultivation, at least for a number of times after each rain. This plan may destroy some of the roots of the plants growing near the surface, but this is better than to permit the soil to remain hard for any considerable depth. Whenever the soil has been suddenly loosened after it has become hard, then the shallow cultivation should be put in practice again. On the other hand, as first stated, the deeper cultivation should not be done unless the condition of the soil requires it.

The Chinch Bug.

The Ohio Experiment Station reports that the chinch bug is especially fond of millet and shullar grasses, and where wheat fields are infested, it will be well to sow a narrow strip of millet between them and other crops. A strip of millet two or three yards wide may be sown by the side of the corn field next to infested wheat or oats, and when the bugs have taken possession of it the millet may be plowed under with a Joliter plow and the ground harrowed and rolled, thus burying the bugs. Another method is to plow a deep furrow across their tracks, as they travel from field to field; the bugs in this furrow will have difficulty in getting out, and may then be killed by sprinkling them with kerosene emulsion. This may also be used where the bugs have attacked the outer rows of corn, using a spray pump and throwing it with sufficient force to wash them off the corn.

Chairs Choice Peach.

One of the newer peaches of real promise is Chairs Choice, shown in the illustration from the Rural New Yorker. It is large and handsome, deep, rich yellow in color, with a red cheek, and appears to be a regular and abundant bearer. Chairs Choice is now being planted freely in many peach growing districts and is regarded by those who know it best as well adapted to follow the indispensable Elberta. It is a better and handsomer peach and does not conflict with it in season. The trees are generally vigorous and healthy.



Pasture for Growing Hogs.

On every farm there is usually a small piece of grass land which may be fenced at small expense, and if it can be shaded in some manner such a plot will be just the place for the growing pigs. A portion of an old orchard may often be fixed in the manner suggested, and the pigs will thrive in such a place. If the grass growth is scanty try the plan of cutting grass from other portions and throwing it to the pigs. Keep them mainly on the usual summer rations given when in the pen and furnish all the fresh clean water placed in such a manner that they cannot get into it and wallow. This plan is a simple one, and easily carried out, and will result in more thrifty pigs than if kept in the pens during the warm weather.

Charcoal for Poultry.

The value of charcoal must not be underestimated. It is of much help in keeping fowls in health and preventing looseness. Feed it powdered in the food two or three times a week. Chickens for market will fatten faster if fed charcoal, it has been found. Charcoal is not a medicine, strictly speaking. It is an absorbent and as such takes up the poisonous gases in the system and carries them off. It is practically harmless in any amount.

Protection Against Insects.

For the protection of melons, squash and cucumber vines against insects an excellent plan, for a small plot, is to cover the vines with mosquito netting. A cheap frame, made of lath, will serve well for supporting the netting. A few plants in a garden may be protected by looking them over carefully once a day, destroying the bugs by hand picking, and dropping them into a tin cup or other vessel containing kerosene.

Feeding Green Millet.

Green millet may be fed as freely as any green food. Millet hay that contains ripe or partly ripened seeds must be fed with care, especially to horses, as it has an injurious effect upon the kidneys. Millet is best sown broadcast; a drill puts it in too deeply. Success with millet depends on getting an even, quick germination, and for this is needed a shallow, finely prepared seed bed, moist enough and warm enough for germination.

A Point in Transplanting.

In transplanting such plants as the strawberry the fibrous roots should be spread out as much as possible, while the root of a taprooted plant, like cabbage, beet, etc., should be placed straight up and down and not bent upon itself.

Compliments, like Champagne, should be administered only in the evening.

—When Charley Was Away.



Stuff that Sticks.

The most dependable cement for china is pure white lead ground in linseed oil, so thick it will barely spread smoothly with a knife. Given time enough to harden, some three months, it makes a seam practically indestructible. The objection to it is that it always shows in a staring white line. A better cement for fine china is white of egg and plaster. Sift the plaster three times and tie a generous pinch of it loosely in mosquito netting. Then beat the egg until it will stick to the plaster. Have the broken edges very clean, cover both with the beaten egg, dust well with the plaster, fit together at once, tie, using rubber bands, if possible, wrap loosely in very soft tissue paper, and bury head and ears in a sand box, taking care that the break lies so that the sand will hold it together. Leave in the box twenty-four hours. After a week the superfluous plaster may be gently scraped away.

Baked Tapioca Pudding.

Soak a cup and a half of pearl tapioca two hours in a quart of rich milk, put it in a double boiler and cook until the tapioca looks clear, remove from the fire, stir into it two slightly heaping tablespoonsful of butter and a scant half cup of sugar. When cold add four eggs beaten light and flavor with vanilla, or the rind of a lemon grated and added when the tapioca is cooking. Butter a mould, sprinkle with dried bread crumbs, turn the mixture into it and bake. Turn out on a platter and serve hot with a foaming sauce.

Chicken with Almond Sauce.

Cut up a young chicken as for fricassee; fry a golden brown in hot lard. Put the chicken on a hot platter and make the sauce. Thicken one tablespoonful of the lard (in which the chicken was fried) with one tablespoonful of flour; when the flour is cooked, add one pint of cream, one tablespoonful of finely chopped parsley and one cupful of chopped blanched almonds. Let it boil for five minutes and pour around the chicken.

Calf's Brains Sauce.

Thoroughly wash and parboil the brains in water with one teaspoon vinegar fifteen minutes. Remove and skin. Break them up and mix with a fork to a paste with one beaten egg, pepper and salt. Have ready in a pan some hot butter, and carefully drop brains into the pan by the spoonful. Fry a delicate brown. Turn gently. Serve while hot.

Scraped Beef.

Remove all fat from one pound of tender lean beef and scrape to a pulp with a very sharp knife. Put into a saucepan with salt, pepper, and one tablespoon cold water, one tablespoon butter and two tablespoons cream. Cook one minute, string constantly, then stir in one tablespoon cracker dust and cook three minutes longer. Serve at once.

Escalloped Potatoes.

Bolt and mash the potatoes with a little salt, butter and milk. Melt two tablespoons butter and beat it in till light. Bake in patty-pans in a quick oven until brown. While hot, paint with butter and add a thick grating of cheese. The cheese may be omitted if preferred.

Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

An excellent wash for weak and inflamed eyes is made from camphor-water and witch hazel in equal parts. This is especially refreshing when inflammation proceeds from a cold. It should be applied to the eyes as a bath several times daily.

Kitchen Helps.

The silver will not rust if a lump of camphor is kept in the cutlery drawer.

Put worn-out pie tins in the sink cupboard and use them to set crockery kettles in.

Don't wipe out the coffee pot with the dishcloth. Don't let the breakfast grounds stand half a day.

When you are softening butter to make cake never allow it to melt. If you do the cake will be heavy.

To clean a kettle in which onions or other rank vegetables have been cooked, rub with a cloth dipped in hot, strong soda water then wash in soapy water.

All canned vegetables should be opened and set aside, if possible, out of doors, for some time, perhaps half an hour, before using. Thus the oxygen, removed in the process of canning, is restored to them, and with it much of the fresh taste.

Don't try to make puff paste on a warm day or in a hot kitchen. Better substitute something else for that particular course in your menu. Puff paste made where the butter softens under the most careful conditions will not be fit to eat.

To make cucumber mayonnaise sandwiches slice some cucumbers very thinly and have ready a little thick mayonnaise sauce, into which mix a little salmon paste. Dip each piece of cucumber in this and set between slices of bread and butter cut to its size.

To loosen a rusted screw try an application of vinegar. This will generally render its removal easy. Another plan is to heat the head of the screw by applying to it the tip of a red-hot poker. When the screw has cooled again it will be quite loose and easy to remove.

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUM & SUTOR.

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months.....75

Grand Rapids, Wis., July 9, 1902.

Change in Publication.

This week the Tribune is issued on Wednesday and hereafter the paper will be issued regularly on that day.

This change has been found necessary for several reasons, one of the principal of which is the fact that our advertisers have from time to time complained that when we issue on Friday evening there is not time for the paper to be delivered to farmers who live at a distance and trade in the city and generally make a practice of coming to town to do their shopping on Saturday. The consequence is that they are not able to read the ads before they come to town and the money spent for advertising is to a certain extent ineffective.

Another disadvantage is the fact that when a bundle of papers for a certain town happens to miss close connections the paper is not delivered to the subscriber until sometime Monday, three days after publication.

While we consider Thursday a better day than Wednesday on which to publish, the fact that there are already two papers in this city issued on that day, makes it impossible to come out on Thursday. The postmasters in the city have already about as much work as they can take care of with two papers to distribute on that one day, and for these reasons Wednesday has been selected.

Advertisers, correspondents and others having matter to be published are hereby notified of the change and advised to get their stuff in by Tuesday, in order to give time for the proper handling of the same, and while it may seem a trifle early in the week for a time, this will soon wear off and there is no doubt but the better service we are able to render our patrons will more than make up for the inconvenience.

"Good Morning Carrie."

The Elks had a great week at Oshkosh and their new catch phrase was a taking feature. The Oshkosh Northwestern says of it.

"Hello Bill" and "Good Morning, Carrie." Where could a more congenial combination be found? The "Hello Bill" of the Elks, a greeting that has been heard on every side during the present convention of the Wisconsin Elks' association in this city, has finally been given a companion. At a meeting last evening of the executive committee of the Wisconsin association it was decided that inasmuch as the greeting "Hello Bill" was distinctly an Elks' phrase and at all meetings of the Elks the members and their friends used this there should be some reply to go with it. Consequently the executive committee decided to adopt "Good Morning Carrie," as the reply, and the words of the popular song, being quite appropriate, promises to be as much in favor as "Hello Bill." It is agreed at this meeting of the committee that the delegates and brother Elks going to the national convention of the order from Wisconsin should take the reply "Good Morning, Carrie" with them and introduce it there in connection with "Hello Bill." Accordingly this will be done and is very small chances of its failing to catch on immediately. It will be of interest to note to what degree it becomes popularized among the Elks at the national meeting and to remember that it had its origin in Oshkosh.

Education That Pays.

In this day and age there is no education within the reach of young people of limited means that gives as quick and as great returns for the time and money invested as business education and it is safe to say that there is no other school that offers as great inducements to those desiring a practical education as the Toland Business Universities.

The advance sheets of the catalogue which Mr. Toland will issue in the interest of the Wisconsin Business University and his numerous other schools in Wisconsin, Minnesota and Iowa offers proof of superiority contained in no other business college catalogue. The catalogue will contain the portraits of hundreds of young people whom Mr. Toland has educated and sent to desirable positions, the unqualified commendations of business men who have employed them, and full information concerning courses of study, rates of tuition, etc.

To those desiring an education that will prepare them for the most difficult positions and insure lucrative and permanent employment, we cordially recommend Mr. Toland's schools. The catalogue will be off the press this week and will be sent postpaid to any person addressing F. J. Toland, La Cross, Wis.

Great Pan-American Shows

A circus would not be complete without a Menagerie, and no one knew this better than the Manager of the Great Pan-American Shows when they spent about a million dollars, depleting the jungles and forests of five continents for beasts rare and ferocious, strange and beautiful, to people their vast menagerie which is connected with their Monster Three-Ring Circus and Grand Hippodrome. Will be seen at Grand Rapids on July 16. Cage upon cage, and rows of them, filled with every strange and awful beast known to the zoographer. Chief among the amphibious, carnivorous, bi-horned, split-hoofed mammals is the terrible Bovalopus. There are Elephants, Camels, Dromedaries, Deer Bears, Lions, Tigers Leopards, Grizzlies, Serpents, Reptiles, and in a word, bird and beasts of every kind.

—Stops the cough and works off the cold. Laxative Bromo Quinine tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure no pay. Price 25 cents.

Great Dairy Country.

According to figures recently given out in a census department bulletin Wisconsin takes first rank as a dairying state of the Union. The number of establishments for the manufacture of butter, cheese and condensed milk in this state is 2,018, as against 1,458 in New York, our nearest competitor. Iowa is third with 967 factories. Moreover the growth in number has been greater and the percentage of growth almost as great as any in the country. Minnesota alone showing greater per cent of growth, while the number of new factories in that state is far below that of Wisconsin.

In capital employed and in value of product, New York stands first, the figures being as follows: New York capital, \$7,084,139; product, \$26,557,888. Wisconsin capital \$4,917,940; product \$20,147,120; Iowa, capital, \$3,033,128; product, \$15,846,077. This shows in the case of Wisconsin, a growth of about 300 per cent, since 1880, and in number of establishments about 100 per cent.—Stevens Point Journal.

New Teachers Engaged.

During the past week the school commissioners have engaged two more teachers toward filling the vacancies that exist in the city schools, they being, Miss Elizabeth von Briesen of Columbus, who will be assigned to the eastside high school, and Miss Margaret Sheridan of Necedah, who will teach in the grades.

Invitations have also been extended to Miss Nellie Guldager of LaCrosse and Wm. Webb of Lancaster. Should these accept this will about fill all the vacant positions.

Officers Elected.

The stockholders of the Jackson Milling company held a business meeting in this city on Tuesday, at which the following officers were elected: I. P. Witter, president. Guy Nash, secretary and treasurer. Among those from outside who were present at the meeting were J. O. Foxen, one of the stockholders, and Carl Hartel, manager of the company's interests at Amherst, and H. Pagel, manager of the company's interests at Stevens Point.

Don't Fail to Try This.

Whenever an honest trial is given to Electric Bitters for any trouble it is recommended for a permanent cure will surely be effected. It never fails to tone the stomach, regulate the kidneys and bowels, stimulate the liver, invigorate the nerves and purify the blood. It's a wonderful tonic for run-down systems. Electric Bitters positively cures Kidney and Liver Troubles, Stomach Disorders, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and expels Malaria. Satisfaction guaranteed by John E. Daly. Only 50 cents.

Unclaimed Letters.

West Side.

List of letters unclaimed in the west side postoffice, for the week ending July 7, 1902.

Brull, Carl; Merrill, F. Coal, Geo. Wescott, Chas. Knute, Peter (2).

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say "advertised."

R. A. McDONALD, Postmaster.

—Summer complaint is unusually prevalent among children this season. A well developed case in the writer's family was cured last week by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy—one of the best patent medicines manufactured and which is always kept on hand at the home of every family. This is not intended as a free pull for the company, who do not advertise with us, but to benefit little sufferers who may not be within easy access of a physician. No family should be without a bottle of this medicine in the house, especially in summer-time.—Lansing, Iowa, Journal. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co. and Wood County Drug Co.

Cranberry Meeting.

The date for the summer meeting of the State Cranberry Growers' association has been set for Tuesday, August 19th, to be held at the Gaynor marsh the same as usual. These summer meetings have become very popular of late years and it is probable that the coming meeting will not be any exception to the rule.

Married.

Ben Peterson and Miss Annie Nelson, both of the town of Sigel, were married in this city at one o'clock today, Rev. John Groenfeldt of the Norwegian Moravian church officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Peterson will make their home in Sigel, where both of the young people are well and favorably known.

To cure a Cold in one Day.

The Laxative Bromo Quinine tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Death from Scarlet Fever.

Lionel, the six year old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Austin, died today noon from scarlet fever, after a sickness of about a week. The parents have the sympathy of all in their sad affliction.

Pasture for Rent.

Eighty acres of good pasture in the northern part of the city. Charges reasonable. Inquire of D. D. Conway.

Summer Train Between Chicago and St. Louis.—On Saturday of each week a special train will leave New Lisbon on arrival of the Pioneer Limited train at New Lisbon, due at Grand Rapids at 2:45 a. m. reach St. Louis at 12:30 a. m. Returning on Sunday, reach Grand Rapids at 12:30 a. m. Monday, reach New Lisbon in time to catch the Pioneer Limited east. A special train will leave Grand Rapids at 8:25 a. m., Port Edwards, 8:30 a. m., Nokona, 8:45 a. m., July 13th, and returning will leave Kilbourn at 6:30 p. m. same date.

The Deils of Wisconsin.—The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. has arranged for a low rate excursion to Kilbourn to enable everyone to see the wonders of the Deils. The excursion tickets include steamer ride on the river. A special train will leave Grand Rapids at 8:25 a. m., Port Edwards, 8:30 a. m., Nokona, 8:45 a. m., July 13th, and returning will leave Kilbourn at 6:30 p. m. same date.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

Camping Up River.—Mr. and Mrs. William Scott are entertaining a party of campers up river, among whom are Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Lipke, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Harmon, Mrs. Beulah Biron and Miss Mabel Hamilton. These started out on Wednesday, but expect to be joined by others later in the week.

Play at Marshfield.—The ball team from this city goes to Marshfield on Sunday to play a game with the Marshfield team. The Maennerchor society hold a picnic that day and it is possible that one of the railroads may run an excursion up from here.

Some Hot Weather.—This section experienced its first really hot weather on Friday, Saturday and Sunday last, on which dates mercury hovered about the nineties much of the time. Coming, as it did, without any warning, it seemed all the more severe.

Dislocated an Arm.—Chris Thompson dislocated his right arm on the evening of the 3rd while scuffling with some companions. Dr. Waters fixed him up and outside of a painful hurt he will not suffer any inconvenience.

To Combine Schools.

State Superintendent Harvey has issued a circular in which he takes an advanced position on the subject of rural schools. He argues that it would result in a decided advantage if the schools were consolidated and transportation provided for the pupils, in order that they might easily go the greater distance required. In this way the schools would become larger and a smaller number of teachers would be required. The money thus saved would be expended for transportation and for an improved grade of work. Prof. Harvey has made a close study of the rural school problem and the plan he proposes, while working something of a revolution in the present system, would at the same time result in much practical good. Prof. Harvey is a wise leader on educational matters and his policy merits hearty indorsement.

Ludicrous Personal Possessions.

The possessions of some of the Indian Maharajahs are ludicrous and wonderful sometimes. There is one of the richest rajahs who has a passion for acquiring things in bulk, and during his visit to England he astonished some of the tradespeople by ordering whole showcases of jewels or silver, sometimes a whole trayful of tooth brushes or a windowful of various scented soaps. In art also his purchases were equally expensive, and on one occasion he was so charmed with a picture that he ordered it to be copied three times, so that he might have one hanging on each wall of his favorite room. But perhaps the most extraordinary order which was ever given or undertaken was that for two dressing bags, one the exact duplicate of the other, and each of such enormous size that the two together were a camel's load. They were made of the ordinary brown leather, but inside they were most luxuriously mounted, and they cost \$5,000 apiece.

Unintentional Alibi.

The following was told me the other day as a true story: During one of the hottest of the recent spells of hot weather a well-known baronet came across three workmen engaged on a job on his estate. One of them remarked, as workmen not infrequently do, on the dryness of the job. The heat had perhaps extended itself to the baronet's temper. At any rate, he turned away with the reply, "If you are thirsty, you know where the well is. You will find a pall there." Thinking over his remark a little later, it flashed across the baronet's mind that he had given orders for three bottles of champagne to be put into the pall and lowered into the well to cool for dinner. He hastened to the well and discovered—three empty bottles! What he said this time is not reported.—London Truth.

Austrian Invents an Armor.

The Austrian inventor, Herr Jan Szepanki, has invented an armor which looks as if it were made of silk meshes, and upon which the bullet of a revolver fired at five paces distance makes no impression. Herr Szepanki has sent one of the coats of armor as a present to the Emperor William. It weighed about four pounds.

Business Locals.

—Dr. F. S. Brace, Dentist. Office over Corvieve & Garrison's store, west side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

—Dr. W. D. Harvie, office over Johnson & Hill Co's store. Specialty of eye, ear, nose and throat.

—Dr. J. J. Looze Grand Rapids, office over Wood County Drug store, telephone No. 62. Residence telephone No. 246.

—Dr. A. L. Ridgman, Centralia. Office over Centralia Drug Store. Telephone No. 92. Telephone at residence, No. 23.

—F. Pomainville, M. D. Office in rear of Steib's drug store. Telephone at office, No. 35; residence, Centralia, No. 248.

—Dr. D. Waters, physician and surgeon. Office over Church's drug store, telephone 182. Night calls at Dixon House, telephone 55.

—Dr. Chas. Pomainville, Dentist. Office over J. A. Cohen's store, Grand Rapids, Wis. Telephone 216.

—For fine dental work, go to Dr. D. A. Telfer, office over Wood County National Bank, Grand Rapids.

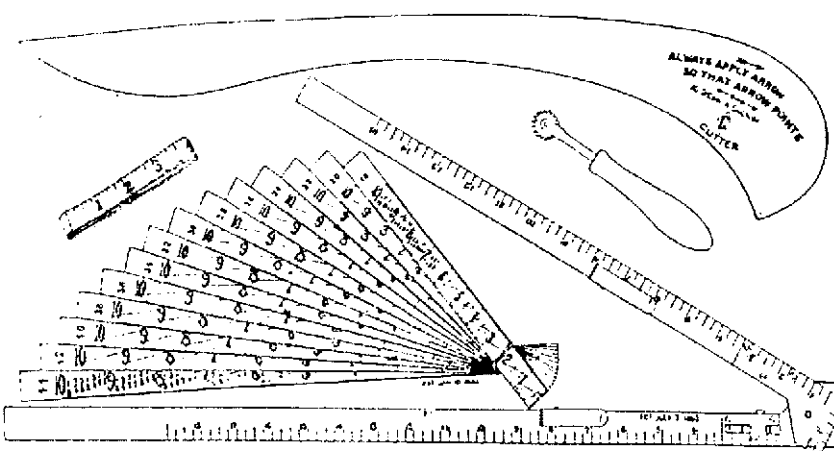
—Dr. F. D. Humphrey, homeopathic physician and surgeon, office over "White Front." Special attention given to women and children and all chronic diseases.

—A. B. Crawford, Dentist. Office in Reiland building, Grand Rapids. High grade service at reasonable fees.

—M. A. Bogoger funeral director and embalmer. Telephone number 348, residence 291. Calls attended day or night.

THE DIAMOND GARMENT CUTTER

System of Cutting taught in Adam's College of Dress Making and Ladies Tailoring, Pommainville Hall, Grand Rapids, Wis.



Address F. C. ADAMS, Grand Rapids, Wis., Telephone No. 137.

Chas. S. Whittlesey,

Real Estate, Insurance, Loans.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Office over Bank of Grand Rapids, West Side.

The following city property for sale at reasonable prices.

NO. 1. One lot with large modern house, west side, close to business part of city, west side.

NO. 2. One lot with good seven room house and good barn, close to ward school, west side.

NO. 3. New house, seven rooms, bathroom and good stone cellar, large barn, situated on French st., west side.

NO. 6. Three lots with large comfortable house and good barn thereon, close to North-western depot, west side.

NO. 7. One lot with excellent seven room house, two closets, good stone cellar, good washhouse in rear, close to court house, west side.

NO. 8. This house is a twin sister to No. 7, located in the same block. Either one is a bargain.

NO. 10. One big lot with large eight room, two story house thereon, good washhouse and fine well of water, near Catholic church, east side.

Come and see me before you buy elsewhere.

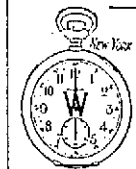
CHAS. S. WHITTLESEY.

GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

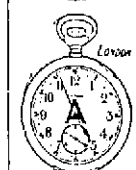
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OF WATCHES

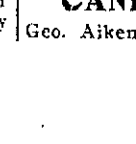
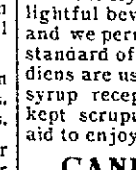
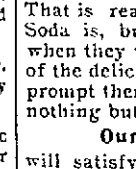
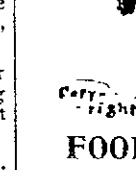
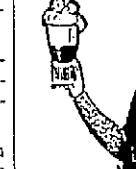
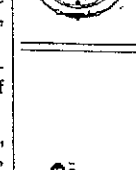
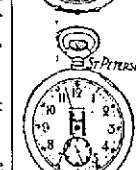
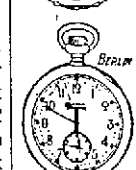
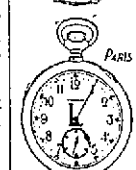
FOR THIRTY DAYS



Waltham Watches are carried all over the world. They are the best and best known watches.



Mechanical precision, perfect material and careful finish are the features that have made Waltham Watches the best in the world.



A. P. Hirzy.



FOOD AND DRINK

That is really what this Ice Cream Soda is, but no one thinks of that when they want some. Recollections of the delicious flavor of the last glass prompt them to come for more and nothing but

Our Ice Cream Soda will satisfy the craving. This delightful beverage has become famous and we permit nothing to lower the standard of quality. The best ingredients are used. Our fountain, glasses, syrup receptacles and counters are kept scrupulously clean. This is an aid to enjoyment.

CANDY KITCHEN,

Geo. Aiken's Proprietor, East Side.

WINCHESTER

FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS

"New Rival" "Leader" "Repeater"

If you are looking for reliable shotgun ammunition, the kind that shoots where you point your gun, buy Winchester Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells: "New Rival," loaded with Black powder; "Leader" and "Repeater," loaded with Smokeless. Insist upon having Winchester Factory Loaded Shells, and accept no others. ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

(First Publication 6-14-01)

Notice of Application.

Wood County Court—In Probate.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, ss.

County of Wood.

In the matter of the Estate of Henry Bates, deceased.

On this 14th day of June, A. D. 1902, upon reading and filing the petition of George Bates of Rudolph, Wood county, Wisconsin, stating that Henry Bates of the county of Wood, died intestate, on or about the 29 day of February, 1902, and praying that George Bates be appointed administrator of the estate of said deceased.

It is Ordered, That said application be heard before me, at the probate office in the city of Grand Rapids, on the 15th day of July, A. D. 1902 at ten o'clock a. m.

And it is further Ordered, That notice of the time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, previous to the time appointed for said hearing.

By the court, W. J. CONWAY, County Judge.

(First Publication 6-7-01)

Notice of Application.

Wood County Court—In Probate.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, ss.

County of Wood.

In the matter of the last Will and Testament of Stephen Jeffrey, deceased.

Whereas, An instrument, in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Stephen Jeffrey, deceased, late of the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin has been filed in this office; And whereas, Application has been made by John Jeffrey, praying that the same be proven and admitted to probate, according to the laws of this state, and that letters testamentary be granted thereon according to law;

It is Ordered, That said application be heard before me at the probate office, in the city of Grand Rapids, on the 15th day of July, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock, a. m.

And it is further Ordered, That notice of the time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, previous to said hearing.

Dated June 6th, 1902.

By the Court, W. J. CONWAY, County Judge.

(First Publication 4-28-01)

Claims of Creditors.

Wood County Court—In Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Jere D. Witter, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said Jere D. Witter, deceased, having been granted and issued to Emily L. Witter, Isaac P. Witter, and Ruth E. Mead, on the 22nd day of April, 1902, it is now at this special term of this court, Ordered, that all creditors of said Jere D. Witter, deceased, do present their claims for examination and allowance to this court on or before the 4th day of November, 1902, which time is hereby allowed and limited for that purpose.

Ordered Further, that the claims and demands of all persons against said deceased be presented to, received, examined and adjudged by this court at the regular November term thereof to be held at the probate office in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, on the 1st Tuesday, being the 4th day of November, 1902, and the second Tuesday being the 11th day of November, 1902.

And it is further ordered, That notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be received, examined and adjusted as aforesaid and of the time limited for creditors to present their claims, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice, for four successive weeks in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a weekly newspaper published at the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, the first publication to be within 15 days from the date of the order.

Dated April 22, 1902.

By the Court, W. J. CONWAY, County Judge.

Expert Paper Hanger and Decorator.

Exterior and Interior Painting.

F. M. RYDER,

Agent for the Chicago and Pittsburg Wall Paper Company.

Beautiful samples of wall paper in all the latest designs can be seen at L. Kroner & Son's fruit store where orders can be left. Telephone 124. All work guaranteed first class.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

Abstracts of Title, Real Estate and Loans.

NO. 1. Five lots, together with house, barn and wagon shed in Lyon's addition. House—april 1828, 14-foot posts; wing 1816; another 1829, both 10-foot posts; six rooms and 8-foot square hall; finished throughout; stone foundation and good cellar. House insured for \$2000 barn for \$500. This is a deeded bargain at \$1,425 and will be sold as a whole or in parts.

NO. 2. Two nice lots in Scott & Witter's addition and a well finished one story, five room house with stone foundation. House and two lots, \$1,300. One lot, \$275.00.

NO. 3. Two lots, each 68x132 feet, in Harris addition. House 28x50, 16-foot posts; nine rooms, six rooms down stairs; dining room and kitchen have hard-wood floors; parlor and bedroom finished in oil; electric lights. This is a deeded bargain at \$1,425 and will be sold as a whole or in parts.

NO. 4. One acre of ground on west side with a good 12x16, five room house at \$800.

NO. 5. One acre on west side with a good 12x16, four room house, barn and wagon shed. \$800.00.

NO. 6. A whole or in part, six large lots, together with a seven room house and a good barn, conveniently located on the west side.

For information regarding these and other places listed on either side of the river inquire of

C. E. BOLES,

TELEPHONE 232.

Office in MacKinnon Block, West End of Bridge

WOOD CO. NATIONAL BANK.

Grand Rapids, Wis.

CAPITAL \$50,000. SURPLUS \$23,000.

F. GARRISON, President. L. M. ALEXANDER, Vice Pres. E. J. WOOD, Cashier. COMMENCED BUSINESS NOVEMBER 1, 1891.

DIRECTORS: F. GARRISON, L. M. ALEXANDER, THOS. E. NASH, E. ROENIUS, F. J. WOOD.

Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent.

All business connected with banking is earnestly solicited, and we promise prompt and careful attention to every detail. Interest paid on time deposits.

A. S. ROBINSON,

Carpenter and Millwright.

Silo Building a Specialty.

All work guaranteed. Orders left for me at J. F. Moore's will receive prompt attention. Correspondence Solicited.

Patronize Home Industry

by having your work done at the Riverside Steam Laundry.

All work guaranteed.

GEORGE BOYER, PROP.

West Side, Near Commercial House.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Lloyd Moore spent Sunday at Wausau on business.

C. E. Hewitt of Plainfield transacted business here on Monday.

Atty. S. A. Corning of Plainfield is a business visitor in the city today.

S. N. Whittlesey of Cranmoor was in the city on Monday on business.

Larry Ward of Babcock was a business visitor in the city on Tuesday.

Miss Nellie Young of Nekoosa visited friends in the city on Tuesday.

A boy baby arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Menier on Monday.

Merchant Wm. Downing of Dexterville was a visitor in this city yesterday.

Mayor L. E. Colvin and E. W. Ring of Pittsville were in the city on Tuesday.

Wm. Ristow is engaged in erecting a new barn on his place on the west side.

John Collins of Portage was in this city over the Fourth the guest of friends.

H. S. Youker, our new city superintendent, was in the city Saturday and Sunday.

James K. P. Hiles of Dexterville was a business visitor in the city on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brazeau of Nekoosa were visitors in the city on Monday.

Miss Nellie Vincent is assisting Taylor & Scott in the abstract business now.

Charles E. Boles has been confined to the house by sickness during the past week.

Mrs. A. E. Gurdy of Port Edwards was the guest of friends in the city on Monday.

Wilbur Keltner has returned to Wausau, where he is attending business college.

Lonis Schenock and son Ray spent the Fourth at Junction City visiting with friends.

A. L. Fontaine was a business visitor at Madison on Saturday, returning home on Sunday.

Mrs. John A. Gaynor was a Stevens Point visitor on Thursday, being the guest of friends.

The Mission Band will meet with Miss Nellie Oberbeck Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

A. H. Barr was down from Merrill to spend the glorious 4th with his family in this city.

—John Dengler's Capital for 5 cents is a gentleman's smoke.

Bartholomew Gaffney has been appointed postmaster at Arpin, vice J. Z. Arpin, resigned.

The family of Saul Preston is in quarantine this week on account of a case of scarlet fever.

Charles Johnson of Marshfield was visiting friends in the city a few days during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Hutchinson of Necedah were visitors in this city a short time on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Brooks and Miss Maud Howland of Tomahawk were in the city on Monday.

—Smoke the Winneschek cigar. The best ten cent smoke on earth.

Miss Fanny Reitz of Wausau visited friends in the city over Sunday returning home on Monday.

Simon Joostin, one of the solid farmers of Rudolph, was among the Tribune callers on Saturday.

L. Kroner celebrated his 77th birthday on the 4th of July by entertaining a few of his relatives at dinner.

Rev. B. J. H. Shaw and family expect to move into their new home on the west side of the river this week.

Mrs. E. B. Brundage entertained a party of friends on Tuesday evening in honor of Miss Venita Warner.

George Lebreche was down from Wausau on the Fourth to spend the day with his friends and relatives.

—Go to G. Bruderli for fine shoe repairing. Also make to order all grades of footwear.

Misses Olga and Alma Anderson of Marshfield were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Bell, jr., on the Fourth of July.

Kenneth and Leslie Smith of Beloit are here to spend the summer with their grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. Denis.

Mrs. Dora Wood left today on a two weeks' vacation. She expects to visit at several different places before her return.

Mrs. August Sutor and son Raymond of Marshfield were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Laramie over Sunday.

Frank E. Carey was in the city the past week visiting with his parents and other friends. He left again this morning.

Miss Clara Silber, formerly of this city but now of Milwaukee, has been visiting friends about town during the past week.

The Epworth League entertained a party at the Methodist church parlors on Monday night in honor of Mrs. Fred Warner.

Miss Bessie Gaynor, who is now in the library at Wausau, was home to spend Friday, Saturday and Sunday with her parents.

Miss Julia Collier returned on Friday from Pestigo, where she has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Pat Love for some time past.

Mr. and Mrs. A. U. Marvin and Mrs. Marvin's sister, Miss Gillett, of Nekoosa spent the Fourth in this city the guest of friends.

Albert Crawford who is now located at Wautoma came up Thursday to spend the time until Monday with his parents in this city.

Miss Cora Bennett of New London was the guest of Miss Matilda Bunge last week.

W. D. Compton made a business trip to Waupaca on Monday, returning on Tuesday.

Ed Hayes was at Junction City last Thursday to attend the funeral of his old friend, Sam Carson.

Miss Amy Cahill, who has spent the past five weeks visiting at Rhinelander, returned home on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Richards of Arbor Vitae were the guests of Mrs. M. Dougherty over the Fourth.

Miss Susie McCutcheon of Thorp is the guest of Miss Caroline Garrison, expecting to spend two or three weeks here.

Miss Laura Reeves left last week for Chicago where she will attend the summer school of music at the Northwestern university.

—Don't let the flies eat your horse up this kind of weather. Go to J. H. Landry, near the bridge, and fit him out with a nice fly net.

A Washington dispatch last week stated that W. E. Gardner had been granted a pension of \$17 and Patrick Smith increase to \$14.

Arthur Bielefeld of Chicago arrived in the city Saturday and intends to spend a few weeks with his friend Geo. Krieger, the bicycle man.

Jake Morf of Dexterville was in the city to spend the Fourth. Before returning home he favored the Tribune office with a pleasant call.

Miss Minnie Dawson, who has been the guest of Miss Maud Akey during the past two weeks, returned to her home at Tomahawk today.

Miss Florence Docha of Stevens Point, who visited Miss Aurelia Bandelin for several days the past week, returned home on Monday.

Phil Ward is gradually improving in condition and his relatives and friends have hopes now of seeing him about again in the course of time.

—Wanted: At least one hundred and fifty young men and women to send for a free catalogue of the Stevens Point Business College.

Warren Morey, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Kellogg during a week, left for his home at Almond on Monday.

Frank Rapp, who was formerly employed by Kruger & Cameron, but who is now traveling on the road, visited friends in the city on Sunday.

Attorney George L. Williams of Milwaukee was in the city over Sunday, having come up from the Cream city on some business matters.

Mrs. Fred Warner of Appleton, who has been the guest of Mrs. E. H. Stoddard for some time past, expects to leave for home on Saturday.

Nate Harris of Watersmeet, Mich., who formerly lived here and is well known to the older residents is in the city this week visiting friends.

A. E. Patch, who has been visiting with friends at Minneapolis and other points during the past three weeks, returned to this city on Monday.

Charles Kruger, of the firm of Johnson & Hill company, left last night for Rhinelander expecting to be absent a couple of days on business.

Miss Effie Goggins has accepted a position with the Centralia Hardware company as cashier and bookkeeper, during the absence of Miss Nash.

Mrs. Catherine Townsend of Waupaca arrived in the city on Tuesday and expects to spend the summer here visiting with relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bissig of City Point were in the city Friday and Saturday, having come in to celebrate the Fourth. The Tribune acknowledges a pleasant call from Mr. Bissig.

—Here is your chance to get books cheap. Johnson & Hill Co. are holding a sale. Big cut on all books.

W. H. Fitch, secretary of the Wisconsin State Cranberry growers association of Cranmoor, was in the city on Friday and Saturday on business.

Wm. Kellogg, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Kellogg, has been confined to his home the past week with scarlet fever, but is somewhat better at this writing.

Mrs. R. T. Doud of Winona has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Muir during the past week. Mr. Doud was also here over the Fourth to visit friends.

Herman Kruger, who is now employed by the St. Paul road at Green Bay, spent the latter part of last week in this city visiting with friends and relatives.

—Money to loan. C. E. Boles.

The short waist man is getting to be the proper thing. Most any part in a storm and the man who will take to shirt waists in hot weather is hardly to be blamed.

James Tallant of Marshfield was in the city to spend the Fourth. Mr. Tallant is an aspirant to the nomination for sheriff on the democratic ticket this fall.

—Novels, boys and girls books, copyright editions, all going at a great cut at Johnson & Hill Co., drug department.

Henry Fisher, formerly of this place but now of Waupaca, arrived in the city last Thursday and visited friends and relatives here until the following Monday.

A party of young people are holding a picnic down river today and as they started out with the firm determination of having a good time there is no doubt of the outcome.

J. H. Tearan and wife of Marshfield were in the city on Tuesday. Mr. Tearan represents the Farvell company of Chicago and Mrs. Tearan is accompanying him on a trip.

—When you wake up with a bad taste in your mouth, go at once to Johnson & Hill Co.'s or Wood County Drug store and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. One or two doses will make you well. They also cure biliousness, sick headache and constipation.

Emil Schmitt has accepted a situation as salesman with Kruger & Cameron, and will commence on the discharge of his duties on Monday morning.

Judge Webb will open court tomorrow, there being a number of cases waiting for him to hear, suits that were brought here from other counties.

Charles E. Lester is up from the cranberry marsh today and reports his crop to be looking finely. In fact, if nothing occurs he expects one of the largest crops for years.

The Rev. Shaw's subject next Sunday morning at First Congregational church will be "Brooks by the Way." There will be no Sunday evening service during July and August.

—Don't be persuaded into taking something said to be "just as good" as Madison Medicine Co.'s Rocky Mountain Tea. There is nothing like it. 35 cts., no more no less. Johnson & Hill Co.

Duke Clairmont, who for several years past has been employed by Corriveau & Garrison, is now engaged as salesman in the grocery department of Johnson & Hill company's store.

Arthur Rintleman, who has been visiting his parents at Mukwonago during the past two weeks, returned to this city on Monday, and reports having spent a very enjoyable vacation.

Wilbur Briere, who has been stationed about eight miles from Rice Lake during the past two months, arrived in the city on Monday to visit his relatives and friends for a short time.

Miss Edith Rablin left on Saturday for Madison where she will attend summer school of librarians. Miss H. D. Gorton of Racine is taking her place in the library during her absence.

The W. C. T. U. will hold a reception in the parlors of the M. E. church on Tuesday evening, July 15 for the honorary members. All interested in temperance are cordially invited to be present.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Freund left on Tuesday for a two weeks' visit with relatives and friends at Appleton and Green Bay. Mr. Freund is employed as bookkeeper for the Northern Paper company.

Ed Nelson, who has been in the Johnson & Hill store for some time past, has resigned his position and left for his home at Necedah on Monday. He expects to leave for the west soon.

—I have on hand repairs for the Plano mowers, reapers and rakes which I will sell at prices slightly in advance of first cost. New machines procured on very short notice. A. S. Robinson.

—Johnson & Hill Co. are rapidly disposing of their entire stock of bicycles at a figure that is a revelation to all. Look them over. Drug department.

Mrs. C. E. Layigne of Washington, D. C., arrived in the city on Saturday to visit her father, Jasper Crotteau, and other relatives. Mr. Layigne is also expected here in the near future for a visit.

Mrs. W. M. Plunkett of New Lisbon is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James McLaughlin for a few days. Mrs. Plunkett is on her way home from a fishing trip and reports a fine time and lots of fish.

The eight-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Mogger has been very sick with scarlet fever during the past week, and there have been times when it was feared that the little fellow would not recover.

Rev. D. C. Helmich, who has had charge of the German Moravian church in this city for some time past has accepted a call from Freedom, Wis., where he will take charge of a Moravian congregation.

—Bicycles below cost at Johnson & Hill company's drug department until the stock is cleaned out. We intend to get rid of the last one if we have to give it away, as we do not intend to handle them hereafter.

Miss May Coulthart, who is employed as stenographer by the F. Mackinnon Manufacturing company, leaves this week for a week's vacation, part of which she will spend with relatives at Stevens Point.

One of the plate glass windows in Will Gross' store was broken on the night of the 3d instant by the explosion of a giant cracker. The party who threw the cracker subsequently settled for the damage done.

Charles Norton, who is employed in the Johnson & Hill drug department, has been carrying his thumb in a bandage since the Fourth as the result of having held onto a large fire-cracker just a trifle too long.

—Bicycles have been moving fast since we started our sale, but we have a few left. Come and pick out the one you want and take it at your own price. Johnson & Hill Co.

Sam Moberg who has been stationed at Cowsenville, Iowa, for some time past, engaged in doing bridge work for the St. Paul railroad company, has been in this city the past week visiting his friends and relatives.

Sam Carson, one of the old settlers of this section, died at Junction City last week and was buried on Thursday last. Mr. Carson was 90 years old and the town of Carson in Portage county was named after him many years ago.

—Rounds out the hollow places: smooths out licks that creep about one's face; woos roses back to faded cheeks. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cts. Johnson & Hill Co.

Henry Johnson, who has been employed in the clothing store of Kruger & Cameron, has resigned his position, same to take effect on Saturday night. Mr. Johnson expects to go to Minneapolis and later may leave for the west.

H. A. House of Larimour, N. D., has been in the city the past week visiting with friends. Mr. House formerly resided here, but has been at Larimour for some time past where he is employed by the Great Northern Railroad company.

Curtis Croteau writes the Tribune from Merrill that he is no longer in the hotel business but is now engaged in conducting a sample room at 248 south Foster street, and invites his Grand Rapids friends to call on him when in Merrill.

Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Conway and children returned from Madison on Sunday morning where Mrs. Conway had been visiting her relatives during the past two weeks. Mr. Conway went down last Thursday and spent the Fourth with them.

J. P. Willard, agent at the Northwestern depot in this city, was called to Chicago on Monday by the company on account of the strike among freight handlers in the Windy city. During Mr. Willard's absence J. G. Leonard will act as agent here.

—One big load of dry kindling wood delivered to any part of the city for \$1.25. BADGER BOX & LUMBER CO., Telephone No. 314.

Merrill Advocate: Mrs. Alex Mindak and children departed last evening for Grand Rapids, where Mr. Mindak is at work for the Badger Lumber Co. The Advocate regrets these good people going away from Merrill but wishes them all the good things of life.

A party consisting of I. E. Phillee, W. H. Reeves, W. F. Kellogg, A. M. Muir, R. T. Doud, Geo. W. Baker, C. F. Kellogg and E. S. Kenne spent Sunday at the club house of the Crooked Rift Rod and Reel club, engaged in fishing and otherwise amusing themselves.

Miss Alice Nash leaves today for Tomahawk and other points in the state to visit with relatives, after which she goes to Tacoma, Washington, where she will visit her sister Marguerite during the summer, expecting to return to this city in the autumn.

—When you awake in the morning feeling like the end of a misspent life, your mouth full of fire and your soul full of regrets, take Rocky Mountain Tea. Great Medicine. Johnson & Hill Co.

A. F. Roach of Nekoosa expects to open up a jewelry store in this city in the near future. Mr. Roach is well known to quite a number of our people, having been in business at Nekoosa about four years ago. He is a son-in-law of our townsman J. B. Grignon.

Ex-governor W. H. Upham of Marshfield was a business visitor in this city on Tuesday. He came here for the purpose of examining our electric plant with a view to making similar improvements at Marshfield. He was very favorably impressed by our plant.

Oswald Menzel is engaged in taking the school census in this city. Quite a curiosity exists among the people to know how this comes out as it is customary to figure out the population from the school census, and later discover that it has been over estimated about 20 per cent.

Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Kyski formerly of this city, but now of Chicago, are in the city this week, being called here by the serious illness of Mrs. Kyski's father, Charles Wasser. Mrs. Gus Larson also of Chicago, another daughter of Mr. Wasser, is also here in attendance upon her father.

—Get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets at Johnson & Hill Co.'s or Wood County drug store. They are easier to take and more pleasant in effect than pills. Then their use is not followed by constipation as is often the case with pills. Regular size, 25c. per box.

Attorney George H. Metcalfe expects his family to arrive in this city on Saturday, when he will go to housekeeping. Mr. Metcalfe has rented a house from Mrs. Lefebvre, which, though small, is all he is able to procure at the present time, dwelling houses being as scarce as the proverbial hen's teeth.

—The Stevens Point Business College is proud of the fact that during the past year they had chances to place more than twice as many persons in good positions as they had graduates. If you wish to better your conditions, send for a free catalog, addressing the principal, W. F. Allen, Stevens Point, Wis.

Misses Clara and Maggie Hamm, who are employed in the store of the Heineman Mercantile company, are visiting friends and relatives at Appleton and Milwaukee, expecting to be absent two or three weeks. Frank Rourke and Miss Isabelle Marshall are attending to the accounts in the store during their absence.

Paul W. Mau, whose parents reside in the town of Rudolph, was in the city on Tuesday on his way home. Mr. Mau has spent the past three years in the 3rd U. S. Cavalry. He stated that he had got his fill of soldiering in that part of the universe, and was content to live a private citizen hereafter.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Neinstedt of Clarinda, Ia., and Dr. and Mrs. George Neinstedt of South Bend, Indiana, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Arpin in this city. From here they expect to go to Hazelhurst to visit with Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Tibbits. Mrs. Devo of New York was also a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Arpin last week.

A pleasant surprise was sprung on Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Robinson by a number of their neighbors on Sunday. The occasion was Mr. and Mrs. Robinson's birthday, both of which fall on the sixth of July. Mr. Robinson being 66 years of age and Mrs. Robinson 64. A very enjoyable afternoon was spent in social intercourse by those present, and they departed for home wishing Mr. and Mrs. Robinson many happy returns of the day.

He criticized her pudding and he criticized her cake; he wished she'd make the biscuits his mother used to make; she didn't wash the dishes and she didn't make the stew, and she didn't mend his stockings as his mother used to do. Oh, well, she wasn't perfect, but she tried to do her best; until at length she thought it time for her to take a rest. So when one day this had grown and whined the whole day through and whined him up and fanned his pants—as his mother used to do.

People who are Particular

What They Eat always insist upon having Dewey, Victoria or Sunbeam Flour. Bread made from it retains all the elements of the wheat that goes to make brain and strength and has a delicious wheat flavor that is all its own. Sold by all grocers. If not at yours, write the mill.

Grand Rapids Milling Co.

BOOK SALE

BEGINNING JULY 7

—And Continuing For—

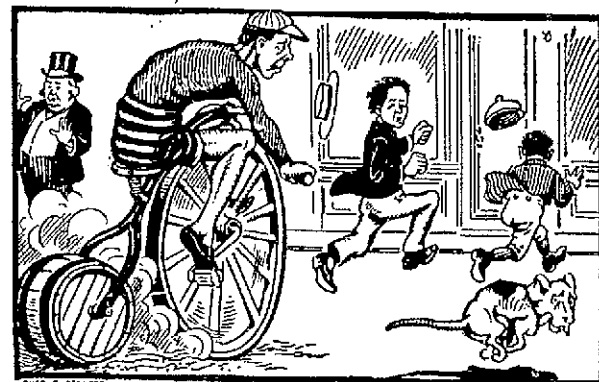
TEN DAYS

We will give a sweeping price on all books. Our stock includes a large variety of standard books. Books for boys and girls, novels, etc. Also regular copyright editions. Now is the chance to obtain your summer reading cheap.

We still have left a few High Grade Bicycles

Of different makes that we are selling Cheap. We are closing out the entire stock and have been selling them at almost any price in order to get rid of them. You had better look over what there are left and if you need a wheel you may find what you want.

JOHNSON & HILL CO., DRUG DEPARTMENT.



Little Willie's New Bike

Scares the stuffing out of everybody in the neighborhood. That's where Willie's Bike is different from our prices—they are so reasonable they wouldn't scare anybody. Seriously, neighbors, if you want a few boards for fixing up about the place, or a regular bill of material for a nice new house, we are in position to name you the lowest prices going.—As for our lumber, there is no better to be had at any price.

KELLOGG BROS. LUMBER CO., —YARDS AT—

East Grand Rapids, West Grand Rapids, Nekoosa.

SWEPT BY SEVERE STORM.

Pewaukee Lake and Surrounding Country are Visited.

PAVILLION DESTROYED.

Cries for Help Heard from Lake During the Storm, but No Loss of Life Reported.

Pewaukee, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Everywhere are evidences of the destructive force of the storm which raged here last night. The road in many places is obstructed by huge trees and brush, while deep gullies were washed in the road by the water. During the night the lake rose four inches and today continues to raise as the flood comes in from the hills and marshes. No loss of life has been reported this far, though it will be impossible to tell just what the extent of the damage is to life and property for several days.

The large new barn of Thomas Wood was blown down and some cattle injured. Along the lake shore are numerous rowboats with oars and fishing tackle, which shows that their recent occupants must have had a narrow escape. At Bellevue five men were in boats 200 yards from the shore when the storm struck them. Their boats were capsized, but all managed to reach the shore after a hard fight.

At Rocky point the Aspirant was blown off its cradle and damaged somewhat. The damage at the beach was exaggerated and only the pavilion was wrecked.

Three men and two ladies were out in the storm and landed at Waukesha Beach nearly dead with fright and exhausted.

Repeated cries for help were heard by people at Pewaukee and Bellevue, but as far as could be ascertained nobody was drowned.

Two Children Reported Killed.

Hartland, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—The worst wind and rain storm in many years visited this section last evening. Farms, windmills, chimneys, etc., were blown down and great havoc was wrought to fruit and forest trees. Grain and hay fields were lodged flat and the ruin is very great, especially to the out-crop.

On the Crouch farm, north of town, a large barn was completely wrecked and carried in every direction.

A barn on the farm of Peter Johnson, east of the village, was lifted from its foundation and carried some distance. In the village the roof of H. Baus' house was blown in.

At Merton similar damage resulted to barns and crops and it is reported that two children of George Mandler were killed.

The wind was terrific and forced the rain through the eaves of the most substantially built houses. Floors and cellars were flooded.

Church Steeple Blown Down.

Menomonee Falls, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—The 70-foot steeple of the German Evangelical Church here was blown down last evening at 9 o'clock, just a few minutes after the services of the evening had closed, by the terrific wind storm that passed over this vicinity, accompanied by rain and hail. The damage done the church and furniture will probably amount to \$1000. The property was insured in the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of the Wisconsin Conference of the Evangelical Association for \$2500.

Great damage was done in the village and surrounding country in the blowing down of shade trees, fences, chimneys, orchards. Grain of all kinds is flat on the ground and ruined to a large extent. The storm was the worst that ever struck Menomonee Falls in the memory of the oldest inhabitants.

Racine Woman Struck by Lightning.

Racine, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. Andrew Olson, aged 28 years, of this city had a miraculous escape from death shortly after midnight this morning. A bolt of lightning struck the house and entered the room in which Mr. and Mrs. Olson were sleeping. Mrs. Olson was struck on the left side by the bolt and the entire side was paralyzed by the blow. The husband escaped uninjured. Several doctors were summoned and after working over the woman all night succeeded in restoring her to consciousness this morning. The house was damaged to the extent of \$300 by the fire which was started by the bolt.

The storm which raged here last night caused considerable damage. The tracks of the electric road, between here and Milwaukee, were washed out at several places delaying the traffic for some time.

Bolt Strikes Janesville Church.

Janesville, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—One of the severest electrical and rain storms of the season broke over this city and surrounding country last evening and when it had ceased at midnight, it had left considerable damage behind. The rain was accompanied by a bad thunder and lightning display and during the storm the tower on the St. Patrick's Church was struck by a bolt. The spire was set afire and the fire department had to be called to extinguish the blaze.

Phillips Tannery Wrecked.

Phillips, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Saturday evening about 7 o'clock a tornado passed about a mile north of this city. It first struck the G. P. Miller Lumber Company plant, carrying the office building a distance of 100 feet and scattering lumber in all directions, but doing very little damage to the sawmill. It next struck the Phillips tannery, blowing down the large smokestacks and three of their large chimneys, and scattering hundreds of cords of bark. One man was slightly hurt. The rain fell in torrents while the tornado lasted. The loss will be heavy.

Lake Mills Visited by Storm.

Lake Mills, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Last night about 7 o'clock a severe thunder storm accompanied by a wind storm visited this place. An unprecedented downpour of over two inches in an hour was recorded. Lightning struck in several places.

Fish Hatches Damaged.

Payfield, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—The state fish hatchery located here has been badly damaged by the recent heavy rain and thunder storms. The fish ponds have all been flooded.

Bad Storm at Hudson.

Hudson, Wis., July 7.—A terrific rain storm swept over this place on Saturday night, doing considerable damage by flooding cellars and ruining crops.

TRIES TO END LIFE.

Isaac Basting of Lannon Attempts Suicide After Quarrel with Sweetheart.

Lannon, Wis., July 7.—Isaac Basting, after a quarrel with his sweetheart, in which he is said to have struck the girl and to have knocked out several of her teeth, tried to end his life by cutting his throat with a razor. The man thought he had killed his sweetheart, and consequently tried to end his life.

SHOOTS WOMAN WHO REFUSES TO MARRY HIM.

Waterstown Man Attempts Double Marriage When Widow Refuses to Wed—Both Recover.

Waterstown, Wis., July 7.—Because Mrs. J. Schwartz, a widow residing in this city refused to marry P. H. Fender the latter shot the woman twice and then tried to poison himself. Doctors were immediately summoned and both persons will live. The exact cause for the tragedy is not known, but it is understood that Fender has been very anxious to marry Mrs. Schwartz and that he was very jealous of her. After the shooting Fender went to his boarding house, where he was found soon afterward by Marshall Holmes.

WEST SUPERIOR ASKS TAXES FROM BREWERS.

Outside Dealers Will Be Required to Pay \$500 License Fee to Do Business.

West Superior, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—"Pay Up or Get Out." That is the ultimatum quietly given to the outside breweries operating in the city by Mayor O'Hare last week. The mayor said nothing about the matter, but told each agent of a brewing concern that he must pay into the city the regular \$500 license fee for saloons and liquor establishments by tomorrow or quit the business in this city. It is expected that there will be one or two quit the business, some will fight the proposition, while others will pay up. There are nine or ten Milwaukee, La Crosse, St. Louis, Duluth and other outside brewing firms operating in the city, and should they all pay it means in the neighborhood of \$5000 to the city. However, it is not expected that all will pay but that on the contrary there will be something of a fight on the part of some of the men representing the brewers.

GREEN BAY FLOODED. WITH BAD MONEY.

Counterfeit Dollars are Abundant in the Towns of Brown County—Suspects Being Watched.

Green Bay, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Counterfeit silver dollars have been circulating in farming towns in the vicinity of Green Bay within the last few days. The design of the counterfeit dollars is almost perfect, but otherwise the coins are a very crude imitation. Some of the dollars are made of lead unalloyed. Others are cast of an alloy of lead and silver and have the ring that is found in the real article. There is a roughness in the surface of the counterfeit coin that is easily noticed. District attorney Cady has received numerous complaints of the workings of the counterfeiters, but probably will take no action beyond reporting the matter to the treasury department for investigation. In two instances the counterfeit money was passed at night-time celebrations of the Fourth of July in country places. F. Wittig took in twenty-three of the dollars and Joseph Watram of Hebel's Corners took in fifty-two of the dollars.

QUEER FREAK OF LIGHTNING.

Peculiar Accident Happens to Andrew Wedlake of Dodgeville.

Dodgeville, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—A very peculiar accident happened to Andrew Wedlake, three miles from this city, last week. While he was unloading his team at his home, lightning struck a steel windmill near where Mr. Wedlake was and threw him a distance of sixteen feet upon a pile of wood. A black mark is left on his breast where the lightning struck him, and with the exception of a little pain he is not injured. It is considered a miracle how he escaped death. One of the horses was knocked down.

THIEF RETURNS WATCHES.

Madison Chief of Police Receives Time Pieces by Mail.

Madison, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Chief of Police H. C. Baker received in his mail this morning two gold watches directed simply to the chief of police. They proved to be part of the proceeds of the burglary of Prof. C. A. Van Velsor's home on West Gorham street Saturday night. Four watches and some jewelry were taken. Two of the watches were marked and the thief was wise to try to dispose of them. He put them in an envelope directed to the chief and dropped them in a mail box.

KENOSHA WOMAN MISSING.

Friends of Mollie Richards Think She Has Met with Foul Play.

Kenosha, Wis., July 7.—Miss Mollie Richards, a young woman 18 years of age, is missing from her home and the local police have been unable to find any trace of her. The young girl's friends think she has met with foul play. Miss Richards left here a week ago Saturday to join her father in Cincinnati, but she has failed to reach her destination thus far.

BOY DROWNS IN RESERVOIR.

Eau Claire Woman Finds Child's Hat Floating in the Basin.

Eau Claire, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Robert Glomski, an 8-year-old boy, fell into a large reservoir yesterday afternoon and was drowned. His mother had come out to call the boy to dinner and saw his hat floating on the surface of the water. She suspected that the child had been drowned and when the place was drained the body of the boy was recovered.

DIES FROM HIS WOUNDS.

Prairie du Chien Man Dies from Injuries Received in Fight.

Prairie du Chien, Wis., July 7.—John Wilson, who was found with two holes in his head on July 4, died on Saturday evening from the effects of the injuries. Wilson is said to have had a fight with a man named Howard, the trouble being caused through jealousy over a woman.

SEARCHES FOR HIS BROTHER.

Dr. E. Clarke, Brother of Chicago Man, Investigates Disappearance.

Racine, Wis., July 7.—Dr. E. Clarke, a brother of Dr. H. C. Clarke, the young Chicago board of trade man who disappeared during a Barry line boat here last week, is here investigating the mysterious disappearance.

MILWAUKEE WOMAN INJURED.

Janesville, Wis., July 7.—Mrs. Byron Constock of Milwaukee was badly injured in a runaway accident here on Friday. She and her husband, who is an engineer on the North-Western road, were returning to the city, when they collided with another team. Mrs. Constock became so frightened that she fell over the dashboard under the feet of the horse.

RACE RIOT AT LA CROSSE.

Americans and Assyrians Engage in a Fierce Battle.

SEVERAL ARE INJURED.

Foreigners Have Been in Habit of Raising Disturbance When They Came to Town.

La Crosse, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—The race war between Americans and Assyrians, which culminated in the riot Saturday night, has caused such intense feeling on both sides that it is expected that other troubles will occur before the matter is settled. The leading participants of the Saturday night riot were brought into court today. Jack Murphy, Abe Lockman and Louis Wachter, the three Americans, the worst cut up by the Assyrians are out today, the state wounds not being serious.

The story as told by the Americans is that the Assyrians who have come in to town three or four hundred strong in the past couple of years, claim absolute ownership to that part of town, which they inhabit and where they have bought much property.

The immediate cause of the trouble Saturday night was the refusal of a party of Assyrians to let Hans and Charles get a drink at a public artesian fountain on the street corner. This brought on blows and the Assyrians called for help and were answered by a hundred drunks, armed with clubs and knives appearing from the neighboring buildings. The Americans, too, were provoked and a pitched battle with knives and clubs between the warring factions was the result. First the Assyrians were vanquished, but they gained more reinforcements and charged the Americans, gaining a temporary victory.

The Americans, however, finally outnumbered and overpowered the Assyrians and beat some of them into insensibility. Their names cannot be learned, as they were dragged back to the nearby houses and hidden by the Assyrians. Several shots were fired, but no one hit. The Assyrians were face with their stillblows and many Americans were badly cut, but not seriously. A platoon of police stopped the rioting and sent the Assyrians to their homes.

During last night several appeared at one of the police substations, stating that someone was shooting into their houses. The police, however, were unable to locate the parties using the firearms. Feeling runs high between the warring factions. The trouble is the outgrowth of former minor brawls and it is feared will yet result in bloodshed. There were at least 300 participants in the riot Saturday night and the streets were jammed with fully 800 spectators. The Assyrians held a mass meeting at a house on Mill street, Sunday, but refuse to state what transpired. They say it was a meeting of one of their secret societies.

A second riot was narrowly averted here last evening by the police. A large load of Assyrians passing down Mill street, caused a renewal of the trouble of Saturday evening. The Assyrians were attacked by a mob of about 100 men and boys. The police arrived in time to avert any serious trouble.

MILWAUKEE SELECTED.

Letter Carriers Chose Cream City For Their Next Convention.

West Superior, Wis., July 7.—At the closing session of the letter carriers, held here last evening, Milwaukee was chosen as the next meeting place of the association. The following officers were chosen for the ensuing year: E. P. Kevin, La Crosse, president; H. T. Logie, West Superior, vice president; V. A. Knick, Racine, secretary; A. M. Ehlke, Milwaukee, treasurer; J. M. Coley, West Superior, member; S. C. Sarsenat, Milwaukee, delegate-at-large.

The session closed with an address by National President Keller and a banquet at the West Superior hotel.

MRS. MILTON PETTIT DEAD.

Widow of Late ex-Lieut.-Gov. Pettit Dies at Kenosha.

Kenosha, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. Milton H. Pettit, widow of the late Lieut.-Gov. Milton H. Pettit, founder of the well known M. H. Pettit Maltage Company of Kenosha, died at her home in this city this morning at the age of 70 years. Death resulted from heart failure caused by the excessive heat of yesterday. Mrs. Pettit was one of the best known ladies and oldest residents of the city. She is survived by a son and two daughters: O. M. Pettit and Mrs. R. E. Mailer of this city and Mrs. Harry Griswold of Chicago.

FIVE GIVEN CERTIFICATES.

Fifteen Fail to Pass Satisfactory Examinations for Superintendents.

Madison, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Only five of the twenty candidates for county superintendent certificates who took the examinations last week at Madison, Eau Claire and Appleton passed. The successful ones are Sylvester C. Cushman, Arlington, Columbia county; E. M. Gensch, Louis Couers, Manitowish county; Henry G. Holz, Madison; Minnie Morgan, Hartford, and George W. Weldon, Elsworth.

DEATHS IN THE STATE.

Mrs. Mary Minahan, Green Bay.

Green Bay, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. Mary Minahan, mother of John R. and Robert E. Minahan, the widely known physicians and surgeons of this city, died here. Her death occurred quite suddenly Saturday night, resulting from a paralytic stroke suffered about a year ago. The funeral was held today.

Jacob Blum, Watertown.

Watertown, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Jacob Blum died here on Saturday at the age of 80 years.

Hannah Kline, Eagle Bay.

Eagle Bay, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Hannah Kline, widow of the late Jacob Way, died at her home of paralysis on Saturday at the advanced age of 90 years.

Thomas T. Jones, Dodgeville.

Dodgeville, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Thomas T. Jones, father of Mrs. Grace L. Miller and Mrs. Charles Miller of Milwaukee, died at his home here on Friday at the age of 82 years.

Mrs. R. P. Main, Oregon.

Oregon, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. R. P. Main, one of the early settlers of this vicinity, died here on Friday at the age of 80 years.

Mrs. Susan Ingersoll, Port Washington.

Port Washington, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. Susan Ingersoll died here on Friday at the age of 85 years.

Summer Steele, Ripon.

Ripon, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Summer Steele, one of the old-time settlers of this place, died on Saturday, aged 61 years.

BIG FLOUR MILL BURNS.

Blaze at Baraboo Started Shortly After Firework Display.

PLANT IS DESTROYED.

Tomah Store Wrecked by Explosion of Pyrotechnics—Pop Factory at Kaukauna Burns.

Baraboo, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—L. E. Hoyt & Co.'s flouring mill burned last night, causing a loss of \$12,000, partly insured in the Mutual Milling Company's Insurance Company.

The structure was built in 1855 and stood four yards from where the city fireworks, used last night, were set off.

Tomah Store Wrecked.

Tomah, Wis., July 5.—When little Theodore Schmidt was trying to sell a toy pistol in the store of his father, Emil Schmidt, he shot off a cap to show how it worked. A spark from the cap lighted a giant cracker in the show window, and soon there were skyrockets whizzing through the street and Roman candles going off and all sorts of premature excitement. A plate glass window was broken, and about \$50 worth of fireworks were wasted. The city fire department was called and extinguished the blaze.

Pop Factory Burns at Kaukauna.

Kaukauna, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—The pop and bottling works of C. W. Larson on Depot street was badly damaged by fire and water last evening, ruining the machinery entirely and burning out the entire inside of the building. The insurance on machinery and stock was \$500 and on buildings \$300, which will cover the loss. The plant is valued at \$1500. On account of the suddenness of the blaze it is thought that it started from chemical combustion.

Fire in Cigar Factory.

Fond du Lac, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—Fire yesterday morning in the cigar factory of E. B. Eldrich did much damage to the tobacco stock. The blaze was extinguished without doing much damage to the building.

WILLET S. MAIN IS DEAD.

BROTHER-IN-LAW OF SENATOR J. C. SPOONER EXPIRES SUDDENLY.

Prominent Madison Man and Former State Senator is Found Dead in His Bed.

Madison, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—Willet S. Main, ex-state senator and an old and prominent resident of this city, was found dead in bed this morning at his farm home in Blooming Grove, where he spent the summers. It is supposed death resulted from heart disease. Mr. Main appeared in usual health when he retired last night. He was a brother-in-law of Senator John C. Spooner.

Mr. Main was born at Edmeston, Otsego county, N. Y., August 15, 1828. His boyhood was spent at Clarksville, Allegany county, N. Y., where he received a common school education. In 1846 he came to Wisconsin and settled at Prairieville, which is now the city of Waukesha, and the following year he came to this place. He was the sheriff of Dane county in 1853-4 and again in 1863-4 and in 1867-8. He was elected senator in 1888 on the Republican ticket and served one term. He was engaged in the insurance business at the time of his death.

John H. Casford, Beloit.

Beloit, Wis., July 5.—John H. Casford, for more than twenty years a conductor on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, and during the past eight years on the passenger run between Beloit and Milwaukee, died of Bright's disease. He was 56 years of age. He was a member of the Racine Knights of Pythias, uniform rank, an old soldier and a seaman. The funeral will be held tomorrow.

Mrs. Richard Drew, Douglas.

Portage, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—Mrs. Richard Drew, aged 24, died in the town of Douglas. She leaves three children and a babe of 2 weeks. Her maiden name was Hudson. She was a member of the Baptist Church of Portage.

POSTAL CLERKS MEET.

Carl B. McCabe is Elected President of the Association's Convention at Oshkosh.

Oshkosh, Wis., July 5.—The Wisconsin postoffice clerks to the number of a score or more met in Oshkosh yesterday in annual state convention. Officers were elected as follows: President—Carl B. McCabe, Oshkosh. Vice President—E. C. Breister, Fond du Lac. Second Vice President—E. C. Zander, Manitowish. Secretary and Treasurer—George E. Rodgers, Racine. Sergeant at Arms—Oscar Doppler, Baraboo.

Chairman Finance Committee—Nellie Merkley, Berlin. Chairman Organization Committee—William E. Foley, Milwaukee. State Delegate at Large to National Convention at Kansas City—Louis Stauff.

The choice of a city for the next place of meeting was left to the executive committee. Several resolutions were adopted, among them being a resolution of thanks to Senators Spooner and Charles of Wisconsin and Senator Mason of Illinois for their labors in the Senate, passing postoffice classification bills; also a resolution of thanks to Congressman J. Foley of Chicago for his efforts for the same bill. The press of the state was thanked for its efforts in behalf of the same law.

Robbers at Pound Get Little.

Portage, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—The general store of Jacobson & Brooks was broken into last night, but only about \$150 in small change was taken. The work was not done by experts, as the large safe was not muddled with. The robbers gained entrance by breaking a glass window in the rear part of the dry goods department.

May Locate at Kenosha.

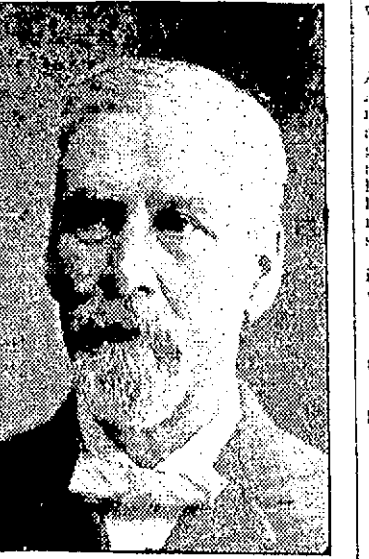
Kenosha, Wis., July 5.—John E. Fowler, the well known Boston manufacturer, is in Kenosha and is currently reported that Mr. Fowler has come West for the purpose of securing a site for the location of a big automobile plant, which is to be erected by an Eastern syndicate for the building of heavy racing machines.

WASHBURN'S DEATH WAS A BLOW TO MANY.

Prominent Druggist of Palmyra Who Passed Away Suddenly While in Chicago.

Palmyra, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—R. J. Washburn, whose funeral was held on Wednesday, was one of the most prominent of the Masons in this section of the state. His sudden death was a great blow to those who knew him and he is mourned by many.

Mr. Washburn was born at Elgin, N. Y., June 6, 1829, and died at Chicago Monday morning, June 30, aged 67 years. He was attacked in the winter of 1900 with the grip from which he never fully recovered. He continued to attend to business as usual, until several months ago. He continued to grow



THE LATE R. J. WASHBURN.

worse and several weeks ago, with little hope, he made a visit with a cousin near friend at Edgewater, Ill. While there he received so very much benefit that he concluded to return as he was better than he had been for some time. After coming home he again began to fail and his wife and son advised him to go to Chicago, which he did with his wife, on Thursday, June 23. Saturday a letter announced that he was no worse, but very tired from the trip, but Monday a telegram was received stating that he had died that morning at 6:30 o'clock. Mr. Washburn came to Wisconsin from the state of New York in 1854. He was married to Emma Harlow at Little Prairie, Wis., December 6, 1859. He came to Palmyra about the same time and went into the drug and mercantile business. At the time of his death he had one of the finest retail stores in the state. He was a Republican and took considerable interest in political matters in general. He was a Mason, was president of the State Pharmaceutical Association for several years, and also president of the Rock River Agricultural Society for over ten years. He leaves a wife, son and daughter. The son, L. H. Washburn, who has been partner with him in business for several years, will continue the same.

The funeral was from the residence yesterday afternoon, according to the rites of the Masonic order, State Grand Secretary W. W. Perry of Milwaukee officiating, assisted by Rev. Burgess of Palmyra.

MINISTER ARRANGES FOR HIS OWN FUNERAL.

Rev. J. Reinhardt of Manitowish Has His Grave Dug and Tomb Stone Prepared.

Manitowish, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—Rev. J. Reinhardt, a retiring clergyman of this city, has made preparations for his death and burial, which he prophesies will take place this month. Early in the spring he supervised the digging of his grave at Evergreen cemetery, making it exactly six feet deep, laying a bottom of cement, and constructing brick walls therein. Last month he visited the cemetery, and securing a flat slab stone inscribed on it the following in German script: Rev. J. Reinhardt, born May 6, 1833. Died 1902.

After he had finished this he said that everything now being complete he would go home to die. He has been confined to his bed since, and his death is but a matter of a short time.

TWO MEN FALL OFF FROM ROOF OF BARN.

One Dies and the Other is in a Critical Condition—Accident at Palmyra.

Palmyra, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—R. A. McLery and William Brown fell from a barn, a height of twenty feet. Brown died yesterday. It is thought that McLery will live. He had three ribs broken and was otherwise seriously bruised.

MAN'S ARM TORN OFF.

J. Ritter, an Oiler at the La Crosse City Pump House, is Badly Injured.

La Crosse, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—J. Ritter, an oiler at the city pump house, had his arm torn off of the shoulder this morning while oiling the big pumps. He was not otherwise injured.

FOUND IN DYING CONDITION.

Mysterious Case Near Prairie du Chien—May Be Murder.

Prairie du Chien, Wis., July 5.—As train No. 1 pulled into McGregor last night the engineer saw an object lying beside the track; the train was stopped and upon investigation the crew found the body of a man, beside which stood a woman. She refused to utter a word. A hasty examination revealed two large holes in the man's head, probably inflicted by a pistol, and blood stains on the woman's clothing. The man was carried to the baggage car and taken to the hospital, and the woman was also forced to get on the train, but she later jumped while the train was in motion and fell to the woods, where she was discovered early this morning and taken to jail by the sheriff. The man, whose name is Wilson, has not gained consciousness and there are grave fears for his recovery.

Jim Rice Run Over by Train.

Kenosha, Wis., July 5.—James Rice, aged 25 years, at one time connected with a Kenosha labor paper and the holder of the lightweight pugilistic championship of Southern Wisconsin, was run over by a North-Western freight train here last night and had both legs cut off. His recovery is doubtful.

ACCIDENTS IN THE STATE.

Careless Handling of Fireworks Causes Many Injuries.

FOURTH IN WISCONSIN.

One Death, One Man Dying and Long List of Hurt is Record of Day's Celebration.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—There was the usual large number of accidents in the state yesterday due to the careless manner in which firecrackers and other explosives were handled by small boys and grown up people who were celebrating the Fourth of July.

Auburndale Man Fatally Hurt.

Marshfield, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—An accident that resulted in the death of a man occurred at Auburndale last night. A skyrocket exploded falling into a box of rockets and causing them all to go off. One struck Mr. Sheriff in the abdomen, burning him so badly that he has no chance for recovery. He was brought to the hospital here. He was manager of the R. Connor Company's store.

Sheriff died at 10 o'clock this morning. He was 42 years old and leaves a wife and three children.

Rocket Goes Into Crowd.

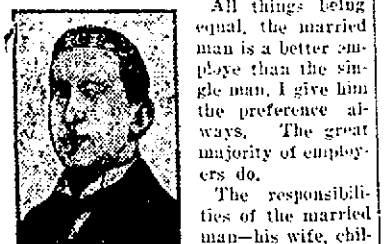
Racine, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—The throwing of a skyrocket into a crowd of 10,000 people, who had gathered to witness the display of fireworks on the beach east of the Hotel Racine last night, almost created a panic. George West, a well-known business man of this city, was struck in the arm and forehead by the rocket and was seriously injured. The men on a raft in the lake in charge of the display of fireworks had turned the rocket upward and towards the shore, and when it dived into the crowd of people there was the greatest alarm.

Face Filled with Powder.

Waukesha, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—Willard Wells, a barber, was severely burned about his face by the unexpected discharge of a small cannon. Wells was examining the cannon when it was discharged, filling his face with powder.

PAPERS BY THE PEOPLE

MARRIED MEN ARE PREFERRED.



C. M. SCHWAB.

By Charles M. Schwab. All things being equal, the married man is a better employee than the single man. I give him the preference always. The great majority of employers do.

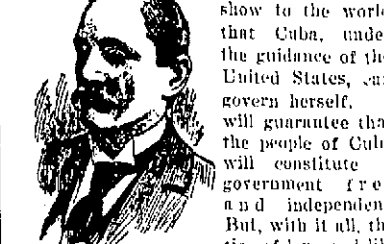
The responsibilities of the married man—his wife, children, home—strengthen his character, steady him, make him more anxious to succeed, urge him in his ambitions. He works for the happiness of his wife and little children. The thought of them lightens his labor and makes him cheerful at his task.

Now I know all this because I am a married man myself. I know that when I married—and on a very small salary, too—I realized at once my new responsibilities and these made me more determined than ever to succeed. I knew that as a single man failure would have effected myself alone. Now there was the comfort and well being of another to provide for. Every married man of character feels the same way. Employers as a class know this. "Married?" they say to an applicant for a position. "Children?" they ask. And straightway they give that job to the wife and babies.

So that marriage is a good investment. It does more than improve the man himself, it acts as a letter of recommendation. Marry just as soon as you can, young man, when you are certain of your ability to support your wife—and take my word for it, you will not regret the step. You will be amazed how your wife will aid you in all your efforts. All this, of course, presupposes that you marry a sensible woman, one who will help you to achieve your ambitions. In this class are not included social butterflies. I should hesitate to recommend an investment of the latter characters.

CUBA CAN GOVERN HERSELF.

By Tomas Estrada Palma.



PRESIDENT PALMA.

We propose to show to the world that Cuba, under the guidance of the United States, can govern herself. I will guarantee that the people of Cuba will constitute a government free and independent. But, with it all, the ties of love and filiality and thankfulness will ever bind us to the people of this country.

The Cubans will forget all past differences, and they will pull together in the future. The people who have said the

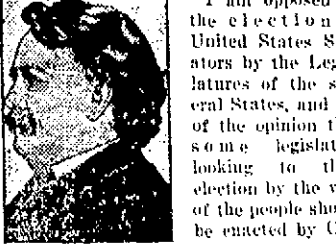


CUBANS ARE NOT CAPABLE OF GOVERNING THEMSELVES.

Cubans are not capable of governing themselves do not know the latter day blood that flows in the veins of the Spanish. Patriotism and love of country always prevail among the Cubans in their effort to make their country great. We will do our best to advance the cause of civilization, and we shall of course look to this country for both moral and practical support if it is necessary.

ELECTION OF SENATORS.

By Senator William E. Mason.



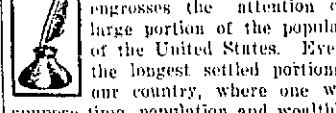
SENATOR MASON.

I am opposed to the election of United States Senators by the Legislature of the several States, and am of the opinion that some legislation looking to their election by the vote of the people should be enacted by Congress.

I am anxious to see the resolution introduced in the Senate, to submit to the people the idea of electing United States Senators by popular vote, receive favorable action. In my opinion, the members of the United States Senate should be elected by direct popular vote, the same as the members of the House of Representatives.

COUNTRY NEEDS IMPROVED ROADS.

By Thomas Gay.



ROADS ARE THE LIFE OF THE COUNTRY.

"How shall we get where we want to go through this mud?" engrosses the attention of a large portion of the population of the United States. Even in the longest settled portions of our country, where one would suppose time, population and wealth has given opportunity to establish proper foundations for comfortable locomotion for the wet as well as the dry season, we find the condition nearly as deplorable as in the more recently settled areas. Why is it that with five farms, with substantial buildings for man and beast, with railroad lines cutting the country in every direction, and with billions added each year to the permanent wealth of the country, there is so little in the permanent improvement of our roads? Under the system prevalent the citizens of many districts spend their time and occasionally some misdirected energy on the roads, when they run out of a job at home, regardless of the voice of the "road" to "come and mend me and I will

be your benefactor." The ordinary individual would much rather make two dollars to jingle in his pocket or add to the value of his private wealth than to make \$10 in public improvements, even for his own benefit, so he seeks every advantage to make dollars for himself and rarely hunts work for the public, and his neighbor, the supervisor in the circumscribed road district, often disregarding his official duty, fails to call on his men at the proper time, and when called out fails to work them in the proper manner, and we call this a road system and how because we have poor roads.

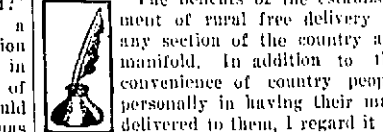
This country is much too enlightened and wealthy forever to be subject to a halt of its traffic during prolonged humid conditions, and we must soon make a start for permanent roads. How? By the inauguration of a road system by the government of the United States and the yearly appropriation of not less than \$50,000,000, this money to go to localities which would supplement it with an equal amount, the whole to be spent under the direction of government engineers.

Where could money be spent to better advantage? Not on questionable improvements on rivers and creeks, nor in building superfluous vessels for our navy that will be old junk in a few years. An army of men could be permanently employed on roads and the whole country permanently benefited. Think of it! A single battleship costs as much as the building of a thousand miles of permanent road, and we have a sufficiency of the former and there can be no debate about the need of the latter. Such a policy could be entirely free from politics.

Then the great capitalists like Carnegie, who has so liberally and intelligently given to the cause of education, would give other millions to lift the bodies of the public out of the mire, as they have given millions to emancipate their minds. What a monument to a man's generosity and sacrifice would be a stretch of permanent highway built by his fiat.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY.

By Lemuel P. Padgett, M. C.



MAIL DELIVERY TO THE COUNTRY.

The benefits of the establishment of rural free delivery in any section of the country are manifold. In addition to the convenience of country people personally in having their mail delivered to them, I regard it as a great educational factor. It not only enlarges and expands the mail facilities, but marks the development and evolution of newspaper and magazine reading wherever it is established.

It also stimulates an interest in better roads and encourages better public roads. It also enhances the value of property in the rural districts, and promotes happiness among the country people in their satisfaction with their surroundings. Eventually I believe that the rural free delivery will discourage the tendency to congregate in towns and cities and will encourage contentment with rural life. It is also one of the evidences of our advancing civilization, and marks the progress of the country in social life.

AGE OF OLD GLORY.

STAR-SPANGLED BANNER IS NOW 125 YEARS OLD.

The Design Was Suggested by Gen. Washington—First Flag Was Made by Betsy Ross The Banner's Battle Christening at Fort Stanwix.

The American flag has passed its 125th birthday. It was on June 14, 1777, that Congress, then in session at Philadelphia, resolved "that the flag of the United States be 13 stripes, alternate red and white; the union to be 13 stars, white on a blue field, representing a new constellation, the stars to be arranged in a circle."

It has often been asked what suggested the design for the star-spangled banner. There are many traditions about, but the one in which there is undoubtedly the most truth credits the design to Washington. The General found in the coat-of-arms of his own family a hint from which he drew the design. The coat-of-arms of the Washington family has two red bars on a white ground and three gilt stars above the top bar. The American flag once decided upon was rushed through in a



HOUSE WHERE OLD GLORY WAS BORN.

hurry, for the army was badly in need of a standard. A committee had been appointed a few days before June 14, when the stars and stripes were adopted, who were to consider the subject and report on a general standard for all the troops of the colonies. The committee consisted of General Washington, Robert Morris and Colonel Ross. It was at the suggestion of Colonel Ross that the committee decided to call upon the niece of the Colonel, Mrs. Betsy Ross, and ask her assistance in the making of the first national emblem. Betsy Ross enthusiastically undertook the work, and in a few days a beautiful star-spangled banner was ready to be unfurled. She had made one alteration in the design submitted by Washington. The General had made his stars six-pointed, as they were on his coat-of-arms; Betsy Ross made hers with five points—and five points have been used ever since.

For several years Mrs. Ross made the flags for the government. The prices she received varied—it was all contract work. For those for the fleet in the Delaware the treasury paid her \$14 per doz. 2d.

The stars and stripes were used first for military service at Fort Stanwix, renamed Fort Schuyler, now Rome, N. Y., in 1777. On August 2 of that year, the fort was besieged by the English and Indians; the brave garrison were without a flag; but one was made in the fort. The red stripes were of a petticoat furnished by a woman, the white stripes and stars were supplied by an officer, who gave his shirt for that purpose, and the blue was a piece of Colonel Peter Gansevoort's military cloak. Three women worked on the flag, and it was raised to victory when, on the 22d of August, the red men and the English were defeated at the fort. The banner was used at the battle of Brandywine, September 17, 1777, at Germantown October 4 of the same year, and it also floated over the surrender of Burgoyne.

Cheers the Patriots.

This flag cheered the patriots of Valley Forge the next winter; it waved at Yorktown and shared in the rejoicings at the close of the war. As long as the States remained 13 in number the original design of the circle of stars was all right, but when in 1791 Vermont and in 1792 Kentucky were taken into the Union it was decided to arrange the stars in the form of one huge constellation. In 1795 it was decided to add a stripe as well as a star for each State which came into the Union, consequently in that year Vermont and Kentucky were marked on the flag, one by a white and the other by a red stripe. Some wise prophet, looking ahead some twenty years or more, saw that this plan of adding a stripe as well as a star for each State added to the Union would mean a constant changing of the flag, and as a great growth of the country was foreseen, it was soon appreciated that by this plan the flag would in a few years become so large and ungainly that its beauty would be lost.

A committee was elected in 1812 by Congress to decide upon a permanent design for the flag, and the result was that the original 13 stripes were again used, the stars arranged on the blue field in the form of a square, with one constellation for each new State. In 1818 this plan was formally adopted by Congress, and the flag with its 13 stripes and stars corresponding in number to the States in the Union became the established emblem of the union.

Mrs. Reid, wife of the famous sea captain, made the first flag of the new design July 4, 1818; the number of stars was 20, Illinois being admitted that year. This design, adopted in 1818, is

our flag of to-day, with the addition of 27 stars—47 States, where 125 years ago there were but 13, and these were fighting a hard battle for liberty and right to progress. Some of the first flags were made under difficulties and at great cost, the greatest ingenuity being required to secure the necessary materials for the tanners. History tells us that Miss Wooster and Mrs. Roger Sherman made the first national flag for the Connecticut troops used in the army from their own dresses.

Difficult indeed it is to-day to realize that our country's emblem was given to Uncle Sam's boys in those early days only after the expenditure of great labor—for all the first flags were hand-made. Now great factories turn out the national emblems by the thousands, and to-day Old Glory waves in all sizes and qualities, from the little penny flags with which the school children decorate themselves to the magnificent silken banners which float from club-houses and public buildings.

The quaint little home in which Betsy Ross made the first stars and stripes is still standing in Philadelphia and will be purchased by the Betsy Ross Memorial Association.

OPENING A CASH REGISTER.

Clever Schemes of Advertisers to Swindle Their Customers.

There is never much sympathy wasted on a man who tries to buy counterfeit money and gets fooled, nor will anybody weep for the victims of a new hoax which, writes a Washington correspondent, was recently unearthed by the postoffice department.

The attention of the department was called to an advertisement which appeared in a large number of papers, offering for "the small sum of two dollars" to teach by a "quick, safe, sure and easily learned method" how to open a cash register without the aid of a key. The department at once took steps to secure the valuable information.

It was found that the "method" was imparted by means of a small circular. This circular gave instructions to secure an ax weighing, "in order to obtain the best results," in the neighborhood of ten pounds.

Then the pupil is to take his position before the register he wishes to open, advance the left foot, stand firmly, swing the ax with both hands, and then strike the register with all his might, repeating the blow until the desired result is attained. The instructions close with the warning that for successful operation of the "quick, safe, sure and unfailing" method, it is desirable that the operator be alone with the register.

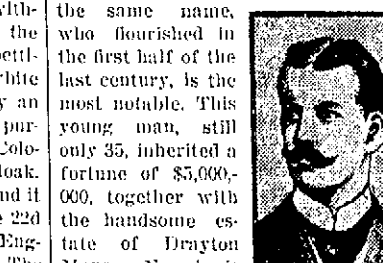
This recalls the "palato-bug exterminator" which was advertised some years ago. The victims of that swindle were honest people in search of legitimate information, but the circular of instructions that accompanied the two small pieces of wood that they received for their half-dollar might have been written by the same person who devised the new method of opening cash registers. It read:

"Catch the bug. Place him carefully on black number one, enclosed. Smile him with black number two, also enclosed. Wipe blocks, and proceed as before."

SQUANDERED \$5,000,000.

Young English Blood Who Has Turned a Great Name.

Among the men who "went the pace" in England lately Sir Robert Peel, a descendant of the famous statesman of the same name, who flourished in the first half of the last century, is the most notable. This young man, still only 35, inherited a fortune of \$5,000,000, together with the handsome estate of Drayton Manor. Now he is penniless. Not long since his numerous creditors, hoping to get something out of the wreck, offered to settle on a basis of 7 cents on the dollar. Sir Robert couldn't raise the money.



SIR ROBERT PEELE.

He has had experience with the divorce court as well as with the bankruptcy court. He married one of the prettiest girls in Europe, Mercedes, daughter of the Baroness de Graffenreith, of Switzerland. But she could not tolerate his conduct and two years ago they separated and Mercedes sued for divorce.

While his money lasted Sir Robert was the fastest thing in London. He stood in a class by himself and his spending proclivities were a sensation. He was one of many others who were snitten with the charms of Mrs. Langtry and both were familiar figures in the Casino at Sappie, France, where there are "little horses" to be played.

Latterly Sir Robert has been making desperate efforts to dispose of the family treasures. He disposed of a splendid library, making the remark, which sufficiently indicates his character, that as far the practical use of a library room was concerned it might as well be filled with sham volumes as real ones.

His Sartorial Condition.

Mrs. Goodsoil—Are these all the spring clothes you have, my poor man? Soiled Spooner—I regret to say, madam, that I'm standin' in de middle uv me trunk at dis moment.—Judge.

Two-Pound Gold Pieces.

England is going to coin 22 pieces in gold. They will be about the size of our \$10 coins.

When a man dies, and the preacher wants to know what was his favorite hymn, his widow invents one, in order not to scandalize the neighbors.



Soberly—"This is a hard world," said Deacon Flapp, as he stepped off the car backward.—Chicago Daily News.

Soberly—"Mamma said that your hat was enough to make a dog laugh, and I wanted to see him do it."—Tribune.

Old Mr. Riche—"What proof have I that you will make my daughter a good husband?" Sutor—"Look at your own bank account, sir!"

In the Way—"What's the matter with Walker?" "Run down." "Over-work?" "No, under automobile."—Philadelphia Press.

"I had a proposal last night and refused it." "You are always thinking of the welfare of others, aren't you, dear?"—Ohio State Journal.

At a meeting of engine drivers the following toast was offered: "To our mothers—the only faithful tenders, who never misplaced a switch."—Tit-Bits.

So He Waited.—Stylish Lady Visitor (to small boy, while waiting for hostess to come down)—"What is the matter with Fido, that you are watching him?" A Jewel.—Betsey—"Why do you have iron bars in front of your kitchen windows and door?" Shemster—"To prevent the escape of the cook."—Brooklyn Life.

Miss Eastside—"That is a lovely gown, but haven't I seen it before?" Miss Westside—"No, I think not; I have only worn it at a very few smart affairs this season."

Her System.—He—"Mrs. Wise seems to understand how to manage her husband pretty well. She—Yes. She lets him have her own way in everything."—Life.

Her Charity.—Jack—"Was the church garden party a success?" Julia—"Well, I worked hard enough. I ate ice cream with every young man on the tenders."—Detroit Free Press.

"The Joneses, I hear, have left town suddenly. Have you heard anything to explain their disappearance?" "Yes; I believe it was due to their trying to keep up appearances."

Alas.—Willy (over his natural history)—"Papa, what species of animals in this country are becoming rapidly extinct?" Papa—"Buffaloes and naval heroes, my son."—Puck.

Suburban—"This is shameful! I'll not stand that cook's insolence a moment longer. As soon as I get to New York I'll ring her up on the telephone and discharge her."—Judge.

"Who is the hero of this piece?" asked the man who was coming out of the theater. And the manager thoughtfully replied: "The man who is putting up the money."—Washington Star.

Monie—"Myrtilla is really and truly our champion golfer." Mabel—"Nonsense!" Monie—"Oh, yes, she is. She has never yet made a round of the links without getting a proposal."—Ex.

There are always two political parties; not so much because there are two sides to every public question, as because there are two sides to every office, viz., the inside and the outside.—Life.

Her First Thought.—Mr. Reeder—"I see by the newspapers the Adventists predict that the world will come to an end next Friday." Mrs. Reeder—"Oh, dear, and I have nothing fit to wear!"—Ohio State Journal.

Not a Powder Magazine.—"Did your investigation of volcanic phenomenon lead to any practical conclusion?" "It did," answered the popular scientist. "What is it?" "A check from a magazine."—Washington Star.

"And so you have a little baby at your house. Is it a boy or a girl?" asked a neighbor. "Mamma thinks it's a boy, but I believe it'll turn out a girl. It's always crying about nothing," answered the little boy.—Tit-Bits.

Exclusiveness to Be Maintained.—Ping—"Are Mrs. De Style's entertainments very exclusive?" Pong—"Well, I should say so; she has just made application to have the conversation of her guests copyrighted."—Baltimore Herald.

Jack—"It is mighty hard to be the son of a self-made millionaire." Tom—"Why so?" Jack—"A fellow can't decide whether to go into business and live up to his father's reputation, or go into society and live it down."—Town Topics.

"See here," said Colonel Winders, angrily, "your reporter promised to print all I said at the banquet last night." "Well," replied the editor. "Well, he printed only a few lines, although my speech was quite a long effort." "Yes, but you didn't say much."—Philadelphia Press.

"Johnnie," called the mother, "I want you to go to the store for me." "Wait a second, maw," replied the youth, who was absorbed in a five-cent volume; "Pepperidge Pete has thirty-seven luns to kill, an' it'll only take him about two minutes."—Columbus (Ohio) State Journal.

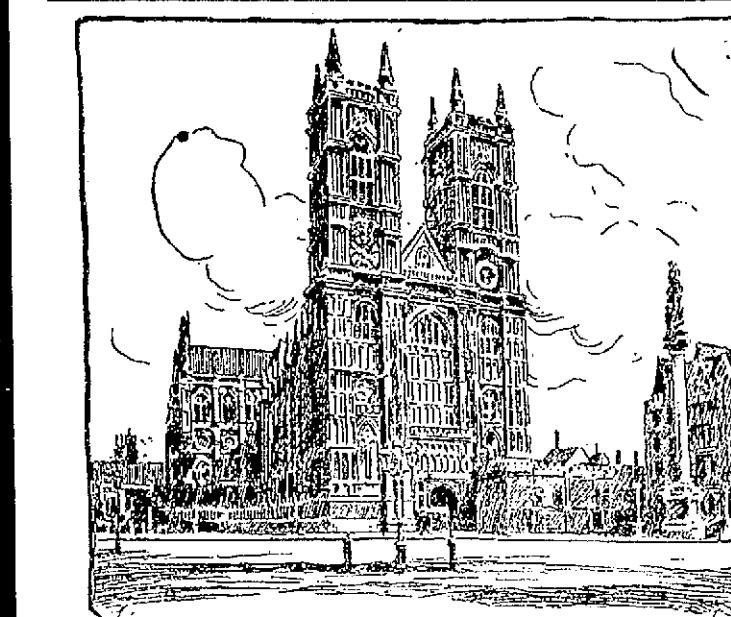
White—"It's funny that it is usually men and women who are unattractive who do the marrying in this world." Black—"What do you mean by that?" White—"Why, when a couple weds, the lady's friends are quite unable to see what he could find in her, and the man's friends are puzzled to understand what she could see in him."—Boston Transcript.

WESTMINSTER ABBEY.

National Church and National Mausoleum of Great Britain.

Westminster Abbey, the national church of England, wherein Edward VII. would have been crowned King of England had not his untimely illness made necessary the postponement of that event, is perhaps the most interesting sacred edifice of the world. The architecture, the historical associations and the monuments of this remarkable structure have formed themes for discussions and writings through a succession of ages.

At an ancient period, long before any part of the present building was in ex-



FAMOUS WESTMINSTER ABBEY.

istence, the site was occupied by a small Saxon church, built by a monastic body of the Benedictine order, who named the place Western Monastery, or Westminster, probably to distinguish it from St. Paul's in London, which was called East Minster.

The beginning of the present edifice was a church built in the form of a crucifix by Edward the Confessor and consecrated in 1065, exceeding in magnificence any sacred building at that time in England. Since that time the various rulers of England have made changes in the architecture of the edifice to suit their own tastes, but the original general plan still dominates. The length of the whole is 511 feet, the greatest width 203 feet and the height of the roof 102 feet.

Westminster has ever been the place where the sovereigns of England have been crowned, and therefore the grandest pageants of the kingdom have been exhibited before multitudes of spectators within these time-honored walls. The funerals of Kings and Queens have

also taken place in this structure, and many events of national interest have been discussed before the houses of government convened here.

The tombs and monuments in the abbey are exceedingly numerous, and the life stories of those who are buried under the pavement or commemorated on the walls would form a national biography. The remains of England's usual sovereigns rest in tombs within these sacred walls, as do also various members of the royal family. One of the most attractive parts of the building is the section far-famed as the "Poet's Corner." Here lie Chaucer, Spenser, Beaumont, Ben Jonson, Cowley, Dryden and Addison. Numbers of

"Mr. Cramp, in what school of naval architecture were you educated?" "Your majesty," I answered, "I was educated in my father's yards. He was educated in his father's yards. 'Ye founded a school of naval architecture.' 'What put that into my head I will never know,' continued Mr. Cramp, according to the New York Times, 'but it took the trick. The Czar caught me by the hand and said: 'Mr. Cramp, you were educated in the school that I am glad to have build ships for my navy.'"

The Bravery of Moody.

The honorable William H. Moody, of Massachusetts, who steps from Congress to the post of Secretary of the Navy, has won an amiable reputation as a man of solid character.

On one occasion when an opponent protested that he had been done an injustice, Mr. Moody with quick courtesy instructed the stenographers to furnish an abstract of the speech to the protesting member, so that the latter might have opportunity to mark for expurgation any objectionable paragraphs.

When a colleague at one time doubted whether Mr. Moody's constituents would endorse a measure he was supporting, he replied:

"I was not sent here to shake and shiver like a dry leaf in a November gale whenever a protest came from home, but to exercise my intelligence and to vote for measures according to how, in my best judgment, they would benefit or injure the people."—Philadelphia Post.

Carried It One Step Farther.

Tommy was given a new diary, and encouraged to set down each day's doings. He was very proud of it, says the Detroit Free Press, and determined to keep it faithfully.

The first day he wrote: "Got up at 7," and then continued to record incidents of the day. At his father's suggestion, he took it to his teacher for approval.

She did not like the phrase "got up." "Don't say 'got up,' Tommy," she said. "The sun doesn't get up; it rises."

When he retired that night Tommy remembered his lesson, and wrote carefully in his diary, "Set at 8."

Why Jason Was Late for School.

School teachers get some curious written excuses for absence. Here is one:

"Mister sir, my Jason had to be late to-day. It is his business to milk our cow. She kicked Jase in the back to-day when he wasn't looking or thinking of her actin' so; he thot his back was broke, but it ain't. But it is black and blue, and the pane kept him late. We would get rid of that cow if we could. This is the fourth time she kicked Jase, but never kicked him late before. So excuse him for me."

QUICK MEAL
Stoves and Ranges



Are handled by the Central Hardware company at whose store there can always be found a large assortment at different prices calculated to suit almost any pocketbook.

We want you to look

QUICK MEAL

"Quick Meal" Stoves do not get red hot all over like the old-fashioned, cumbersome, cast iron Cook Stoves. The "Quick Meal" cooks the dinner in the time it takes a coal fire to start. It makes no dirt nor dust, no soot nor smoke, no smell nor ashes. It does its work cheaper, quicker, cleaner and ever so much easier.

It is strange, but some women seem to prefer old methods and deprive themselves of modern comforts, which they might as well enjoy.

Why should any woman stand over a red-hot cook stove in a hot kitchen during these hot days? Keep yourself and the kitchen cool, and drive that drudgery from your home—and better do it to-day.

Central Hardware Co.

The Greatest Glory of this Golden Age!

THE GREAT

PAN-AMERICAN SHOWS.

European Menagerie, Triple Circus Hippodrome, Oceanic Aquarium and Congress of Living Phenomena

—Will Surely Exhibit At—

Grand Rapids, WED. JULY 16



GUN CLUB WINS OUT

WAUSAU BEATEN BY 18 POINTS.

Was a Most Successful Tournament with a Very Good Attendance.

The team shoot between Wausau and Grand Rapids on the Fourth of July resulted in a victory for the home team by 18 points. Only ten men shot on each side, that being all that the Wausau team could bring down that day. Following is the score made by each out of 25 birds:

Grand Rapids.	Wausau.
W. G. Scott..... 17	W. L. Covey..... 23
O. Gohlke..... 20	G. Gohlke..... 19
E. Gohlke..... 24	G. Gohlke..... 17
E. Mosher..... 24	G. Gohlke..... 17
W. A. Drumb..... 15	O. Miller..... 17
C. Lyon..... 11	F. Kickbush..... 17
H. Botes..... 18	M. C. Ewing..... 22
G. W. Mason..... 15	M. Weeks..... 18
E. Taylor..... 19	McCrossen..... 18
Dr. Ridgman..... 19	R. Lyon..... 11
Total..... 175	Total..... 167

Besides the club shoot there were eleven sweepstake events that were open to all, the scores in which were as follows out of 15 targets:

Special Event.	First Event.
Covey..... 10	Naffz..... 9
E. Lyons..... 10	Westfield..... 13
Kickbush..... 9	McCrossen..... 13
Ewing..... 8	Taylor..... 11
Collier..... 11	Mosher..... 10
O. Gohlke..... 11	Scott..... 8

Second Event.	Third Event.
McCrossen..... 12	Covey..... 12
Westfield..... 10	Ewing..... 10
Collier..... 12	Lutterman..... 10
Naffz..... 13	Ames..... 12
McCrossen..... 13	Graves..... 12
R. Lyon..... 12	McCrossen..... 10
Collier..... 10	McCrossen..... 9
Covey..... 13	McCrossen..... 9
O. Gohlke..... 13	McCrossen..... 9
Snyder..... 5	McCrossen..... 9
Collier..... 7	McCrossen..... 9

Fourth Event.	Fifth Event.
Westfield..... 10	Ewing..... 9
Naffz..... 11	F. Botes..... 8
Weeks..... 10	Mason..... 9
Rutledge..... 13	C. Gohlke..... 11
Ames..... 12	Mosher..... 12
C. Gohlke..... 12	W. Conway..... 12
Scott..... 14	Kickbush..... 9
Lutterman..... 13	Young..... 12
Graves..... 12	Covey..... 11
Upham..... 8	Collier..... 7

Sixth Event.	Seventh Event.
Westfield..... 11	Graves..... 11
Naffz..... 13	Lutterman..... 13
Miller..... 6	Mason..... 13
Weeks..... 12	Mosher..... 13
Rutledge..... 12	McCrossen..... 13
Scott..... 14	McCrossen..... 13
Taylor..... 12	McCrossen..... 13
Ames..... 13	McCrossen..... 13
Upham..... 6	McCrossen..... 13

Eighth Event.	Ninth Event.
Rutledge..... 9	Graves..... 13
Ames..... 12	Lutterman..... 13
Upham..... 7	Mosher..... 13
Scott..... 15	McCrossen..... 13

Tenth Event.
Rutledge..... 10
Upham..... 6
Gohlke..... 8
Scott..... 9
Ames..... 13

The tournament was a very successful one from start to finish, and although the scores were not as high as they would have been under more favorable conditions, all who attended expressed themselves as being well pleased with the entertainment furnished them.

Neillville shooters have expressed a desire to compete with the Grand Rapids team, and it is probable that a match will be held with them in the near future.

Several of our local shots expect to attend the tournament to be held at Tomah on the 14th and 15th of July on which dates the Tomah club has prepared for twenty events, besides a club shoot between five teams in that vicinity.

Annual Church Meeting.

The members of the Congregational church held their annual meeting on Monday evening, and it was a very enthusiastic one. The report of the society was made and showed a very satisfactory balance in the treasury.

The various departments of the church work were reported to be in a flourishing condition. Forty-five new members have been added during the past eighteen months, which is a most satisfactory increase.

The matter of a parsonage was taken up again, and as the present site is not exactly what is wanted for the purpose it is entirely probable that a new site will be purchased in the near future if possible, one better suited to the demands of the parties interested.

Appreciation of the pastor's services was shown by an enthusiastic vote of the meeting.

The church was never in a more flourishing condition than at the present time and the meeting was the largest ever held by the society.

—Jelly currants now ready at Riverside farm. Telephone 266.

WOOD COUNTY EXHIBIT.

Ought to Make a Good Showing at State Fair.

Residents of Wood county should now begin to figure on making a creditable exhibit at the state fair this fall, and if the matter is properly handled by everybody interested there is no reason why we should not be one of the foremost counties in the state.

There are many older and richer counties in the state of Wisconsin, but there is no county that has more diversified soil or better ground for raising everything that it is possible to raise in the state.

An appropriation was made by the county board at its last session for the purpose of paying for the preparation of an exhibit, and although the appropriation is a small one, it will be enough to cover the expenses provided everybody interests himself in the matter and makes an effort to do all in his power to make the affair a success.

A good exhibit from Wood county, such as we really should have considering our resources, will do more toward advertising the county than anything that can be done. Many people from the south imagine that Wood county is north of the line of perpetual frost, and a good exhibit of what we raise here should prove effective in dispelling this idea.

The season is near when specimens of small fruit should be secured. Strawberries, currants, blackberries, raspberries and gooseberries, etc., should be treated in the following manner: Procure large-necked bottles (pickled olive bottles are just the thing) put in a little of the fruit—the best specimens you can find—and cover it well with the following solution: 15 grains of salicylic acid dissolved in one quart of water. This will preserve the natural size, color and appearance of the fruit. The fruit should not be eaten after being treated in this manner, although it is harmless.

L. M. Nash, who is chairman of the committee appointed by the county board to handle the matter, is preparing a circular to send throughout the county, which will give instructions for preparing specimens for exhibition and where to send them so that the best throughout the county may be selected for the purpose. Town chairmen and others throughout the county are requested to use their influence and energies to make this matter a success, and if they do so there is no question but that Wood county will make a showing that her citizens may honestly feel proud of.

Merchandise Stock Sold.

On Saturday the stock of merchandise owned by Corriveau & Garrison was bought by the Johnson & Hill Co. the latter firm taking possession on Monday morning, when an inventory of the stock was commenced.

At the conclusion of the inventory the stock will be moved to the store of Johnson & Hill and offered for sale.

Since Mr. Corriveau's health gave out this spring his physicians have advised him on numerous occasions to sell his stock and get out of business entirely, so as to relieve his mind from the strain incident to conducting business and for this reason the sale was made.

Messrs. Johnson & Hill may make use of the store building on the corner for a time at least if they decide to build, as they will then place their hardware department in the corner building until the new building is finished.

Fatal Accident at Auburndale.

There was an accident at Auburndale on the Fourth of July that resulted fatally, the victim being Arza Sheriff, who worked in the store for the R. Connor company.

A number of the people were engaged in firing fireworks the night of the Fourth when by accident some fire was dropped among the stock of fireworks, setting them off. A large sky rocket struck Sheriff in the abdomen, tearing the flesh and burning him in a horrible manner.

The injured man was put on a hand-car and taken to Marshfield where he was placed in the hospital, but died from his injuries the next morning. Sheriff was about thirty-three years old and leaves a wife and family. He was a resident of Marshfield before removing to Auburndale.

Marriage License.

The following persons were licensed to marry by County Clerk Renne during the past week:

Oral Mercer and Gertrude McKercher, both of the town of Rock.

Frederick Anderson and Etta Clark, both of the town of Rock.

Joseph A. Ray of Milladore and Angeline Juneau of Rudolph.

John M. Seado of Sigel and Annie Meyer of Hansen.

Joseph McConnell of Juneau county and Maud Simons of Wood county.

Oliver Lereoux and Anna Brady of Port Edwards.

Herbert Kneppebre of Milwaukee and Elizabeth Andras of Hewitt.

The Best Liniment for Strains.

Mr. F. H. Wells, the merchant at Deer Park, Long Island, N. Y., says: "I always recommend Chamberlain's Pain Balm as the best liniment for strains. I used it last winter for a severe lameness in the side, resulting from a strain, and was greatly pleased with the quick relief and cure it effected." For sale by Johnson & Hill Co. and Wood County Drug Co.

Building Lots for Sale.

—Forty building lots in first ward from \$75 to \$150. Also good 10 room dwelling and lot 80x120.

E. I. PHILLO.

A GLORIOUS FOURTH

LARGE CROWD IN TOWN ALL DAY.

Hot Weather makes People Gasp for Breath, but Everything Was Lovely.

Probably the largest crowd ever seen in the city of Grand Rapids was here on the Fourth of July. The weather was excessively hot all day, but being bright, nobody was prevented from coming in on this account and the streets were crowded with people from early morning until late at night.

The parade formed near the Northwestern depot, and when the train arrived from Marshfield the column started, marching across the river and back. Immediately after the parade the crowd was addressed by the Hon. Neal Brown of Wausau who gave a most interesting and appropriate talk.

After the speech Company A of Marshfield gave a drill on the market square, which was witnessed by a large number of people and was very interesting. As the sun was broiling hot the boys had anything but a comfortable time of it.

The wrestling exhibition between the Beall brothers was held on the platform in front of the warehouse of the Central Hardware company. While the place was not as good as it might have been for an event of this sort, it was the best that could be done in order to allow the large number of people present to see anything of it.

After dinner was to occur the balloon ascension, and altho the committee on arrangements had taken particular pains to have this event occur, it was not pulled off. The woman who was to make the ascension claimed that the man who had been sent with her did not understand his business and consequently could not get the balloon ready for the ascension. This was probably true, as he made a mix up of the whole affair, and while hauling up the balloon preparatory to filling it, one of the poles fell and narrowly escaped striking some of the spectators who were standing about.

There were two entries in the foot-races, they being Quinn and Akey. The 50 yard dash was won by Quinn in 5 1/2 seconds and the 100 yard by Akey in 10 1/2, both good time for amateurs. They were very evenly matched and the 50 yard race had to be run over to settle it. The two boys expect to compete again at the street fair which will be held at Marshfield this fall.

After the foot races the crowd went to the fair grounds where the ball game was held. It was intended to hold bicycle races also, but the excessively warm weather had apparently discouraged the fast ones and everybody was content to find as cool a place as possible and watch the game. Nekoosa carried off the fifty dollars and did it with ease, as they seemed too strong for the home team.

After supper the military company gave another drill on the east side and went through some very pretty evolutions in a manner that showed thorough training.

The dance at the opera house by the papermakers wound up the day's sport and it was largely attended in spite of a very warm evening.

Testing Waterworks.—On Tuesday another attempt was made to test the pipe of the waterworks system, but when a pressure of 80 pounds had been reached one of the six-inch mains near the Green Bay depot burst, and the effort had to be abandoned until this could be repaired. The water was being pumped into the standpipe and had reached a height part way up the bottom of the tank proper when the accident occurred which stopped proceedings. The test was also for the purpose of trying the joints in the standpipe, after which it will be painted and ready for use. The pumps at the pumphouse worked very smoothly, and should there be no further mishaps there is no reason why the system should not be in use within another two weeks.

Burned with Powder.—Ryland, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Boorman, was burned about the hands and face on Thursday last while playing with powder. One of Ryland's playmates had procured a quantity of powder which had been wet and become caked, and he had discovered that the stuff burned with a very bright light when fired. He told Ryland of his discovery and they placed a quantity of the caked powder in a hole in a stone and touched it off with a match. The powder had evidently dried out in the meantime, for it flashed up suddenly and burned the boy quite severely in the face and on one hand. The burns are not deep, however, and it is not expected that he will suffer any disfigurement.

Beaten by Nekoosa.—The ball game on the Fourth of July between Nekoosa and Grand Rapids resulted in a victory for the visitors by a score of 12 to 4. Although the local team was out-played at all points, there was some pretty good work at times. A slight altercation over a decision of the umpire made it look rather squally for a time and there were indications of a row, which, however, was averted. If outsiders who have nothing to do with the game would keep off the field, it is entirely probable that many disputes that occur would be entirely averted. Many, who would like to attend ball games, stay away on account of this objectionable feature.

Take Notice.—The T. B. Scott library will be closed on Tuesday and Thursday evenings during the months of July and August.

A Fine Entertainment.—A large audience greeted Miss Bernice Castello at the Congregational church on Tuesday evening, and the expressions concerning the entertainment were that it was one of the best that has been held here for some time. Miss Castello was assisted by Miss Fuller, a pianist of unusual ability, and her selections were very enthusiastically received and all pronounced her one of the best musicians it has been their good luck to hear. Miss Fuller has been a guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Willard in this city and it is probable that she will return here at some future time and organize a class in music.

School Meeting.—A business meeting of the school commissioners was held on Monday evening for the transaction of the regular routine of business that comes before that body. Among other things a name for the new schoolhouse was selected, it being the "Lincoln." A new system of closets will also be established in the west side ward school. On Thursday evening of this week it is expected that the contracts will be let for heating the new building. Work on the structure has been progressing at a satisfactory rate, the basement walls having been completed some little time ago.

Dankert-Laughlin.—Fred Dankert and Miss Luella Laughlin, both of the town of Grand Rapids, were married on July 4th at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Oren Laughlin at Biron. Rev. W. A. Peterson performing the ceremony. Only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties were present at the ceremony. A wedding dinner was served at the home of Mr. Laughlin. Miss Hannah Dankert and Fred Laughlin acted as bridesmaid and groomsmen. The young couple will make their home at Biron, where Mr. Dankert is employed in the paper mill.

A Queer Accident.—Ab. Stainbrook met with an accident last Thursday morning which resulted in the loss of the little finger on his right hand. Mr. Stainbrook was assisting in putting down the awning in front of the Wood County drug store, and in doing so he jumped up to catch the rod. A ring on his little finger caught on a bolt that projected a short distance and the ring cut clean through the member so that it had to be amputated close to the hand. For remarkable accidents this probably leads anything that has happened in this vicinity for some time.

Adjudged Insane.—Frederic Reichart of the town of Rock was brought to the city this morning and taken before Judge Conway to be examined as to her sanity. Mrs. Ridgman and Hoggan examined the girl and pronounced her not of sound mind, and the judge remanded her to the Northern hospital for the insane. The girl is but 17 years old and her insanity seems to run along the line of religion, being at times quite violent. She was brought here by her mother and father and was taken to Oshkosh today.

A Good Report.—A. S. Robinson, who has been crop reporter from this county for the past fifteen years, states that the report he sent in on the first of July was the best that he has made since he started making the reports. He states that the report on some of the crops about Bakerville in the northern part of the county went as high as 100 per cent, which is certainly as good as the worst kicker could want. Wood county will yet show herself to advantage when it comes to a production of good crops.

The Pickle Crop.—Nothing much has been heard concerning pickles this spring, but growers report that the vines are coming along nicely, although the cut worms have caused a great deal of damage to the plants that were just coming up. Wherever this has occurred replanting has been continued until in most places the farmer has got the better of the pests. The indications are that the crop will much excel that of last year.

Bought an Interest.—H. J. Lemke, who has been employed in the Corriveau & Garrison store for some time past, has bought an interest in the store from Will Gross and he will assist in the management of that establishment hereafter. Mr. Lemke is a bright young man and has many friends in this vicinity who will wish him success in the enterprise.

Made \$75.—The ladies of St. Katharine's guild cleared up about \$75 on their dinner and supper served at the G. A. R. hall on the Fourth of July. To do this they had to serve nearly 400 meals, which was quite an undertaking and necessarily required a whole lot of hustling.

Had Fish Chowder.—Nate Harris, O. Denis and John Dixon went up river on Tuesday for the express purpose of catching a mess of black bass and enjoying a fish chowder made by Mr. Harris, who has a reputation as being one of the champion chowder compounding of this section.

Excursion to Marshfield.—On account of the Maennerchor picnic and ball game at Marshfield next Sunday the Northwestern road will run an excursion train from Nekoosa to Marshfield on that day. Fare for the round trip will be \$1.00 from Nekoosa and 80 cents from Grand Rapids.

Will Hold Picnic.—The Emanuel Lutheran church society of the east side company will hold a picnic at the fair grounds on Sunday next, July 13, to which all are invited for a social time. The ladies' aid society of the church will serve refreshments.

Got Fifteen Days.—G. B. Dodge prolonged his Fourth of July just a trifle too long and as a consequence he is serving out a 15 day sentence in the county jail in default of the payment of his fine.

MARRIED BUT NOT MATED

By "RITA"

CHAPTER XVIII.—(Continued.)

"You!" cried John Marsden, looking at him bewildered. "How on earth could you know?"

A strange look came over the Italian's face.

"I have stayed at Vaux Abbey," he said; "whether as a guest or not, doesn't signify. The papers we seek are not in Mrs. Marsden's desk."

John Marsden shrank back and looked at him with a sort of horror not unmixed with fear.

"You—you dared!" he stammered.

"Why not?" said the Count, tranquilly. "I dare anything when I'm put to it. You forget that I hate Ivor Grant, and I'm a good hater. He won't be the first who's discovered that. Those papers are necessary for my vengeance. I thought your wife possessed them. I think so still. But, as I said before, their hiding place baffles me. I didn't find any love letters, either," he went on mockingly, "or I would have brought them to you—as proof of my disinterestedness. They are very exemplary, these platonic lovers, and they don't trust even platonic to paper. They are wise."

"Come, come, you know," blustered John Marsden. "A man can't stand this sort of thing, however badly his wife has behaved. You've no right to play the spy on her. Of course, with me it's a different matter. I can do what I choose, and I've every right to do it; but you—"

He paused abruptly. Something in that sinister face, in the lightning-like flash of the dark eyes, struck to his heart with a sense of sudden fear.

Sarona merely leant his elbows on the table at which they were sitting, and, resting his chin on the palms of his hands, looked full in the face of his companion.

"My friend," he said, calmly, "you're a fool."

"Thank you for the information," said John Marsden, with a praiseworthy attempt at indifference. "You will excuse my saying that I've always heard of your name as remarkable for politeness."

"Have you?" said the Count, with a sneer. "Perhaps they are—when it suits their purpose."

"I may inter then it doesn't suit yours; yet it strikes me I've most cause to complain. You've brought me over to England on a wild-goose chase, at the peril, too, of my life," he gave an uneasy glance again at those shadowy corners of the room, "and it strikes me I may be months—years, even—here, before those lawyers can settle anything. They talk of throwing it into Chancery now. You know what that means?"

"Yes," said the Count, with a meaning smile, "another of your English institutions—not quite so admirable as the laws for husband and wife."

He rose as he spoke and began to button his overcoat. Marsden looked at him appealingly.

"Yes—you're not going yet?"

"With the deepest assurances of my regret," said the Count mockingly. "I am going—now, this moment."

"It's so hatefully lonely here," muttered John Marsden. "I wish I'd never come to the place. And I've had a cough of fever to-day. I—You might stay till I go to bed, Count."

"True," said Sarona, placidly, as if he were agreeing to a self-evident proposition. "I might, my good friend, but I don't intend to."

John Marsden muttered something under his breath not exactly complimentary, but the Count gave no sign of hearing it. He nodded and went over to the door, opened it, then paused on the threshold and looked back at the gloomy face and wizened figure by the table.

"The Indian mail is in," he said, quietly. "I suppose you know that?"

John Marsden started perceptibly. His yellow face took a gray and frightened look.

"What of it?" he said, with an effort at calmness.

"As yet, nothing," said the Count, imperturbably. "But she brings passengers, you know. Are you not expecting a consignment of tiger claws?"

And with a mocking laugh he closed the door.

It seemed to John Marsden as if long hours had passed since the sound of that mocking laugh and closing door had ceased to echo in his ears.

He sat there in the same attitude, staring moodily at the fire in the grate, full of bitter and revengeful thoughts.

"I wish I could understand that man," he said to himself. "Why has he mixed himself up in this business? Why did he write to me about Beryl, and how has he wormed his way into secrets unknown even to members of her own family?"

After leaving John Marsden, the Count walked leisurely through the streets. His face was not good to look upon, it was so darkly set, it bore so cruel and so merciless a determination.

"How the affair drags," he muttered, "and only a woman between me and five thousand pounds. I must have those papers. Where can she have put them? Perhaps the good folks at Vaux Abbey will find the Abbey ghost pursuing his nocturnal rambles once again."

CHAPTER XIX.

It was four days after that interview in John Marsden's rooms. The winter night had closed in darkly, with stormy gusts of wind and rain, and the occupant of those gloomy chambers sat by the fire, shivering at every blast, and grumbling, "not loud, but deep," at the abominations of the English climate.

The table beside him was littered with law books and law papers, and mysterious documents bound in red tape and looking horribly uninteresting, though one and all these things represented the machinery of that mighty engine which chance had set at work in his favor, and whose labored beats bore for him the musical sounds of fortune.

Just as one of the noisiest and stormiest blasts was shaking the windows and rattling against the doors, a knock came

to the door of his own room. He did not hear it, and, without waiting to repeat the summons, the visitor turned the handle and entered.

John Marsden started to his feet with a low cry of terror as a cold hand touched his shoulder, and he saw behind him a cloaked and shrouded figure—the figure of a woman.

"Have I startled you? I knocked, but no one answered," she said, speaking low and hurriedly, as if eager to get rid of the words.

"Good heavens, Beryl! You! Whatever brings you here?"

"I—I have come," she said in a nervous, hurried way, "to bring you the papers."

He looked at her in blank astonishment.

"You have grown sensible at last. Is that what you mean? Why couldn't you give them up sooner?"

"I don't know," she said, wearily. She had thrown aside her veil, and her face was white as death, her eyes wild and fevered, and John Marsden noted, with a shock of surprise, how altered and how ill she looked.

"I have been very ill," she went on, presently.

"When did you leave the Abbey?" he asked brusquely.

"Yesterday," she answered. "It has grown unbearable, insupportable. I—I could not stop, and I thought it was no use to hold out; the lawyers say the case is clear enough. These," and she handed him some yellow, faded papers, "are what they wanted. The certificate of my mother's birth and marriage. They were in my father's desk. I don't think he knew or even guessed that she was related to the Grants. It was a runaway marriage, you know, and her people never forgave her."

"And may I ask why you have thought fit to oppose what was your lawful right, and mine?"

"Yours!" Her white face flushed crimson; she looked at him with a scorn and defiance that no words could have portrayed. "I thought your wish for a reconciliation was not quite disinterested. You have played your cards very well, John Marsden."

"Yes," he said, coolly. "I think I have, and I'm glad you've come to your senses. I didn't want to use force. Well, this settles the matter. There's nothing to prevent us from going down to Grantham Court and taking possession as soon as we like. When will you be ready?"

"I—Oh, don't ask me—don't force me to go. The place is full of haunted memories to me. You—you can't understand."

"No," he said brutally. "I can't, and I don't wish to. But all that sentimental bosh out of your mind, for you've got to come there, and to come with me. I've a fancy for playing the country squire, and I've a fancy that you should see me do it."

"Don't be too hard on me, John," she said in a strange, suppressed voice. "It is the money you need, take it, and welcome. I don't care for it. I don't need it. But I can't go and live at the Count's. I can't feel it is mine—not in the face of all the wills, and all the laws that ever were framed."

"But I mean that you shall do it," he said doggedly. "And the law is on my side, I fancy."

"Law?" she cried passionately. "It is always that—it is always that. It is well you don't say justice, well you don't call this selfish tyranny by its right name. Law! What does it care for a woman's sufferings—shame—agonies for the brutal force that seizes her life and holds it in a prison from which she cannot escape? You stand there, you call yourself my husband, and you know you have not one spark of tenderness, one thought that is worthy the name, one feeling that is due to the rights you claim. You have tyrannized over me, neglected, degraded, deserted me. You came with a hypocrite's pretense of sorrow, and won a promise that I believed it was my duty to give. I might have known better than to be deceived so easily, but for a time I was deceived; and now I see you in your true colors, now I know what your wish for reconciliation concealed; and since I know it, I have come here to-night to tell you one thing. You may have my property, my money—everything that the law gives—the law that men made for men—but do not force me to live under your roof. It cannot benefit you now—it is only added misery to me."

He was not alone in his amazement; another spectator stood in the doorway, lost in reluctant admiration of the scene he had witnessed, but neither husband nor wife were aware of his presence.

"You—you—how dare you talk to me like that?" blustered John Marsden at length. "I tell you now, as I told you before, that very few husbands would have behaved as generously as I did. I could have taken proceedings against you. Why, I could have had a divorce, madam, had I chosen. I—I—"

"Yes?" she said calmly. "Then why did you not choose? Does it never occur to you that I might ask how these three years in India were spent by you?"

"She is superb!" muttered the listener under his breath. "To think of a woman like that being thrown away upon a wizened little ape with no more brains than an empty coconut!"

"That has nothing to do with you," said John Marsden defiantly. "A man can do what he chooses, especially if his wife goes and leaves him, as you left me."

"I wrote and asked you if I might return to India. You forget that, and your answer. If I had grown utterly reckless, if I had yielded to a temptation that lay close at my hand, into which you, the man who should have defended me, wantonly cast me for your own selfish ends, I fancy you would have had no right to complain of me to-day."

He was silent. Well enough he knew she spoke the truth. Well enough he knew that even the law, in whose strength he trusted so implicitly, would scarcely have vindicated conduct such

as his in the eyes of the world. "Why—why do you come and say all this now?" he said at last. "We agreed to be friends. I want nothing more of you. Can't you bury bygones, and let us be at peace?"

"I say it," she answered coldly, "because you have deceived me again. You left India with a settled purpose; you sought me with that purpose; you won me over by pleading my duty, all the time you knew you only wanted to save appearances—that it was my money, my new position, which gave me any importance in your eyes. You and your hateful spy played your cards well, but not quite well enough to deceive me. When I thought you were poor, ill, lonely, that you were even a little sorry for all I had had to bear, it was a different matter. I would have come to you then, and in time I might even have grown more gentle and forbearing than I seem to have been. At least you are the father of my children, and I can't forget that. But what can I say of your conduct now, except that it is on a par with all that has gone before; that I cannot forget it; that since it is the Count you desire, you may have the Count, have everything I possess—everything to which the law entitles you. But at least be content with that, and leave me in peace."

"Will you give me those papers?" he said huskily.

She handed them to him without a word. He glanced over their contents, then opened a drawer in his writing table and placed them within, and locked the drawer again.

"Now, madam," he said, defiantly, "you have given me your views of the case, listen to mine. The moment Grantham Court becomes ours—you need not start; I am quite justified in using that pronoun—the moment we are entitled to take possession, you will be prepared to accompany me thither. Considering you are the daughter of a clergyman, and have always set up for being a religious woman, your views as regards wifely duty seem rather lax. But that duty shall be enforced to the uttermost, so I swear. I am not used to being thwarted or contradicted, either by man or woman, and I'm not likely to submit to it on an easy one to slip out of, and I intend it shall be firm enough to hold you, whether you desire it or not. Now, I have said all that is necessary. You may return to Vaux Abbey if you choose; but hold yourself in readiness to obey me, whenever you hear that matters are settled and that I am going to take possession of the Court."

"You fool!" The exclamation was so unexpected—so full of scorn and contempt, that Beryl Marsden was no less startled than her husband, as she, too, faced the doorway and saw from whom the interruption had proceeded.

"So, Count, you are at your old work!" she said, with cutting emphasis. "Do you still find it remunerative?"

The pale face flushed ever so slightly, but he advanced a few paces and addressed John Marsden with a cool disregard of Beryl's presence that was in itself an insult.

"You should never trample on a fallen foe, my good John," he said, calmly; "and you should never lose your temper with a woman. Mrs. Marsden has become sensible, I presume, or she would not be here. For the rest, it will surely be to her own interest to look after her own property, if only to save it from the degrading touch of alteration and improvement. The Count is quite open to both."

She turned on him like a tigress. "If you dare," she cried—"if you dare to touch a stone, or alter a room, to—"

His mocking laugh cut short her words. (To be continued.)

Never Touched Him.

"Pat" was assistant cook on one of the dining cars on the Great Western road running into St. Paul. He was obstinate and ill-tempered. The chef was equally so; and as a result, constant warfare waged between them.

One day last summer Pat was making ice cream, and in spite of the chef's warnings, insisted upon sitting in the doorway of the pantry while he turned the freezer.

The train, going up grade, made a sudden lurch, and Pat and his can of ice cream fell out of the door, as his superior officer had predicted.

Francie with fright, the chef in his white cap and apron tore through the train, looking for the conductor.

"Mon Dieu, Monsieur Conducteur," he cried, wringing his hands, when he found that person, "ze ice cream freezair, he fall off, and Pat go wix beam; stop ze tramway or we will haf pas dessert pour le diner. Trouble, trouble always wix zat Irish man."

The conductor pulled the bell and stopped the train, but it had already gone two miles past the spot where Pat had rolled out.

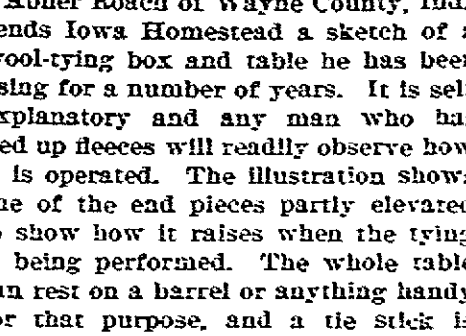
They backed the train, fully expecting to find Pat's mangled body beside the track. Instead, they saw him, coming over the ties on a run, carrying on his back the ice cream freezer.

He climbed on the train, looking foolish, but all he ever said of his miraculous escape was, "Be gosh, it jarred me some, it did thot!"—Lippincott's Magazine.

Lilliputian but Manly.

He was a tiny little fellow, surely not more than five years old, and as he called for his afternoon papers at the corner of 12th and Market streets many people gazed at him with mingled amusement and pity. He had long brown curls, wet with the drenching rain, and his shrill little voice had a baby lisp.

A very stout, elderly woman apparently weighing close to 300 pounds, paused at the south side of Market street and looked askance at the miniature river of slush and water, and at the passing procession of wagons and trolley cars. The little newsboy was quick to size up the situation. Running up to her he exclaimed: "Don't be afraid, lady, I'll help you across." Reaching up his tiny little hand he clutched her by the arm, and together the ridiculous pair threaded their way to the opposite curb. Then the stout woman opened her purse, gravely handed the little fellow a coin and disappeared into the Reading Terminal.—Philadelphia Record.



A WOOL-TYING BOX.

shown resting on one corner of the table which holds the sides up while tying is being done.

Value of Apple Pomace.

Apple pomace is usually held in light esteem. Many think it not worth the hauling. It is sometimes used as a fertilizer, occasionally as a feed for pigs or cows, but it frequently goes to waste behind the cider mill.

A minor experiment made in 1889 at the Vermont Experiment Station indicated that its feeding value was about equal to that of good silage. Inasmuch as the methods of that test were open to criticism, it seemed worth while to repeat the trial upon a more extended scale.

Accordingly several tons of pomace were obtained from a near-by cider mill and ensiled for preservation. The results secured were as follows: 1. From one to three per cent less milk and butter was made when the pomace was fed than when corn silage was eaten. 2. The cows gave somewhat better milk on pomace than on silage. The difference amounted to about 0.20 per cent. 3. From three to four per cent more product was made on the unit of dry matter of the pomace ration than that of the silage ration. There seemed to be no ill effects arising from the feeding of fifteen pounds or less daily. It is but fair to say, however, that the milk of these seven cows was merged with that of the entire herd. Had pomace been fed to the entire herd in these quantities, it might have affected the quality of the milk or the butter. The present experiment does not afford data upon this point. It is expected to make observations thereon during the coming year.—New England Farmer.

Grindstone Water Drip.

A grindstone water drip is convenient at this season when the stone is so much in use. Place it under a shady tree, mounted on a substantial, durable frame. Have a box cover just large enough to set over the upper half of the stone when not in use. A crank handle may be on one side the axle; a foot pedal on the other. For a water drip, place a box on one end, as shown at b, and on it set a pail or keg, c. In the lower part of keg, bore a hole and insert a goose quill. A drip may be regulated by plugging the end of the quill with a small pine stick, that is made to slip easily in and out, as at a. By drawing the stick out sufficiently the drip of the water may be regulated to suit, while the grindstone is being turned either by hand or foot. The quill should extend out so water will drop on the center of the stone, low down, near to the box.—C. H. Potter in Farm and Home.

Varieties of Garden Plants.

In the year book for 1901, issued by the Department of Agriculture, it is stated that there were catalogued in 1900 no less than 685 nominal varieties of cabbage, 530 of lettuce, 500 of bush beans, 340 of sweet corn, 320 each of cucumbers and table beets, 255 of pole beans and almost as many others of other vegetables. Of course this includes many varieties which differ from others only by having the addition of a grower's name or some designation intended to be descriptive, as "improved," "early," "late," "large," or other addition which is intended to show a difference from the others under the old name. The department lately issued as a bulletin "A List of American Peppers," which enumerates 124 varieties. Among so many how may one learn to choose the best? Undoubtedly many of them differ in name only, and perhaps some growers use more care in selecting the seed stock or in keeping varieties pure than do others, and by the use of their name may desire to gain a reputation, but the above list might well be divided by ten, and still show all the different types, and probably all really desirable varieties.—American Cultivator.

A Pearl of Great Price.

Some farmers' wives can make good butter once a week. It is the one that can make good butter every time she

tries. It is a pearl of great price and worth her weight in gold or gilt-edged butter.

Summer Soil Cultivation.

The method of summer soil cultivation for conserving the moisture in the soil brings results that are profitable. As a rule, such cultivation should be of the surface soil only, rarely more than two inches deep; but it should be remembered that this applies only to soils that have been well worked and plowed to a good depth before the seed was sown. A shallow plowed soil, or a field that is inclined to bake after heavy rains, needs more than the shallow soil cultivation, at least for a number of times after each rain. This plan may destroy some of the roots of the plants growing near the surface, but this is better than to permit the soil to remain hard for any considerable depth. Whenever the soil has been sufficiently loosened after it has become hard, then the shallow cultivation should be put in practice again. On the other hand, as first stated, the deeper cultivation should not be done unless the condition of the soil requires it.

The Chinch Bug.

The Ohio Experiment Station reports that the chinch bug is especially fond of millet and similar grasses, and where wheat fields are infested, it will be well to sow a narrow strip of millet between them and other crops. A strip of millet two or three yards wide may be sown by the side of the corn field next to infested wheat or oats, and when the bugs have taken possession of it the millet may be plowed under with a jointer plow and the ground harrowed and rolled, thus burying the bugs. Another method is to plow a deep furrow across their tracks, as they travel from field to field; the bugs in this furrow will have difficulty in getting out, and may then be killed by sprinkling them with kerosene emulsion. This may also be used where the bugs have attacked the outer rows of corn, using a spray pump and throwing it with sufficient force to wash them off the corn.

Chairs Choice Peach.

One of the newer peaches of real promise is Chairs Choice, shown in the illustration from the Rural New Yorker. It is large and handsome, deep, rich yellow in color, with a red cheek, and appears to be a regular and abundant bearer. Chairs Choice is now being planted freely in many peach growing districts and is regarded by those who know it best as well adapted to follow the indispensable Elberta. It is a better and handsomer peach and does not conflict with it in season. The trees are generally vigorous and healthy.

Pasture for Growing Hogs.

On every farm there is usually a small piece of grass land which may be fenced at small expense, and if it can be shaded in some manner such a plot will be just the place for the growing pigs. A portion of an old orchard may often be fixed in the manner suggested, and the pigs will thrive in such a place. If the grass growth is scanty try the plan of cutting grass from other portions and throwing it to the pigs. Keep them mainly on the usual summer rations given when in the pen and furnish all the fresh clean water placed in such a manner that they cannot get into it and wallow. This plan is a simple one, and easily carried out, and will result in more thrifty pigs than if kept in the pens during the warm weather.

Charcoal for Fowls.

The value of charcoal must not be underestimated. It is of much help in keeping fowls in health and preventing looseness. Feed it powdered in the food two or three times a week. Chickens for market will fatten faster if fed charcoal. It has been found. Charcoal is not a medicine, strictly speaking. It is an absorbent and as such takes up the poisonous gases in the system and carries them off. It is practically harmless in any amount.

Protection Against Insects.

For the protection of melons, squash and cucumber vines against insects an excellent plan, for a small plot, is to cover the vines with mosquito netting. A cheap frame, made of lath, will serve well for supporting the netting. A few plants in a garden may be protected by looking them over carefully once a day, destroying the bugs by hand picking, and dropping them into a tin cup or other vessel containing kerosene.

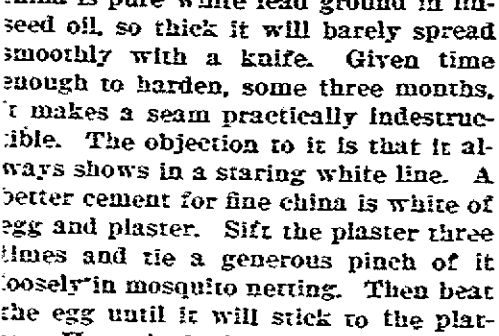
Feeding Green Millet.

Green millet may be fed as freely as any green food. Millet hay that contains ripe or partly ripened seeds must be fed with care, especially to horses, as it has an injurious effect upon the kidneys. Millet is best sown broadcast; a drill puts it in too deeply. Success with millet depends on getting an even, quick germination, and for this is needed a shallow, finely prepared seed bed, moist enough and warm enough for germination.

A Point in Transplanting.

In transplanting such plants as the strawberry the fibrous roots should be spread out as much as possible, while the root of a taprooted plant, like cabbage, beet, etc., should be placed straight up and down and not bent upon itself.

Compliments, like champagne, should be administered only in the evening.—"When Charley Was Away."



Stuff that Sticks.

The most dependable cement for china is pure white lead ground in linseed oil, so thick it will barely spread smoothly with a knife. Given time enough to harden, some three months, it makes a seam practically indestructible. The objection to it is that it always shows in a staring white line. A better cement for fine china is white of egg and plaster. Sift the plaster three times and tie a generous pinch of it loosely in mosquito netting. Then beat the egg until it will stick to the plaster. Have the broken edges very clean, cover both with the beaten egg, dust well with the plaster, stir together at once, tie, using rubber bands, if possible, wrap loosely in very soft tissue paper, and bury head and ears in a sand box, taking care that the break lies so that the sand will hold it together. Leave in the box twenty-four hours. After a week the superfluous plaster may be gently scraped away.

Baked Tapioca Pudding.

Soak a cup and a half of pearl tapioca two hours in a quart of rich milk, put it in a double boiler and cook until the tapioca looks clear, remove from the fire, stir into it two slightly heaping tablespoonsful of butter and a scant half cup of sugar. When cold add four eggs beaten light and flavor with vanilla, or the rind of a lemon grated and added when the tapioca is cooking. Butter a mould, sprinkle with dried bread crumbs, turn the mixture into it and bake. Turn out on a platter and serve hot with a foaming sauce.

Chicken with Almond Sauce.

Cut up a young chicken as for fricassee; fry a golden brown in hot lard. Put the chicken on a hot platter and make the sauce. Thicken one tablespoonful of the lard (in which the chicken was fried) with one tablespoonful of flour; when the flour is cooked, add one pint of cream, one tablespoonful of finely chopped parsley and one cupful of chopped blanched almonds. Let it boil for five minutes and pour around the chicken.

Calf's Brains Sauté.

Thoroughly wash and parboil the brains in water with one teaspoon vinegar fifteen minutes. Remove and skin. Break them up and mix with a fork to a paste with one beaten egg, pepper and salt. Have ready in a pan some hot butter, and carefully drop brains into the pan by the spoonful. Fry a delicate brown. Turn gently. Serve white hot.

Scraped Beef.

Remove all fat from one pound of tender lean beef and scrape to a pulp with a very sharp knife. Put into a saucepan with salt, pepper, and one tablespoon cold water, one tablespoon butter and two tablespoons cream. Cook one minute, string constantly, then stir in one tablespoon cracker dust and cook three minutes longer. Serve at once.

Escalloped Potatoes.

Boil and mash the potatoes with a little salt, butter and milk. Mix two tablespoons butter and beat it in till light. Bake in patty-pans in a quick oven until brown. While hot, paint with butter and add a thick grating of cheese. The cheese may be omitted if preferred.

Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

An excellent wash for weak and inflamed eyes is made from camphor-water and witch hazel in equal parts. This is especially refreshing when inflammation proceeds from a cold. It should be applied to the eyes as a bath several times daily.

Kitchen Helps.

The silver will not rust if a lump of camphor is kept in the cutlery drawer. Put worn-out pie tins in the sink cupboard and use them to set crockery kettles in.

Don't wipe out the coffee pot with the dishcloth. Don't let the breakfast grounds stand half a day.

When you are softening butter to make cake never allow it to melt. If you do the cake will be heavy.

To clean a kettle in which onions or other rank vegetables have been cooked, rub with a cloth dipped in hot, strong soda water then wash in soapy water.

All canned vegetables should be opened and set aside, if possible, out of doors, for some time, perhaps half an hour, before using. Thus the oxygen, removed in the process of canning, is restored to them, and with it much of the fresh taste.

Don't try to make puff paste on a warm day or in a hot kitchen. Better substitute something else for that particular course in your menu. Puff paste made where the butter softens under the most careful conditions will not be fit to eat.

To make cucumber mayonnaise sandwiches slice some cucumbers very thinly and have ready a little thick mayonnaise sauce, into which mix a little salmon paste. Dip each piece of cucumber in this and set between slices of bread and butter cut to its size.

To loosen a rusted screw try an application of vinegar. This will generally render its removal easy. Another plan is to heat the head of the screw by applying to it the tip of a red-hot poker. When the screw has cooled again it will be quite loose and easy to remove.

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months......75

Grand Rapids, Wis., July 9, 1902.

Change in Publication.

This week the Tribune is issued on Wednesday and hereafter the paper will be issued regularly on that day. This change has been found necessary for several reasons, one of the principal of which is the fact that our advertisers have from time to time complained that when we issue on Friday evening there is not time for the paper to be delivered to farmers who live at a distance and trade in the city and generally make a practice of coming to town to do their shopping on Saturday. The consequence is that they are not able to read the ads before they come to town and the money spent for advertising is to a certain extent ineffective.

Another disadvantage is the fact that when a bundle of papers for a certain town happens to miss close connections the paper is not delivered to the subscriber until sometime Monday, three days after publication.

While we consider Thursday a better day than Wednesday on which to publish, the fact that there are already two papers in this city issued on that day, makes it impossible to come out on Thursday. The postmasters in the city have already about as much work as they can take care of with two papers to distribute on that one day, and for these reasons Wednesday has been selected.

Advertisers, correspondents and others having matter to be published are hereby notified of the change and advised to get their stuff in by Tuesday, in order to give time for the proper handling of the same, and while it may seem a trifle early in the week for a time, this will soon wear off and there is no doubt but the better service we are able to render our patrons will more than make up for the inconvenience.

"Good Morning Carrie."

The Elks had a great week at Oshkosh and their new catch phrase was a taking feature. The Oshkosh Northwestern says of it:

"Hello Bill" and "Good Morning, Carrie." Where could a more congenial combination be found? The "Hello Bill" of the Elks, a greeting that has been heard on every side during the present convention of the Wisconsin Elks' association in this city, has finally been given a companion. At a meeting last evening of the executive committee of the Wisconsin association it was decided that inasmuch as the greeting "Hello Bill" was distinctly an Elks' phrase and at all meetings of the Elks the members and their friends used this there should be some reply to go with it. Consequently the executive committee decided to adopt "Good Morning Carrie," as the reply, and the words of the popular song, being quite appropriate, promises to be as much in favor as "Hello Bill." It is agreed at this meeting of the committee that the delegates and brother Elks going to the national convention of the order from Wisconsin should take the reply "Good Morning, Carrie" with them and introduce it there in connection with "Hello Bill." Accordingly this will be done and is very small chances of its failing to catch on immediately. It will be of interest to note to what degree it becomes popularized among the Elks at the national meeting and to remember that it had its origin in Oshkosh.

Education That Pays.

In this day and age there is no education within the reach of young people of limited means that gives as quick and as great returns for the time and money invested as business education and it is safe to say that there is no other school that offers as great inducements to those desiring a practical education as the Toland Business Universities.

The advance sheets of the catalogue which Mr. Toland will issue in the interest of the Wisconsin Business University and his numerous other schools in Wisconsin, Minnesota and Iowa offers proof of superiority contained in no other business college catalogue. The catalogue will contain the portraits of hundreds of young people whom Mr. Toland has educated and sent to desirable positions; the unqualified commendations of business men who have employed them, and full information concerning courses of study, rates of tuition, etc.

To those desiring an education that will prepare them for the most difficult positions and insure lucrative and permanent employment, we cordially recommend Mr. Toland's schools. The catalogue will be off the press this week and will be sent postpaid to any person addressing F. J. Toland, La Crosse, Wis.

Great Pan-American Shows

A circus would not be complete without a Menagerie, and no one knew this better than the Manager of the Great Pan-American Shows when they spent about a million dollars, depleting the jungles and forests of five continents for beasts rare and ferocious, strange and beautiful, to people their vast menagerie which is connected with their Monster Three-Ring Circus and Roman Hippodrome. Will be seen at Grand Rapids on July 16. Caged upon cage, and rows of them, filled with every strange and awful beast known to the zoographer. Chief among the amphibious, carnivorous, bi-horned, split-hoofed mammals is the terrible Bovyalupus. There are Elephants, Camels, Dromedaries, Deer Bears, Lions, Tigers Leopards, Grizzlies, Serpents, Reptiles, and in a word, bird and beasts of every kind.

Stops the cough and works off the cold. Laxative Bromo Quinine tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure no pay. Price 25 cents.

Great Daily Country.

According to figures recently given out in a census department bulletin Wisconsin takes first rank as a dairying state of the Union. The number of establishments for the manufacture of butter, cheese and condensed milk in this state is 2,018, as against 1,908 in New York, our nearest competitor. Iowa is third with 907 factories. Moreover the growth in number has been greater and the percentage of growth almost as great as any in the country. Minnesota alone, showing greater per cent of growth, while the number of new factories in that state is far below that of Wisconsin.

In capital employed and in value of product, New York stands first, the figures being as follows: New York capital, \$7,084,150; product, \$26,557,888; Wisconsin capital \$4,917,940; product \$20,147,120; Iowa, capital, \$3,033,128; product, \$15,846,077. This shows in the case of Wisconsin, a growth of about 300 per cent, since 1880, and in number of establishments about 100 per cent.—Stevens Point Journal.

New Teachers Engaged.

During the past week the school commissioners have engaged two more teachers toward filling the vacancies that exist in the city schools, they being, Miss Elizabeth von Briesen of Columbus, who will be assigned to the east side high school, and Miss Margaret Sheridan of Necedah, who will teach in the grades.

Invitations have also been extended to Miss Nellie Guidager of LaCrosse and Wm. Webb of Lancaster. Should these accept this will about fill all the vacant positions.

Officers Elected.

The stockholders of the Jackson Milling company held a business meeting in this city on Tuesday, at which the following officers were elected: I. P. Witter, president.

Gay Nash, secretary and treasurer. Among those from outside who were present at the meeting were J. O. Foxen, one of the stockholders, and Carl Hartel, manager of the company's interests at Amherst, and H. Pagel, manager of the company's interests at Stevens Point.

Don't Fail to Try This.

Whenever an honest trial is given to Electric Bitters for any trouble it is recommended for a permanent cure will surely be effected. It never fails to tone the stomach, regulate the kidneys and bowels, stimulate the liver, invigorate the nerves and purify the blood. It's a wonderful tonic for run-down systems. Electric Bitters positively cures Kidney and Liver Troubles, Stomach Disorders, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and expels Malaria. Satisfaction guaranteed by John E. Daly. Only 50 cents.

Unclaimed Letters.

West Side.
List of letters unclaimed in the west side postoffice, for the week ending July 7, 1902.

Coal, Geo. Merritt, F. Tierney, R-v. P. A. R. Gray, W. H. Westcott, Chas. Knute, Peter (2)

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say "advertised." R. A. McDONALD, Postmaster.

Summer complaint is unusually prevalent among children this season. A well developed case in the writer's family was cured last week by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy—one of the best patent medicines manufactured and which is always kept on hand at the home of the physician. This is not intended as a free pull for the company, who do not advertise with us, but to benefit little sufferers who may not be within easy access of a physician. No family should be without a bottle of this medicine in the house, especially in summer-time.—Lansing, Iowa, Journal. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co and Wood County Drug Co.

Cranberry Meeting.

The date for the summer meeting of the State Cranberry Growers' association has been set for Tuesday, August 19th, to be held at the Gaynor marsh the same as usual. These summer meetings have become very popular of late years and it is probable that the coming meeting will not be any exception to the rule.

Married.

Ben Peterson and Miss Annie Nelson, both of the town of Sigel, were married in this city at one o'clock today. Rev. John Groenfeldt of the Norwegian Moravian church officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Peterson will make their home in Sigel, where both of the young people are well and favorably known.

To cure a Cold in one Day.

The Laxative Bromo Quinine tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Death from Scarlet Fever.

Lionel, the six year old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Dunstun, died today noon from scarlet fever, after a sickness of about a week. The parents have the sympathy of all in their sad affliction.

Pasture for Rent.

Eighty acres of good pasture in the northern part of the city. Charges reasonable. Inquire of D. D. Conway.

Summer Train Between Chicago and Star Lake.—On Saturday of each week a special train will leave New Lisbon on arrival of the Pioneer limited train at New Lisbon, due at Grand Rapids at 2:45 a. m., reach Star Lake at 7:20 a. m. Returning on Sunday, reach Grand Rapids at 12:35 a. m. Monday, reach New Lisbon in time to catch the Pioneer limited. east. Reach Milwaukee 7:00 a. m. Chicago 9:30 a. m. Monday. Sleeping car service from and to Chicago on this train.

The Delta of Wisconsin.—The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y has arranged for a low rate excursion to Kibbourn to enable everyone to see the wonders of the Delta. Excursion tickets include steamer ride on the river. A special train will leave Grand Rapids, at 8:25 a. m., Port Edwards, 8:35 a. m., Nekoma, 8:45 a. m., July 13th, and returning will leave Kibbourn at 6:30 p. m. same date.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

Camping Up River.—Mr. and Mrs. William Scott are entertaining a party of campers up river, among whom are Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Lipke, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Harmon, Mrs. Beulah Biron and Miss Mabel Hamilton. These started out on Wednesday, but expect to be joined by others later in the week.

Play at Marshfield.—The ball team from this city goes to Marshfield on Sunday to play a game with the Marshfield team. The Maennerchor society hold a picnic that day and it is possible that one of the railroads may run an excursion up from here.

Some Hot Weather.—This section experienced its first really hot weather on Friday, Saturday and Sunday last, on which dates mercury hovered about the nineties much of the time. Coming, as it did, without any warning, it seemed all the more severe.

Dislocated an Arm.—Chris Thompson dislocated his right arm on the evening of the 3rd while scuffling with some companions. Dr. Waters fixed him up and outside of a painful hurt he will not suffer any inconvenience.

To Combine Schools.

State Superintendent Harvey has issued a circular in which he takes an advanced position on the subject of rural schools. He argues that it would result in a decided advantage if the schools were consolidated and transportation provided for the pupils, in order that they might easily go the greater distance required. In this way the schools would become larger and a smaller number of teachers would be required. The money thus saved would be expended for transportation and for an improved grade of work. Prof. Harvey has made a close study of the rural school problem and the plan he proposes, while working something of a revolution in the present system, would at the same time result in much practical good. Prof. Harvey is a wise leader on educational matters and his policy merits hearty indorsement.

Ludicrous Personal Possessions.

The possessions of some of the Indian Maharajahs are ludicrous and wonderful sometimes. There is one of the richest rajahs who has a passion for acquiring things in bulk, and during his visit to England he astonished some of the tradespeople by ordering whole showcases of jewels or silver, sometimes a whole trayful of tooth brushes or a windowful of various scented soaps. In art also his purchases were equally expensive, and on one occasion he was so charmed with a picture that he ordered it to be copied three times, so that he might have one hanging on each wall of his favorite room. But perhaps the most extraordinary order which was ever given or undertaken was that for two dressing bags, one the exact duplicate of the other, and each of such enormous size that the two together were a camel's load. They were made of the ordinary brown leather, but inside they were most luxuriously mounted, and their cost \$5,000 apiece.

Unintentional Liberty.

The following was told me the other day as a true story: During one of the hottest of the recent spells of hot weather a well-known baronet came across three workmen engaged on a job on his estate. One of them remarked, as workmen not infrequently do, on the dryness of the job. The heat had perhaps extended itself to the baronet's temper. At any rate, he turned away with the reply, "If you are thirsty, you know where the well is. You will find a pail there." Thinking over his remark a little later, it flashed across the baronet's mind that he had given orders for three bottles of champagne to be put into the pail and lowered into the well to cool for dinner. He hastened to the well and discovered—three empty bottles! What he said this time is not reported.—London Truth.

Austrian Invents an Armor.

The Austrian inventor, Herr Jan Szepek, has invented an armor which looks as if it were made of silk meshes, and upon which the bullet of a revolver fired at five paces distance makes no impression. Herr Szepek has sent one of his coats of armor as a present to the Emperor William. It weighed about four pounds.

Business Locals.

—Dr. F. S. Brace, Dentist. Office over Corriveau & Garrison's store, west side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

—Dr. W. D. Harvie, office over Johnson & Hill Co.'s store. Specialty of eye, ear, nose and throat.

—Dr. J. J. Looze Grand Rapids, office over Wood County Drug store, telephone No. 62. Residence telephone No. 246.

—Dr. A. L. Ridgman, Centralia. Office over Centralia Drug Store. Telephone No. 92. Telephone at residence, No. 23.

—F. Pomainville, M. D. Office in rear of Steib's drug store. Telephone at office, No. 35; residence, Centralia, No. 248.

—Dr. D. Waters, physician and surgeon. Office over Church's drug store, telephone 182. Night calls at Dixon House, telephone 53.

—Dr. Chas. Pomainville, Dentist. Office over J. A. Cohen's store, Grand Rapids, Wis. Telephone 216.

—For fine dental work, go to Dr. D. A. Telfer, office over Wood County National Bank, Grand Rapids.

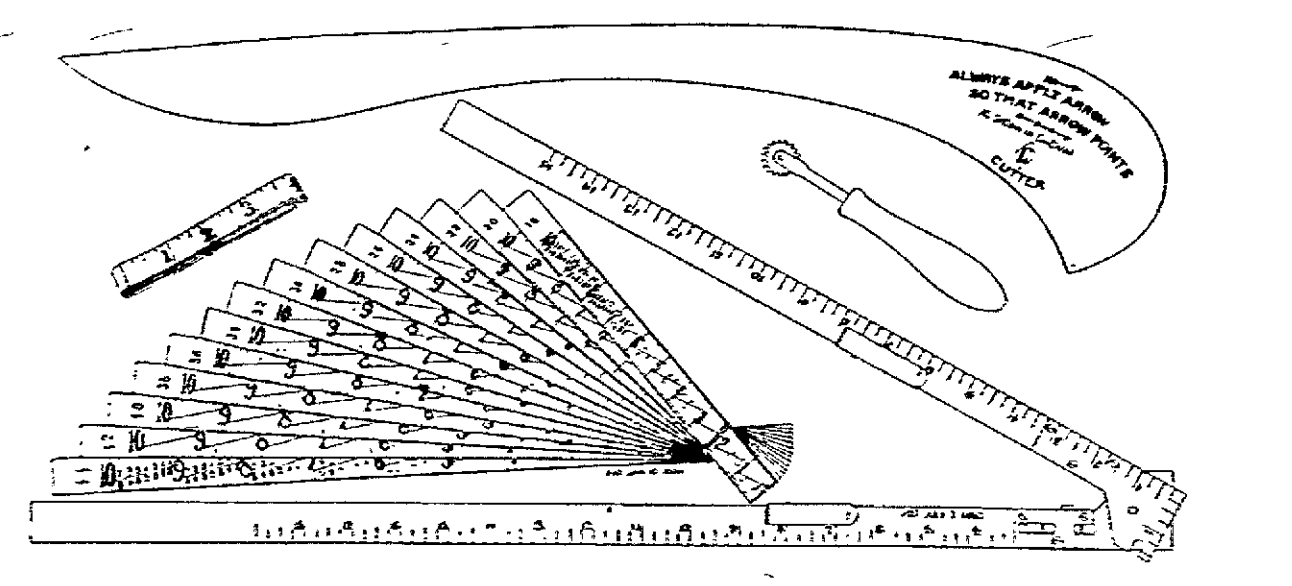
—Dr. F. D. Humphrey, homeopathic physician and surgeon, office over "White Front." Special attention given to women and children and all chronic diseases.

—A. B. Crawford, Dentist. Office in Reiland building, Grand Rapids. High grade service at reasonable fees.

—M. A. Bogger funeral director and embalmer. Telephone number 348, residence 291. Calls attended day or night.

THE DIAMOND GARMENT CUTTER

System of Cutting taught in Adam's College of Dress Making and Ladies Tailoring, Pommainville Hall, Grand Rapids, Wis.



Address F. C. ADAMS, Grand Rapids, Wis., Telephone No. 137.

Ghas. S. Whittlesey,
Real Estate, Insurance, Loans.
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office over Bank of Grand Rapids, West Side.

The following city property for sale at reasonable prices.

- NO. 1. One lot with large modern house thereon, close to business part of city, west side.
- NO. 2. One lot with good seven room house and good barn, close to ward school, west side.
- NO. 3. New house, seven rooms, bathroom and good stone cellar, large barn, situated on French st., west side.
- NO. 6. Three lots with large comfortable house and good barn thereon, close to North-western depot, west side.
- NO. 7. One lot with excellent seven room house, two closets, good stone cellar, good woodshed in rear, close to court house, west side.
- NO. 8. This house is a twin sister to No. 7, located in the same block. Either one is a bargain.
- NO. 10. One big lot with large eight room, two story house thereon, good woodshed and fine well of water, near Catholic church, east side.

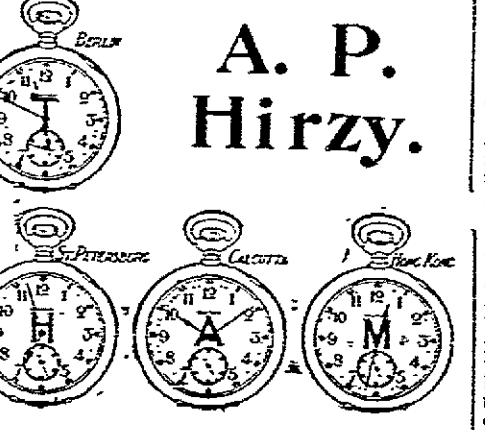
Come and see me before you buy elsewhere.

CHAS. S. WHITTLESEY.
GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

Special Sale
OF WATCHES
FOR THIRTY DAYS

Waltham Watches are carried all over the world. They are the best and best known Watches.

Mechanical precision, perfect material and careful finish are the features that have made Waltham Watches the best in the world.



FOOD AND DRINK

That is really what this Ice Cream Soda is, but no one thinks of that when they want some. Recollections of the delicious flavor of the last glass prompt them to come for more and nothing but

Our Ice Cream Soda will satisfy the craving. This delightful beverage has become famous and we permit nothing to lower the standard of quality. The best ingredients are used. Our fountain, glasses, syrup receptacles and counters are kept scrupulously clean. This is an aid to enjoyment.

CANDY KITCHEN,
Geo. Aiken's Proprietor, East Side.

WINCHESTER
FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS
"New Rival" "Leader" "Repeater"

If you are looking for reliable shotgun ammunition, the kind that shoots where you point your gun, buy Winchester Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells: "New Rival," loaded with Black powder; "Leader" and "Repeater," loaded with Smokeless. Insist upon having Winchester Factory Loaded Shells, and accept no others. ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

(First Publication 6-14-02)
Notice of Application.
Wood County Court—In Probate.
STATE OF WISCONSIN, ss
COUNTY OF WOOD.
In the matter of the Estate of Henry Bates deceased.
On this 14th day of June, A. D. 1902, upon reading and filing the petition of George Bates of Rudolph, Wood county, Wisconsin, stating that Henry Bates of the county of Wood, died intestate, on or about the 25th day of February, 1902, and praying that George Bates be appointed administrator of the estate of said deceased.
It is Ordered, That said application be heard before me, at the probate office in the city of Grand Rapids, on the 15th day of July, A. D. 1902 at ten o'clock a. m.
And it is further Ordered, That notice of the time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, previous to the time appointed for said hearing.
By the court, W. J. CONWAY,
County Judge.

(First Publication 6-7-02)
Notice of Application.
Wood County Court—In Probate.
STATE OF WISCONSIN, ss
COUNTY OF WOOD.
In the matter of the last Will and Testament of Stephen Jeffrey, deceased.
Whereas, An instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Stephen Jeffrey, deceased, late of the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin has been filed in this office;
And whereas, Application has been made by John Jeffrey praying that the same be proved and admitted to probate, according to the laws of this state, and that letters testamentary be granted thereon according to law;
It is Ordered, That said application be heard before me at the probate office, in the city of Grand Rapids, on the 15th day of July, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m.
And it is further Ordered, That notice of time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, previous to said hearing.
Dated June 6th, 1902.
By the Court, W. J. CONWAY,
County Judge.

(First Publication 4-25-02)
Claims of Creditors.
Wood County Court—In Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Jere D. Witter, deceased.
Letters testamentary on the estate of said Jere D. Witter, deceased, having been granted and issued to Emily L. Witter, Isaac P. Witter and Ruth E. Mead, on the 22nd day of April, 1902, it is now at this special term of this court, Ordered, that all creditors of said Jere D. Witter, deceased, do present their claims for examination and allowance to this court on or before the 5th day of November, 1902, which time is hereby allowed and limited for that purpose.
Ordered Further, that the claims and demands of all persons against said deceased be presented to, received, examined and adjusted as aforesaid and of the time limited for creditors to present their claims, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice for four successive weeks in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a weekly newspaper published at the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, the first publication to be within 15 days from the date of the order.
Dated April 22, 1902.
By the Court, W. J. CONWAY,
County Judge.

Expert Paper Hanger and Decorator.
F. M. RYDER,
Agent for the Chicago and Pittsburg Wall Paper Company.
Beautiful samples of wall paper in all the latest designs can be seen at L. Kromer & Son's fruit store where orders can be left. Telephone 124. All work guaranteed first class.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

Abstracts of Title, Real Estate and Loans.

- NO. 1. Five lots, together with house, barn and wagon shed, in Lyon's addition. House—upright 16x28, 14-foot posts; wing 16x16, another 16x20, both 10-foot posts; six rooms and 8-foot square hall; finished throughout; stone foundation and good cellar. House insured for \$200; barn for \$80. This place is a decided bargain at \$1,425 and will be sold as a whole or in parts.
- NO. 2. Two nice lots in Scott & Witter's addition and a well finished one story, five room house with stone foundation. House and two lots, \$1,200. One lot, \$275.00.
- NO. 3. Two lots, each 66x122 feet, in Harris addition. House 28x36, 18-foot posts; nine rooms, six rooms down stairs; dining room and kitchen have hardwood floors; parlor and bedroom finished in oil; electric lights. This is a well built house and a bargain at \$1,560.00.
- NO. 4. One acre of ground on west side with a good 12x16 five room house at \$800.
- NO. 5. One acre on west side with a good 12x16, four room house, barn and wagon shed. \$300.00.
- NO. 6. As a whole or in part, six large lots, together with a seven room house and a good barn, conveniently located on the west side.

For information regarding these and other places listed on either side of the river inquire of

C. E. BOLES,
TELEPHONE 232.
Office in MacKinnon Block, West End of Bridge

WOOD CO.
NATIONAL BANK.
Grand Rapids, Wis.
CAPITAL \$50,000. SURPLUS \$23,000.
F. GARRISON, President.
L. M. ALEXANDER, Vice Pres.
F. J. WOOD, Cashier
COMMENCED BUSINESS NOVEMBER 1, 1891.
DIRECTORS:
F. GARRISON
L. M. ALEXANDER
THOS. E. NASH
E. ROENTJUS
F. J. WOOD
Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent.
All business connected with banking is earnestly solicited, and we promise prompt and careful attention to every detail. Interest paid on time deposits.

A. S. ROBINSON,
Carpenter and Millwright.
Silo Building a Specialty.
All work guaranteed. Orders left for me at J. F. Moore's will receive prompt attention. Correspondence Solicited.

Patronize Home Industry
by having your work done at the Riverside Steam Laundry.
All work guaranteed.
GEORGE BOYER, PROP.
West Side, Near Commercial House.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Lloyd Moore spent Sunday at Wausau on business.

C. E. Hewitt of Plainfield transacted business here on Monday.

Atty. S. A. Corning of Plainfield is a business visitor in the city today.

S. N. Whittlesey of Cranmoor was in the city on Monday on business.

Larry Ward of Babcock was a business visitor in the city on Tuesday.

Miss Nellie Young of Nekoosa visited friends in the city on Tuesday.

A boy baby arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Menier on Monday.

Merchant Wm. Downing of Dexter-ville was a visitor in this city yesterday.

Mayor L. E. Colvin and E. W. Ring of Pittsville were in the city on Tuesday.

Wm. Ristow is engaged in erecting a new barn on his place on the west side.

John Collins of Portage was in this city over the Fourth the guest of friends.

H. S. Youker, our new city superintendent, was in the city Saturday and Sunday.

James K. P. Hiles of Dexter-ville was a business visitor in the city on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brazeau of Nekoosa were visitors in the city on Monday.

Miss Nellie Vincent is assisting Taylor & Scott in the abstract business now.

Charles E. Boles has been confined to the house by sickness during the past week.

Mrs. A. E. Gurdy of Port Edwards was the guest of friends in the city on Monday.

Wilbur Kellner has returned to Wausau, where he is attending business college.

Louis Schenock and son Ray spent the Fourth at Junction City visiting with friends.

A. L. Fontaine was a business visitor at Madison on Saturday, returning home on Sunday.

Mrs. John A. Gaynor was a Stevens Point visitor on Thursday, being the guest of friends.

The Mission Band will meet with Miss Nellie Oberbeck Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

A. H. Barr was down from Merrill to spend the glorious 4th with his family in this city.

John Dangler's Capital for 5 cents is a gentleman's smoke.

Bartholomew Gafney has been appointed postmaster at Arpin, vice J. Z. Arpin, resigned.

The family of Saul Preston is in quarantine this week on account of a case of scarlet fever.

Charles Johnson of Marshfield was visiting friends in the city a few days during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Hutchinson of Necedah were visitors in this city a short time on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Brooks and Miss Maud Howland of Tomahawk were in the city on Monday.

Smoke the Wineschek cigar. The best ten cent smoke on earth.

Miss Fanny Reitz of Wausau visited friends in the city over Sunday returning home on Monday.

Simon Joostin, one of the solid farmers of Rudolph, was among the Tribune callers on Saturday.

L. Kromer celebrated his 77th birthday on the 4th of July by entertaining a few of his relatives at dinner.

Rev. B. J. H. Shaw and family expect to move into their new home on the west side of the river this week.

Mrs. E. B. Brundage entertained a party of friends on Tuesday evening in honor of Miss Venita Warner.

George Lebreche was down from Wausau on the Fourth to spend the day with his friends and relatives.

Go to G. Bruderli for fine shoe repairing. Also make to order all grades of footwear.

Misses Olga and Alma Anderson of Marshfield were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Bell, jr., on the Fourth of July.

Kenneth and Leslie Smith of Beloit are here to spend the summer with their grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. Denis.

Mrs. Dora Wood left today on a two weeks' vacation. She expects to visit at several different places before her return.

Mrs. August Sutor and son Raymond of Marshfield were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Laramie over Sunday.

Frank E. Carey was in the city the past week visiting with his parents and other friends. He left again this morning.

Miss Clara Silber, formerly of this city but now of Milwaukee, has been visiting friends about town during the past week.

The Epworth League entertained a party at the Methodist church parlors on Monday night in honor of Mrs. Fred Warner.

Miss Bessie Gaynor, who is now in the library at Wausau, was home to spend Friday, Saturday and Sunday with her parents.

Miss Julia Collier returned on Friday from Pestigo, where she has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Pat Love for some time past.

Mr. and Mrs. A. U. Marvin and Mrs. Marvin's sister, Miss Gillett, of Nekoosa spent the Fourth in this city the guest of friends.

Albert Crawford who is now located at Wautoma came up Thursday to spend the time until Monday with his parents in this city.

Miss Cora Bennett of New London was the guest of Miss Matilda Bunge last week.

W. D. Compton made a business trip to Waupaca on Monday, returning on Tuesday.

Ed Hayes was at Junction City last Thursday to attend the funeral of his old friend, Sam Carson.

Miss Amy Cahill, who has spent the past five weeks visiting at Rhinelander, returned home on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Richards of Arbor Vitae were the guests of Mrs. M. Dougherty over the Fourth.

Miss Susie McCutcheon of Thorp is the guest of Miss Caroline Garrison, expecting to spend two or three weeks here.

Miss Laura Reeves left last week for Chicago where she will attend the summer school of music at the Northwestern university.

Don't let the flies eat your horse up this kind of weather. Go to J. H. Landry, near the bridge, and fit him out with a nice fly net.

A Washington dispatch last week stated that W. E. Gardner had been granted a pension of \$17 and Patrick Smith increase to \$14.

Arthur Bielefeld of Chicago arrived in the city Saturday and intends to spend a few weeks with his friend Geo. Krieger, the bicycle man.

Jake Morf of Dexter-ville was in the city to spend the Fourth. Before returning home he favored the Tribune office with a pleasant call.

Miss Minnie Dawson, who has been the guest of Miss Maud Akey during the past two weeks, returned to her home at Tomahawk today.

Miss Florence Docha of Stevens Point, who visited Miss Aurelia Baudelin for several days the past week, returned home on Monday.

Phil Ward is gradually improving in condition and his relatives and friends have hopes now of seeing him about again in the course of time.

Wanted: At least one hundred and fifty young men and women to send for a free catalogue of the Stevens Point Business College.

Warren Morey, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Kellogg during a week, left for his home at Almond on Monday.

Frank Rapp, who was formerly employed by Kruger & Cameron, but who is now traveling on the road, visited friends in the city on Sunday.

Attorney George L. Williams of Milwaukee was in the city over Sunday, having come up from the Cream city on some business matters.

Mrs. Fred Warner of Appleton, who has been the guest of Mrs. E. H. Stoddard for some time past, expects to leave for home on Saturday.

Nate Harris of Watersmeet, Mich., who formerly lived here and is well known to the older residents is in the city this week visiting friends.

A. E. Falch, who has been visiting with friends at Minneapolis and other points during the past three weeks, returned to this city on Monday.

Charles Kruger, of the firm of Johnson & Hill company, left last night for Rhinelander expecting to be absent a couple of days on business.

Miss Effie Goggins has accepted a position with the Centralia Hardware company as cashier and bookkeeper, during the absence of Miss Nash.

Mrs. Catherine Townsend of Waupaca arrived in the city on Tuesday and expects to spend the summer here visiting with relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bissig of City Point were in the city Friday and Saturday, having come in to celebrate the Fourth. The Tribune acknowledges a pleasant call from Mr. Bissig.

Here is your chance to get books cheap. Johnson & Hill Co. are holding a sale. Big cut on all books.

W. H. Fitch, secretary of the Wisconsin State Cranberry growers association of Cranmoor, was in the city on Friday and Saturday on business.

Wm. Kellogg, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Kellogg, has been confined to his home the past week with scarlet fever, but is somewhat better at this writing.

Mrs. R. T. Doud of Winona has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Muir during the past week. Mr. Doud was also here over the Fourth to visit friends.

Herman Kruger, who is now employed by the St. Paul road at Green Bay, spent the latter part of last week in this city visiting with friends and relatives.

Money to loan. C. E. Boles.

The shirt waist man is getting to be the proper thing. Most any part in a storm and the man who will take to shirt waists in hot weather is hardly to be blamed.

James Tallant of Marshfield was in the city to spend the Fourth. Mr. Tallant is an aspirant to the nomination for sheriff on the democratic ticket this fall.

Novels, boys and girls books, copyright editions, all going at a great cut at Johnson & Hill Co., drug department.

Henry Fisher, formerly of this place but now of Waupaca, arrived in the city last Thursday and visited friends and relatives here until the following Monday.

A party of young people are holding a picnic down river today and as they started out with the firm determination of having a good time there is no doubt of the outcome.

J. H. Tearan and wife of Marshfield were in the city on Tuesday. Mr. Tearan represents the Farwell company of Chicago and Mrs. Tearan is accompanying him on a trip.

When you wake up with a bad taste in your mouth, go at once to Johnson & Hill Co.'s or Wood County Drug store and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. One or two doses will make you well. They also cure biliousness, sick headache and constipation.

Emil Schmitt has accepted a situation as salesman with Kruger & Cameron, and will commence on the discharge of his duties on Monday morning.

Judge Webb will open court tomorrow, there being a number of cases waiting for him to hear, suits that were brought here from other counties.

Charles E. Lester is up from the cranberry marsh today and reports his crop to be looking finely. In fact if nothing occurs he expects one of the largest crops for years.

The Rev. Shaw's subject next Sunday morning at First Congregational church will be "Brooks by the Way." There will be no Sunday evening service during July and August.

Don't be persuaded into taking something said to be "just as good" as Madison Medicine Co.'s Rocky Mountain Tea. There is nothing like it. 35 cts., no more no less. Johnson & Hill Co.

Duke Clairmont, who for several years past has been employed by Corriveau & Garrison, is now engaged as salesman in the grocery department of Johnson & Hill company's store.

Arthur Rintleman, who has been visiting his parents at Mukwonago during the past two weeks, returned to this city on Monday, and reports having spent a very enjoyable vacation.

Wilbur Briere, who has been stationed about eight miles from Rice Lake during the past two months, arrived in the city on Monday to visit his relatives and friends for a short time.

Miss Edith Rablin left on Saturday for Madison where she will attend summer school of librarians. Miss H. D. Gorton of Racine is taking her place in the library during her absence.

The W. C. T. U. will hold a reception in the parlors of the M. E. church on Tuesday evening, July 15 for the honorary members. All interested in temperance are cordially invited to be present.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Freund left on Tuesday for a two weeks' visit with relatives and friends at Appleton and Green Bay. Mr. Freund is employed as bookkeeper for the Northern Paper company.

Ed Nelson, who has been in the Johnson & Hill store for some time past, has resigned his position and left for his home at Necedah on Monday. He expects to leave for the west soon.

I have on hand repairs for the Plano mowers, reapers and rakes which I will sell at prices slightly in advance of first cost. New machines procured on very short notice. A. S. Robinson.

Johnson & Hill Co. are rapidly disposing of their entire stock of bicycles at a figure that is a revelation to all. Look them over. Drug department.

Mrs. C. E. Lavigne of Washington, D. C., arrived in the city on Saturday to visit her father, Jasper Crotteau, and other relatives. Mr. Lavigne is also expected here in the near future for a visit.

Mrs. W. M. Plunkett of New Lisbon is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James McLaughlin for a few days. Mrs. Plunkett is on her way home from a fishing trip and reports a fine time and lots of fish.

The eight-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gogger has been very sick with scarlet fever during the past week, and there have been times when it was feared that the little fellow would not recover.

Rev. D. C. Helmich, who has had charge of the German Moravian church in this city for some time past has accepted a call from Freedom, Wis., where he will take charge of a Moravian congregation.

Bicycles below cost at Johnson & Hill company's drug department until the stock is cleaned out. We intend to get rid of the last one if we have to give it away, as we do not intend to handle them hereafter.

Miss May Coulthart, who is employed as stenographer by the F. Mackinnon Manufacturing company, leaves this week for a week's vacation, part of which she will spend with relatives at Stevens Point.

One of the plate glass windows in Will Gross' store was broken on the night of the 3d instant by the explosion of a giant cracker. The party who threw the cracker subsequently settled for the damage done.

Charles Norton, who is employed in the Johnson & Hill drug department, has been carrying his thumb in a bandage since the Fourth as the result of having held onto a large fire-cracker just a trifle too long.

Bicycles have been moving fast since we started our sale, but we have a few left. Come and pick out the one you want and take it at your own price. Johnson & Hill Co.

Sam Moberg who has been stationed at Cowsenville, Iowa, for some time past, engaged in doing bridge work for the St. Paul railroad company, has been in this city the past week visiting his friends and relatives.

Sam Carson, one of the old settlers of this section, died at Junction City last week and was buried on Thursday last. Mr. Carson was 90 years old and the town of Carson in Portage county was named after him many years ago.

Rounds out the hollow places; smooths out lines that creep about one's face; wools roses back to faded cheeks. That's what Rhcky Mountain Tea does. 35 cts. Johnson & Hill Co.

Henry Johnson, who has been employed in the clothing store of Kruger & Cameron, has resigned his position, same to take effect on Saturday night. Mr. Johnson expects to go to Minneapolis and later may leave for the west.

H. A. House of Larimour, N. D., has been in the city the past week visiting with friends. Mr. House formerly resided here, but has been at Larimour for some time past where he is employed by the Great Northern Railroad company.

Curtis Cullen writes the Tribune from Merrill that he is no longer in the hotel business but is now engaged in conducting a sample room at 208 south Foster street, and invites his Grand Rapids friends to call on him when in Merrill.

Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Conway and children returned from Madison on Sunday morning where Mrs. Conway had been visiting her relatives during the past two weeks. Mr. Conway went down last Thursday and spent the Fourth with them.

J. P. Willard, agent at the Northwestern depot in this city, was called to Chicago on Monday by the company on account of the strike among freight handlers in the Windy city. During Mr. Willard's absence J. G. Leonard will act as agent here.

One big load of dry kindling wood delivered to any part of the city for \$1.25. BADGER BOX & LUMBER CO. Telephone No. 314.

Merrill Advocate: Mrs. Alex Mindak and children departed last evening for Grand Rapids, where Mr. Mindak is at work for the Badger Lumber Co. The Advocate regrets these good people going away from Merrill but wishes them all the good things of life.

A party consisting of I. E. Phillo W. H. Reeves, W. F. Kellogg, A. M. Muir, R. T. Doud, Geo. W. Baker, C. F. Kellogg and E. S. Kenne spent Sunday at the club house of the Crooked Rift Rod and Reel club, engaged in fishing and otherwise amusing themselves.

Miss Alice Nash leaves today for Tomahawk and other points in the state to visit with relatives, after which she goes to Tacoma, Washington, where she will visit her sister Marguerite during the summer, expecting to return to this city in the autumn.

When you awake in the morning feeling like the end of a misspent life, your mouth full of fire and your soul full of regrets, take Rocky Mountain Tea. Great Medicine. Johnson & Hill Co.

A. F. Roach of Nekoosa expects to open up a jewelry store in this city in the near future. Mr. Roach is well known to quite a number of our people, having been in business at Nekoosa about four years ago. He is a son-in-law of our townsman J. E. Grignon.

Ex-governor W. H. Upham of Marshfield was a business visitor in this city on Tuesday. He came here for the purpose of examining our electric plant with a view to making similar improvements at Marshfield. He was very favorably impressed by our plant.

Oswald Menzel is engaged in taking the school census in this city. Quite a curiosity exists among the people to know how this comes out as it is customary to figure out the population from the school census, and later discover that it has been over estimated about 20 per cent.

Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Ksycki formerly of this city, but now of Chicago, are in the city this week, being called here by the serious illness of Mrs. Ksycki's father, Charles Wasser. Mrs. Gus Larson, also of Chicago, another daughter of Mr. Wasser, is also here in attendance upon her father.

Get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets at Johnson & Hill Co.'s or Wood County drug store. They are easier to take and more pleasant in effect than pills. Then their use is not followed by constipation as is often the case with pills. Regular size, 25c. per box.

Attorney George H. Metcalfe expects his family to arrive in this city on Saturday, when he will go to housekeeping. Mr. Metcalfe has rented a house from Mrs. Lefebvre, which, though small, is all he is able to procure at the present time, dwelling houses being as scarce as the proverbial hen's teeth.

The Stevens Point Business College is proud of the fact that during the past year they had chances to place more than twice as many persons in good positions as they had graduates. If you wish to better your conditions, send for a free catalog, addressing the principal, W. E. Allen, Stevens Point, Wis.

Misses Clara and Maggie Hamm, who are employed in the store of the Heineman Mercantile company, are visiting friends and relatives at Appleton and Milwaukee, expecting to be absent two or three weeks. Frank Rourke and Miss Isabelle Marshall are attending to the accounts in the store during their absence.

Paul W. Mau, whose parents reside in the town of Rudolph, was in the city on Tuesday on his way home. Mr. Mau has spent the past three years in the 3rd U. S. Cavalry, and was stationed in the Philippines. He stated that he had got his fill of soldiering in that part of the universe, and was content to live a private citizen hereafter.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Neinstedt of Clarinda, Ia., and Dr. and Mrs. George Neinstedt of South Bend, Indiana, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Arpin in this city. From here they expect to go to Hazelhurst to visit with Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Tibbitts. Mrs. Deyo of New York was also a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Arpin last week.

A pleasant surprise was sprung on Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Robinson by a number of their neighbors on Sunday. The occasion was Mr. and Mrs. Robinson's birthday, both of which fall on the sixth of July, Mr. Robinson being 66 years of age and Mrs. Robinson 64. A very enjoyable afternoon was spent in social intercourse by those present, and they departed for home wishing Mr. and Mrs. Robinson many happy returns of the day.

He criticized her pudding and he criticized her cake; he wished she'd make the biscuits his mother used to make; she didn't wash the dishes and she didn't make the stew, and she didn't mend his stockings as his mother used to do. Oh, well, she wasn't perfect, but she tried to do her best; until at length she thought it time for her to take a rest. So when one day this had growled and whined the whole day through, she turned him up and fanned his pants—as his mother used to do.

People who are Particular

What They Eat always insist upon having **Dewey, Victoria or Sunbeam Flour.** Bread made from it retains all the elements of the wheat that goes to make brain and strength and has a delicious wheat flavor that is all its own. Sold by all grocers. If not at yours, write the mill.

Grand Rapids Milling Co.

BOOK SALE

BEGINNING JULY 7

—And Continuing For—

TEN DAYS

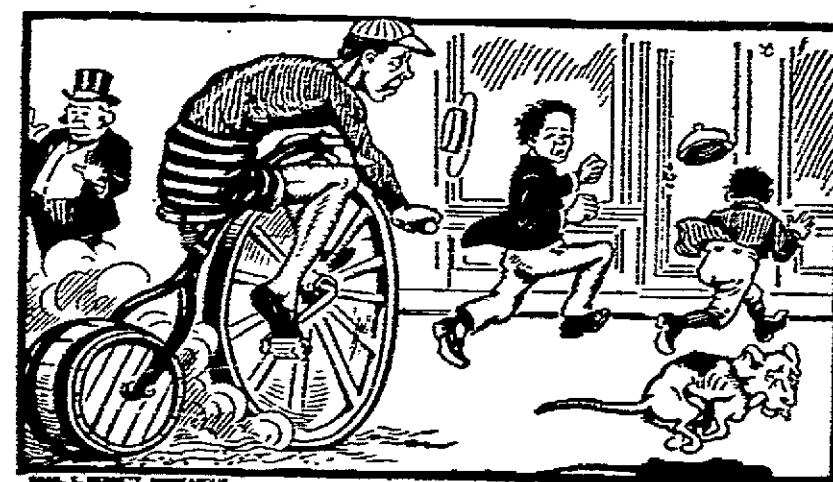
We will give a sweeping price on all books. Our stock includes a large variety of standard books. Books for boys and girls, novels, etc. Also regular copyright editions. Now is the chance to obtain your summer reading cheap.

We still have left a few

High Grade Bicycles

Of different makes that we are selling Cheap. We are closing out the entire stock and have been selling them at almost any price in order to get rid of them. You had better look over what there are left and if you need a wheel you may find what you want.

JOHNSON & HILL CO.,
DRUG DEPARTMENT.



Little Willie's New Bike

Scares the stuffing out of everybody in the neighborhood. That's where Willie's Bike is different from our prices—they are so reasonable they wouldn't scare anybody.

Seriously, neighbors, if you want a few boards for fixing up about the place, or a regular bill of material for a nice new house, we are in position to name you the lowest prices going.—As for our lumber, there is no better to be had at any price.

KELLOGG BROS. LUMBER CO.,
—YARDS AT—

East Grand Rapids, West Grand Rapids, Nekoosa.

SWEPT BY SEVERE STORM.

Pewaukee Lake and Surrounding Country are Visited.

PAVILLION DESTROYED.

Cries for Help Heard from Lake During the Storm, but No Loss of Life Reported.

Pewaukee, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Everywhere are evidences of the destructive force of the storm which raged here last night. The road in many places is obstructed by huge trees and brush, while deep gullies were washed in the road by the water. During the night the lake rose four inches and today continues to raise as the food comes in from the hills and marshes. No loss of life has been reported this far, though it will be impossible to tell just what the extent of the damage is to life and property for several days.

The large new barn of Thomas Wood was blown down and some cattle injured. Along the lake shore are numerous rowboats with oars and fishing tackle, which shows that their recent occupants must have had a narrow escape. At Bellevue five men were out in boats 200 yards from the shore when the storm struck them. Their boats were capsized, but all managed to reach the shore after a hard fight.

At Rocky point the Aspirant was blown off its cradle and damaged somewhat. The damage at the beach was exaggerated and only the pavilion was wrecked.

Three men and two ladies were out in the storm and landed at Waukegan. Beach nearly dead with fright and exhausted. Repeated cries for help were heard by people at Pewaukee and Bellevue, but as far as could be ascertained nobody was drowned.

Two Children Reported Killed.

Hardland, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—The worst wind and rain storm in many years visited this section last evening. Barren, windmills, chimneys, etc. were blown down and great havoc was wrought to fruit and forest trees. Grain and hay fields are lodged flat and the ruin is very great, especially to the oats crop.

On the Crouch farm, north of town, a large barn was completely wrecked and carried in every direction.

A barn on the farm of Peter Johnson, east of the village, was lifted from its foundation and carried some distance. In the village the roof of H. Baus' house was blown in.

At Merton similar damage resulted to barns and crops and it is reported that two children of George Maulster were killed.

The wind was terrific and forced the rain through the casements of the most substantially built houses. Floors and cellars were flooded.

Church Steeple Blown Down.

Menomonee Falls, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—The 70-foot steeple of the German Evangelical Church here was blown down just evening at 9 o'clock, just a few minutes after the services of the evening closed by the terrible wind storm that passed over this vicinity, accompanied by rain and hail. The damage done the church and furniture will probably amount to \$1000. The property was insured in the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of the Wisconsin Conference of the Evangelical Association for \$2500.

Great damage was done in the village and surrounding country in the blowing down of shade trees, fences, chimneys, orchards. Grain of all kinds is flat on the ground and ruined to a large extent. The storm was the worst that ever struck Menomonee Falls in the memory of the oldest inhabitants.

Racine Woman Struck by Lightning.

Racine, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. Andrew Olson, aged 38 years, of this city had a miraculous escape from death shortly after midnight this morning. A bolt of lightning struck the house and entered the room in which Mr. and Mrs. Olson were sleeping. Mrs. Olson was struck on the left side by the bolt and the entire side was paralyzed by the blow. The husband escaped uninjured. Several doctors were summoned and after working over the woman all night succeeded in restoring her to consciousness this morning. The house was damaged to the extent of \$300 by the fire which was started by the bolt.

The storm which raged here last night caused considerable damage. The tracks of the electric road, between here and Milwaukee, were washed out at several places delaying the traffic for some time.

Bolt Strikes Janesville Church.

Janesville, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—One of the severest electrical and rain storms of the season broke over this city and surrounding country last evening and when it had ceased at midnight, it had left considerable damage behind. The rain was accompanied by a hard thunder and lightning display and during the storm the tower of the St. Patrick's Church was struck by a bolt. The spire was set afire and the fire department had to be called to extinguish the blaze.

Phillips Tannery Wrecked.

Phillips, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Saturday evening about 7 o'clock a tornado passed about a mile north of this city. It first struck the G. P. Miller Lumber Company plant, carrying the office building a distance of 100 feet and scattering lumber in all directions, but doing very little damage to the sawmill. It next struck the Phillips tannery, blowing to the United States Leather Company, blowing down the large smokestacks and three of their large buildings, and scattering hundreds of cords of bark. One man was slightly hurt. The rain fell in torrents while the tornado lasted. The loss will be heavy.

Lake Mills Visited by Storm.

Lake Mills, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Last night about 7 o'clock a severe thunder storm accompanied by a wind storm visited this place. An unprecedented downpour of over two inches in an hour was recorded. Lightning struck in several places.

Fish Hatcheries Damaged.

Bayfield, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—The state fish hatchery located here has been badly damaged by the recent heavy rain and thunder storm. The fish ponds have all been flooded.

Bad Storm at Hudson.

Hudson, Wis., July 7.—A terrible rain storm swept over this city on Saturday night doing considerable damage by flooding cellars and turning crops.

TRIES TO END LIFE.

Isaac Basing of Lannon Attempts Suicide After Quarrel with Sweetheart.

Lannon, Wis., July 7.—Isaac Basing, after a quarrel with his sweetheart, in which he is said to have struck the girl, and to have knocked out several of her teeth, tried to end his life by cutting his throat with a razor. The man thought he had killed his sweetheart, and consequently tried to end his life.

SHOOTS WOMAN WHO REFUSES TO MARRY HIM.

Watertown Man Attempts Double Tragedy When Widow Refuses to Wed—Both Recover.

Watertown, Wis., July 7.—Because Mrs. J. Schwartz, a widow residing in this city refused to marry P. H. Fender the latter shot the woman twice and then took poison himself. Doctors were immediately summoned and both persons will live. The exact cause for the tragedy is not known, but it is understood that Fender has been very anxious to marry Mrs. Schwartz and that he has been jealous of her. After the shooting Fender went to his boarding house, where he was found soon afterward by Marshall Holmes.

WEST SUPERIOR ASKS TAXES FROM BREWERS.

Outside Dealers Will be Required to Pay \$500 License Fee to Do Business.

West Superior, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—"Pay Up or Get Out." That is the ultimatum quietly given to the outside breweries operating in the city by Mayor O'Hare last week. The mayor said nothing about the matter, but told each agent of a brewing concern that he must pay into the city the regular \$500 license fee for saloons and liquor establishment by tomorrow or quit the business in this city. It is expected that there will be one or two quit the business, some will fight the proposition, while others will pay up. There are nine or ten Milwaukee, La Crosse, St. Louis, Duluth and other outside brewing firms operating in the city, and should they all pay it means the regular \$5000 to the city. However, it is not expected that all will pay but that on the contrary there will be something of a fight on the part of some of the men representing the brewers.

GREEN BAY FLOODED WITH BAD MONEY.

Counterfeit Dollars are Abundant in the Towns of Brown County—Suspects Being Watched.

Green Bay, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Counterfeit silver dollars have been circulated in farming towns in the vicinity of Green Bay within the last few days. The design of the spurious dollars is almost perfect, but otherwise the bogus coin is a very crude imitation. Some of the dollars are made of an alloy of lead and silver and have the ring that is found in the real article. There is a roughness in the surface of the counterfeit coin that is easily noticed. District attorney Cady has received numerous complaints of the workings of the counterfeiters, but probably will take no action beyond reporting the matter to the treasury department for investigation. In two instances the counterfeit money was passed at right-time celebrations of the Fourth of July in country places. F. Wittig took in twenty-three of the dollars and Joseph Wasmata of Hebel's Corners took in fifty-two of the dollars.

QUEER FREAK OF LIGHTNING.

Peculiar Accident Happens to Andrew Wedlake of Dodgeville.

Dodgeville, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—A very peculiar accident happened to Andrew Wedlake, three miles from this city, last week. While he was unloading his team at his home, lightning struck a steel windmill near where Mr. Wedlake was and threw him a distance of sixteen feet upon a pile of wood. A black mark is left on his breast where the lightning struck him, and with the exception of a little pain he is not injured. It is considered a miracle how he escaped death. One of the horses was knocked down.

THIEF RETURNS WATCHES.

Madison Chief of Police Receives Time-Pieces by Mail.

Madison, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Chief of Police H. C. Baker received in his mail this morning two gold watches directed simply to the chief of police. They proved to be part of the proceeds of the burglary of Prof. C. A. Van Tassel's home on West Graham street Saturday night. Four watches and some jewelry were taken. Two of the watches were marked and the thief was too wise to try and dispose of them. He put them in an envelope directed to the chief and dropped them in a mail box.

KENOSHA WOMAN MISSING.

Friends of Mollie Richards Think She Has Met with Foul Play.

Kenosha, Wis., July 7.—Miss Mollie Richards, a young woman 18 years of age, is missing from her home and the local police have been unable to find any trace of her. The young girl's friends think she has met with foul play. Miss Richards left her home a week ago Saturday to join her father in Cincinnati, but she has failed to reach her destination thus far.

BOY DROWNS IN RESERVOIR.

Eau Claire Woman Finds Child's Hat Floating in the Basin.

Eau Claire, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Robert Chomski, an 8-year-old boy, fell into a local reservoir yesterday afternoon and was drowned. His mother had come out to call the boy to dinner and saw his hat floating on the surface of the water. She suspected that the child had been drowned and when the place was dragged the body of the boy was recovered.

DIES FROM HIS WOUNDS.

Prairie du Chien Man Dies from Injuries Received in Fight.

Prairie du Chien, Wis., July 7.—John Wilson, who was found with two holes in his hand on July 4, died on Saturday evening from the effects of the injuries. Wilson is said to have had a fight with a man named Howard, the trouble being caused through jealousy over a woman.

SEARCHES FOR HIS BROTHER.

Dr. E. Clarke, Brother of Chicago Man, Investigates Disappearance.

Racine, Wis., July 7.—Dr. E. Clarke, a brother of Howard E. Clarke, the young Chicago doctor of trade man who disappeared from a Racine boat here last week, is now investigating the mysterious disappearance.

MILWAUKEE WOMAN INJURED.

Janesville, Wis., July 7.—Mrs. Byron Comstock of Milwaukee was badly injured in a runaway accident here on Friday. She and her husband, who is an engineer on the North-Western road, were returning to the city, when they collided with another team. Mrs. Comstock was so frightened that she fell over the dashboard under the feet of the horse.

RACE RIOT AT LA CROSSE.

Americans and Assyrians Engage in a Fierce Battle.

SEVERAL ARE INJURED.

Foreigners Have Been in Habit of Raising Disturbance When They Came to Town.

La Crosse, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—The race war between Americans and Assyrians, which culminated in the riot Saturday night, has caused such intense feeling on both sides that it is expected that other troubles will occur before the matter is settled. The leading participants of the Saturday night riot were brought into court today. Jack Murphy, Abe Lockman and Louis Wachter, the three Americans, the worst cut up by the Assyrians are out today, the stab wounds not being serious.

The story as told by the Americans is that the Assyrians who have come into town three or four hundred strong in the past couple of years, claim absolute ownership to that part of town, which they inhabit and where they have bought much property.

The immediate cause of the trouble Saturday night was the refusal of a party of Assyrians to let Hans and Carl Boehl get a drink at a public artesian fountain on the street corner. This brought on blows and the Assyrians called for help and were answered by a hundred drunken men, armed with clubs and knives appearing from the neighborhood.

The Americans, too, were reinforced and a pitched battle with knives and clubs between the warring factions was the result. First the Assyrians were vanquished, but they gained more reinforcements and charged the Americans, gaining a temporary victory. The Americans, however, finally outnumbered and overpowered the Assyrians and beat some of them into insubordination. Their names cannot be learned, as they were dragged back to the nearby houses and hidden by the Assyrians. Several shots were fired, but no one hit. The Assyrians were free with their stilettes and many Americans were badly cut, but not seriously. A platoon of police saved the evening and sent the Assyrians to their homes.

During last night several appeared at one of the police substations, stating that someone was shooting into their houses. The police, however, were unable to locate the parties using the firearms. Feeling runs high between the warring factions, and the city is the outgrowth of former minor brawls and it is feared will get result in bloodshed.

There were at least 300 participants in the riot Saturday night and the streets were jammed with fully 800 spectators. The Assyrians held a mass meeting at a house on Mill street, Sunday, but refused to state what transpired. They say it was a meeting of one of their secret societies.

A second riot was narrowly averted here last evening by the police. A bus load of Assyrians passing down Mill street, caused a renewal of the trouble of Saturday evening. The Assyrians were attacked by a mob of about 100 boys. The police arrived in time to avert any serious trouble.

MILWAUKEE SELECTED.

Letter Carriers Chose Cream City For Their Next Convention.

West Superior, Wis., July 7.—At the closing session of the letter carriers, held here on Saturday evening, Milwaukee was chosen as the next meeting place of the association. The following officers were chosen for the ensuing year: E. P. Kevin, La Crosse, president; H. T. Lodge, West Superior, vice president; C. Krupke, Racine, secretary; A. E. Ehl, Milwaukee, treasurer; J. M. Coley, West Superior, organizer; S. C. Sorceland, Milwaukee, delegate-at-large.

The session closed with an address by National President Kellie and a banquet at the West Superior hotel.

MRS. MILTON PETTIT DEAD.

Widow of Late ex-Lieut.-Gov. Pettit Dies at Kenosha.

Kenosha, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. Milton Pettit, widow of the late Lieut.-Gov. Milton Pettit, founder of the well known M. M. Pettit Maltine Company of Kenosha, died at her home in this city this morning at the age of 75 years. Death resulted from heart failure caused by the excessive heat of yesterday. Mrs. Pettit was one of the best known ladies and oldest residents of the city. She is survived by a son and two daughters: O. M. Pettit and Mrs. E. E. Miller of this city and Mrs. Harry Griswold of Chicago.

FIVE GIVEN CERTIFICATES.

Fifteen Fail to Pass Satisfactory Examinations for Superintendent.

Madison, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Only five of the twenty candidates for county superintendent certificates who took the examinations last week at Madison, Eau Claire and Appleton passed. The successful candidates were: C. E. Cushman, Arlington, Columbia county; F. M. Gensch, Louis Corners, Manitowish county; Henry G. Hutz, Madison; Minnie Morgan, Hartford, and George W. Weidman, Ellsworth.

DEATHS IN THE STATE.

Mrs. Mary Minabian, Green Bay.

Green Bay, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. Mary Minabian, mother of John R. Minabian, a well known physician and surgeon of this city, died here. Her death occurred quite suddenly Saturday night, resulting from a paralytic stroke suffered about a year ago. The funeral was held today.

Jacob Blum, Watertown.

Watertown, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Jacob Blum died here on Saturday at the age of 80 years.

Hannah Kline, Eagle Bay.

Eagle Bay, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Hannah Kline, widow of the late Jacob Kline, died at her home of paralysis on Saturday at the advanced age of 90 years.

Thomas T. Jones, Dodgeville.

Dodgeville, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Thomas T. Jones, father of Mrs. George L. Miller and Mrs. Charles D. Miller, died at his home here on Friday at the age of 82 years.

Mrs. R. P. Main, Oregon.

Oregon, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. R. P. Main, one of the early settlers of the valley, died here on Friday at the age of 80 years.

Mrs. Susan Ingersoll, Port Washington.

Port Washington, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. Susan Ingersoll died here on Friday at the age of 85 years.

Summer Steele, Ripon.

Ripon, Wis., July 7.—[Special.]—Summer Steele, one of the old-time settlers of this place, died on Saturday, aged 61 years.

BIG FLOUR MILL BURNS.

Blaze at Baraboo Started Shortly After Firework Display.

PLANT IS DESTROYED.

Tomah Store Wrecked by Explosion of Pyrotechnics—Pop Factory at Kaukauna Burns.

Baraboo, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—L. E. Hoyt & Co.'s flouring mill burned last night, causing a loss of \$12,000, partly insured in the Mutual Milling Company's Insurance Company.

The structure was built in 1855 and stood four yards from where the city fireworks, used last night, were set off.

Tomah Store Wrecked.

Tomah, Wis., July 5.—When little Theodore Schmidt was trying to sell a toy pistol in the store of his father, Emil Schmidt, he shot off a cap to show how it worked. A spark from the cap lighted a giant cracker in the show window, and soon there were skyrocket whizzing through the street and Roman candles going off and all sorts of premature excitement. A plate glass window was broken, and about \$50 worth of fireworks were wasted. The city fire department was called and extinguished the blaze.

Pop Factory Burns at Kaukauna.

Kaukauna, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—The pop and bottling works of C. W. Larson on Depot street was badly damaged by fire and water last evening, ruining the machinery entirely and burning out the entire inside of the building. The insurance on machinery and stock was \$300 and on buildings \$300, which will cover the loss. The plant is valued at \$1500. On account of the suddenness of the blaze it is thought that it started from chemical combustion.

Fire in Cigar Factory.

Fond du Lac, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—Last evening a burning in the cigar factory of E. B. Richards did much damage to the tobacco stock. The blaze was extinguished without doing much damage to the building.

WILLET S. MAIN IS DEAD.

BROTHER-IN-LAW OF SENATOR J. C. SPOONER EXPIRES SUDDENLY.

Prominent Madison Man and Former State Senator is Found Dead in His Bed.

Madison, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—Willet S. Main, ex-state senator and an old and prominent resident of this city, was found dead in bed this morning at his farm home in Blooming Grove, where he spent the summers. It is supposed death resulted from heart disease. Mr. Main appeared in usual health when he retired last night. He was a brother-in-law of Senator John C. Spooner.

Mr. Main was born at Edmonson, Oregon county, N. Y., August 15, 1828. His boyhood was spent at Clarksville, Allegany county, Pa., where he received a common school education. In 1846 he came to Wisconsin and settled at Prairieville, which is now the city of Waukesha, and the following year he came to this place. He was the sheriff of Dane county in 1853-4 and again in 1854-5 and in 1857-8. He was elected senator in 1888 on the Republican ticket and served one term. He was engaged in the insurance business at the time of his death.

Arrangements for Mr. Main's funeral have not been made.

John H. Casford, Beloit.

Beloit, Wis., July 5.—John H. Casford, for more than twenty years a conductor on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, and during the past eight years on the passenger run between Beloit and Milwaukee, died of Bright's disease. He was 56 years of age. He was a member of the Racine Knights of Pythias, uniform rank, an old soldier and a Woodman. The funeral will be held tomorrow.

Mrs. Richard Drew, Douglas.

Douglas, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—Mrs. Richard Drew, aged 24, died in the town of Douglas. She was engaged in the insurance business at the time of her death. Her husband was a member of the Baptist Church of Portage.

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POSTAL CLERKS MEET.

Carl B. McCabe is Elected President of the Association's Convention at Oshkosh.

Oshkosh, Wis., July 5.—The Wisconsin postoffice clerks to the number of a score or more met in Oshkosh yesterday in annual state convention. Officers were elected as follows: President—Carl B. McCabe, Oshkosh; First Vice President—F. C. Breister, Fond du Lac; Second Vice President—L. C. Zander, Manitowish; Third Vice President—William Danz, Green Bay; Secretary and Treasurer—George E. Rodz, Kaukauna; Sergeant at Arms—Oscar Doppler, Baraboo.

Chairman Finance Committee—Nellie Merkle, Berlin; Chairman Organization Committee—William E. Foley, Milwaukee; State Delegate at Large to National Convention at Kansas City—L. C. Zander.

The choice of a city for the next place of meeting was left to the executive committee. Several resolutions were adopted, among them being a resolution of thanks to Senators Spooner and Charles of Wisconsin and Senator Mason of Illinois for their labors in the Senate, passing postoffice classification bills; also a resolution of thanks to Congressman J. Feely of Chicago for his efforts for the same bill. The press of the state was thanked for its efforts in behalf of the same law.

Robbers at Pound Get Little.

Poultney, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—The general store of Jacobson & Brooks was broken into last night, but only about \$150 in small change was taken. The work was not done by experts, as the large store was not meddled with. The robbers gained entrance by breaking a glass window in the rear part of the dry goods department.

May Locate at Kenosha.

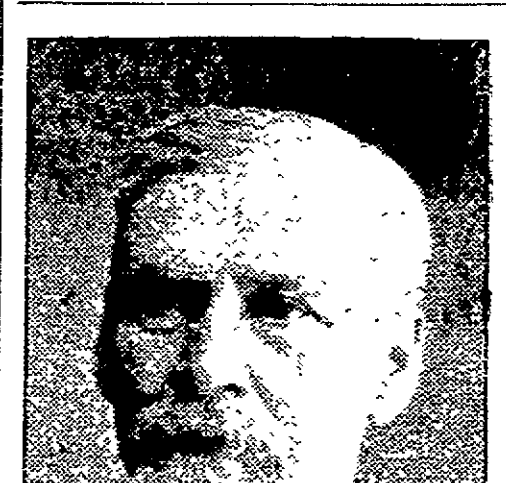
Kenosha, Wis., July 5.—John E. Power, the well known Boston manufacturer, who is currently reported that Mr. Power has come West for the purpose of securing a site for the location of a big automobile plant, which is to be erected by an Eastern syndicate for the building of heavy racing machines.

WASHBURN'S DEATH WAS A BLOW TO MANY.

Prominent Druggist of Palmyra Who Passed Away Suddenly While in Chicago.

Palmyra, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—R. J. Washburn, whose funeral was held on Wednesday, was one of the most prominent of the Masons in this section of the state. His sudden death was a great blow to those who knew him and he is mourned by many.

Mr. Washburn was born at Etan, N. Y., June 6, 1839, and died at Chicago Monday morning, June 30, aged 63 years. He was attacked in the winter of 1900 with the grip from which he never fully recovered. He continued to attend to business as usual, until several months ago. He continued to grow



THE LATE R. J. WASHBURN.

worse and several weeks ago, with a wife he made a visit with a very near friend at Edgewood, Ill. While there he received so very much benefit that he concluded to return as he was better than he had been for some time. After coming home he again began to fail and his wife and son advised him to go to Chicago, which he did with his wife, on Thursday, June 23, Saturday a letter arrived that he was no worse, but very tired from the trip, but Monday a telegram was received stating that he had died that morning at 6:30 o'clock.

Mr. Washburn came to Wisconsin from the state of New York in 1853. He was married to Emma Harlow at Little Prairie, Wis., December 6, 1859. He came to Palmyra about the same time and went into the drug and mercantile business. At the time of his death he had one of the finest retail stores in the state. He was a Republican and took considerable interest in political matters in general. He was a Mason, was president of the State Pharmacological Association for several years, and also president of the Rock River Agricultural Society for over ten years. He leaves a wife, son and daughter. The son, L. H. Washburn, who has been partner with him in business for several years, will continue the same.

The funeral was from the residence yesterday afternoon, according to the rites of the Masonic order, State Grand Secretary W. W. Perry of Milwaukee officiating, assisted by Rev. Soggest of Palmyra.

MINISTER ARRANGES FOR HIS OWN FUNERAL.

Rev. J. Reinhardt of Manitowish Has His Grave Dug and Tomb Stone Prepared.

Manitowish, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—Rev. J. Reinhardt, a retiring clergyman of this city, has made preparations for his death and burial, which he prophesies will take place this month. Early in the spring he supervised the digging of his grave at Evergreen cemetery, making it exactly six feet deep, laying a bottom of cement, and constructing brick walls therein. Last month he visited the cemetery, and securing a flat sand stone inscribed on it the following in German script: "Rev. J. Reinhardt, born May 6, 1833. Died 1902."

After he had finished this he said that everything now being complete he would go home to die. He has been confined to his bed since, and his death is but a matter of a short time.

TWO MEN FALL OFF FROM ROOF OF BARN.

One Dies and the Other is in a Critical Condition—Accident at Palmyra.

Palmyra, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—R. A. McLary and William Brown fell from a barn, a height of twenty feet. Brown died yesterday. It is thought that McLary will live. He had three ribs broken and was otherwise seriously bruised.

MAN'S ARM TORN OFF.

J. Ritter, an Oiler at the La Crosse City Pump House, is Badly Injured.

La Crosse, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—J. Ritter, an oiler at the city pump house, had his arm torn out of the shoulder this morning while oiling the big pumps. He was not otherwise injured.

FOUND IN DYING CONDITION.

Mysterious Case Near Prairie du Chien—May be Murder.

Prairie du Chien, Wis., July 5.—As train No. 1 pulled into McGregor last night the engineer saw an object lying beside the track; the train was stopped and upon investigation the crew found the body of a man, his head to the side of a woman. She refused to utter a word. A hasty examination revealed two large holes in the man's head, probably inflicted by a pick, and blood stains on the woman's clothing. The man was carried to the baggage car and taken to the hospital, and the woman was also forced to remain in the train, but she later jumped while the train was in motion and fell to the woods, where she was discovered early this morning and taken to jail by the sheriff. The man, whose name is Wilson, has not gained consciousness and there are grave fears for his recovery.

Jim Rice Run Over by Train.

Kenosha, Wis., July 5.—James Rice, aged 25 years, at one time connected with a Kenosha paper, and the holder of the lightweight prize fight championship of Southern Wisconsin, was run over by a North-Western freight train here last night and had both legs cut off. His recovery is doubtful.

ACCIDENTS IN THE STATE.

Careless Handling of Fireworks Causes Many Injuries.

FOURTH IN WISCONSIN.

One Death, One Man Dying and Long List of Hurt is Record of Day's Celebration.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 5.—[Special.]—There was the usual large number of accidents in the state yesterday due to the careless manner in which firecrackers and other explosives were handled by small boys and grown up people who were celebrating the Fourth of July.

Auburndale Man Fatally Hurt.

Marshall, Wis., July 5.—[Special

MARRIED MEN ARE PREFERRED.

By Charles H. Schwab.
All things being equal, the married man is a better employee than the single man. I give him the preference always. The great majority of employers do.
The responsibilities of the married man—his wife, children, home—strengthen his character, steady him, make him more anxious to succeed, urge him in his ambitions. He works for the happiness of his wife and little children. The thought of them lightens his labor and makes him cheerful at his task.
Now I know all this because I am a married man myself. I know that when I married—and on a very small salary, too—I realized at once my new responsibilities and these made me more determined than ever to succeed. I knew that as a single man failure would have effected myself alone. Now there was the comfort and well being of another to provide for. Every married man of character feels the same way. Employers as a class know this. "Married?" they say to an applicant for a position. "Children?" they ask. And straightway they give that job to the wife and babies.
So that marriage is a good investment. It does more than improve the man himself. It acts as a letter of recommendation.
Marry just as soon as you can, young man—when you are certain of your ability to support your wife—and take my word for it, you will not regret the step. You will be amazed how your wife will aid you in all your efforts. All this, of course, presupposes that you marry a sensible woman, one who will help you to achieve your ambitions. In this class are not included social butterflies. I should hesitate to recommend an investment of the latter characters.

CUBA CAN GOVERN HERSELF.
By Tomas Estrada Palma.
We propose to show to the world that Cuba, under the guidance of the United States, can govern herself. I will guarantee that the people of Cuba will constitute a government free and independent. But, with it all, the ties of love and liberty and thankfulness will ever bind us to the people of this country.
The Cubans will forget all past differences, and they will pull together in the future. The people who have said the

also taken place in this structure, and many events of national interest have been discussed before the houses of government convened here.
The tombs and monuments in the abbey are exceedingly numerous, and the life stories of those who are buried under the pavement or commemorated on the walls would form a national biography. The remains of England's dead sovereigns rest in tombs within these sacred walls, as do also various members of the royal family. One of the most attractive parts of the building is the section far-famed as the "Poet's Corner." Here lie Chaucer, Spenser, Beaumont, Ben Jonson, Cowley, Dryden and Addison. Numbers of

General, Admirals, courtiers, divines, men of letters and other distinguished personages also find their last resting place beneath the marble flooring of this historic old church.
Cramp Pleased the Czar.
Charles H. Cramp, the veteran ship-builder of Philadelphia, told the other day of his visit to Czar Alexander of Russia, the father of the present ruler, when he received the first order for constructing in his yards a warship for the great empire of northern Europe.
"The Czar received me standing among some dozen or more of his naval dignitaries," he said, "and while he was graciousness itself I was none the less embarrassed. You see, I was not used to that sort of thing and really was wondering every minute just what would happen and what I would be expected to do. The Czar stood rather close to me as we talked, and I found myself wishing I were a bigger man, as he towered above me. Then, all of a sudden, he asked:

"Mr. Cramp, in what school of naval architecture were you educated?"
"Your majesty," I answered, "I was educated in my father's yards. He was educated in his father's yards. I founded a school of naval architecture."
"What put that into my head I will never know," continued Mr. Cramp, according to the New York Times. "but it took the trick. The Czar caught me by the hand and said: 'Mr. Cramp, you were educated in the school that I am glad to have build ships for my navy.'"

The Bravery of Moody.
The honorable William H. Moody, of Massachusetts, who steps from Congress to the post of Secretary of the Navy, has won an amiable reputation as a man of solid character.
On one occasion when an opponent protested that he had been done an injustice, Mr. Moody with quick courtesy instructed the stenographers to furnish an abstract of the speech to the protesting member, so that the latter might have opportunity to mark for expurgation any objectionable paragraphs.
When a colleague at one time doubted whether Mr. Moody's constituents would indorse a measure he was supporting, he replied:
"I was not sent here to shake and shiver like a dry leaf in a November gale whenever a protest came from home, but to exercise my intelligence and to vote for measures according to how, in my best judgment, they would benefit or injure the people."—Philadelphia Post.

Carried It One Step Farther.
Tommy was given a new diary, and encouraged to set down each day's doings. He was very proud of it, says the Detroit Free Press, and determined to keep it faithfully.
The first day he wrote: "Got up at 7," and then continued to record incidents of the day. At his father's suggestion, he took it to his teacher for approval.
She did not like the phrase "got up." "Don't say 'got up,' Tommy," she said. "The sun doesn't get up; it rises."
When he retired that night Tommy remembered his lesson, and wrote carefully in his diary, "Set at 8."

Why Jason Was Late for School.
School teachers get some curious written excuses for absence. Here is one:
"Mister sir, my Jason had to be late to-day. It is his business to milk our cow. She kicked Jase in the back to-day when he wasn't looking or thinking of her actin' so; he thot his back was broke, but it ain't. But it is black and blue, and the pane kept him late. We would get rid of that cow if we could. This is the fourth time she kicked Jase, but never kicked him late before. So excuse him for me."

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Cubans are not capable of governing themselves do not know the latter day blood that flows in the veins of the Spanish. Patriotism and love of country always will prevail among the Cubans in their effort to make their country great. We will do our best to advance the cause of civilization, and we shall of course look to this country for both moral and practical support if it is necessary.

ELECTION OF SENATORS.

By Senator William E. Mason.
I am opposed to the election of United States Senators by the Legislatures of the several States, and am of the opinion that some legislation looking to their election by the vote of the people should be enacted by Congress.
I am anxious to see the resolution introduced in the Senate, to submit to the people the idea of electing United States Senators by popular vote, receive favorable action. In my opinion, the members of the United States Senate should be elected by direct popular vote, the same as the members of the House of Representatives.

COUNTRY NEEDS IMPROVED ROADS.
By Thomas Gay.
"How shall we get where we want to go through this mud?" engrosses the attention of a large portion of the population of the United States. Even in the longest settled portions of our country, where one would suppose time, population and wealth has given opportunity to establish proper foundation for comfortable locomotion for the wet as well as the dry season, we find the condition nearly as deplorable as in the more recently settled areas.
Why is it that with fine farms, with substantial buildings for man and beast, with railroad lines cutting the country in every direction, and with billions added each year to the permanent wealth of the country, there is so little in the permanent improvement of our roads? Under the system prevalent the citizens of many districts spend their time and occasionally some misdirected energy on the roads, when they run out of a job at home, regardless of the voice of the "road" to "come and mend me and I will

hurry, for the army was badly in need of a standard. A committee had been appointed a few days before June 14, when the stars and stripes were adopted, who were to consider the subject and report on a general standard for all the troops of the colonies. The committee consisted of General Washington, Robert Morris and Colonel Ross. It was at the suggestion of Colonel Ross that the committee decided to call upon the niece of the Colonel, Mrs. Betsy Ross, and ask her assistance in the making of the first national emblem. Betsy Ross enthusiastically undertook the work, and in a few days a beautiful star-spangled banner was ready to be unfurled. She had made one alteration in the design submitted by Washington. The general had made his stars six-pointed, as they were on his coat of arms; Betsy Ross made hers with five points—and five points have been used ever since.

For several years Mrs. Ross made the flags for the government. The prices she received varied—it was all contract work. For those for the fleet in the Delaware the treasury paid her \$14 1/2 cts.
The stars and stripes were used first for military service at Fort Stanwix, renamed Fort Schuyler, now Rome, N. Y., in 1777. On August 2 of that year, the fort was besieged by the English and Indians; the brave garrison was without a flag; but one was made in the fort. The red stripes were of a petticoat furnished by a woman; the white stripes and stars were supplied by an officer, who gave his shirt for that purpose, and the blue was a piece of Colonel Peter Gansevoert's military cloak. Three women worked on the flag, and it was raised to victory when, on the 22d of August, the red men and the English were defeated at the fort. The banner was used at the battle of Brandywine, September 27, 1777, at Germantown October 5 of the same year, and it also floated over the surrender of Burgoyne.

Cheers the Patriots.
This flag cheered the patriots of Valley Forge the next winter; it waved at Yorktown and shared in the rejoicings at the close of the war. As long as the States remained 13 in number the original design of the circle of stars was all right, but when in 1791 Vermont and in 1792 Kentucky were taken into the Union it was decided to arrange the stars in the form of one huge constellation. In 1795 it was decided to add a stripe as well as a star for each State which came into the Union, consequently in that year Vermont and Kentucky were marked on the flag, one by a white and the other by a red stripe. Some wise people, looking ahead some twenty years or more, saw that this plan of adding a stripe as well as a star for each State added to the Union would mean a constant changing of the flag, and as a great growth of the country was foreseen, it was soon appreciated that by this plan the flag would in a few years become so large and ungainly that its beauty would be lost.

A committee was elected in 1812 by Congress to decide upon a permanent design for the flag, and the result was that the original 13 stripes were again used, the stars arranged on the blue field in the form of a square, with one constellation for each new State. In 1818 this plan was formally adopted by Congress, and the flag with its 13 stripes and stars corresponding in number to the States in the Union became the established emblem of the union.

Mrs. Reid, wife of the famous sea captain, made the first flag of the new design July 4, 1818; the number of stars was 20, Illinois being admitted that year. This design, adopted in 1818, is

the American flag has passed its 125th birthday. It was on June 14, 1777, that Congress, then in session at Philadelphia, resolved "that the flag of the United States be 13 stripes, alternate red and white; the union to be 13 stars, white on a blue field, representing a new constellation, the stars to be arranged in a circle."
It has often been asked what suggested the design for the star-spangled banner. There are many traditions afloat, but the one in which there is undoubtedly the most truth credits the design to Washington. The General found in the coat-of-arms of his own family a hint from which he drew the design. The coat-of-arms of the Washington family has two red bars on a white ground and three gilt stars above the top bar. The American flag once decided upon was rushed through in a

house where old glory was born.

There is never much sympathy wasted on a man who tries to buy counterfeit money and gets fooled, nor will anybody weep for the victims of a new hoax which, writes a Washington correspondent, was recently unearthed by the postoffice department.
The attention of the department was called to an advertisement which appeared in a large number of papers, offering for "the small sum of two dollars," to teach by a "quick, safe, sure and easily learned method" how to open a cash register without the aid of a key. The department at once took steps to secure the valuable information.
It was found that the "method" was imparted by means of a small circular. This circular gave instructions to secure an ax weighing, "in order to obtain the best results," in the neighborhood of ten pounds.
Then the pupil is to take his position before the register he wishes to open, advance the left foot, stand firmly, swing the ax with both hands, and then strike the register with all his might, repeating the blow until the desired result is attained. The instructions close with the warning that for successful operation of the "quick, safe, sure and unfailing" method, it is desirable that the operator be alone with the register.
This recalls the "potato-bug exterminator" which was advertised some years ago. The victims of that swindle were honest people in search of legitimate information, but the circular of instructions that accompanied the two small pieces of wood that they received for their half-dollar might have been written by the same person who devised the new method of opening cash registers. It read:
"Catch the bug. Place him carefully on block number one, enclosed. Smite him with block number two, also enclosed. Wipe blocks, and proceed as before."

SQUANDERED \$5,000,000.
Young English Blood Who Has Tamed a Great Name.
Among the men who "went the pace" in England lately Sir Robert Peel, a descendant of the famous statesman of the same name, who flourished in the first half of the last century, is the most notable. This young man, still only 35, inherited a fortune of \$5,000,000, together with the handsome estate of Drayton Manor. Now he is penniless. Not long since his numerous creditors, hoping to get something out of the wreck, offered to settle on a basis of 7 cents on the dollar. Sir Robert couldn't raise the money.
He has had experience with the divorce court as well as with the bankruptcy court. He married one of the prettiest girls in Europe, Mercedes, daughter of the Baroness de Graffenreid, of Switzerland. But she could not tolerate his conduct and two years ago they separated and Mercedes sued for divorce.
While his money lasted Sir Robert was the fastest thing in London. He stood in a class by himself and his spending proclivities were a sensation. He was one of many others who were smitten with the charms of Mrs. Langtry and both were familiar figures in the Casino at Slesse, France, where there are "little horses" to be played.
Latterly Sir Robert has been making desperate efforts to dispose of the family treasures. He disposed of a splendid library, making the remark, which sufficiently indicates his character, that as far the practical use of a library room was concerned it might as well be filled with sham volumes as real ones.
His Sartorial Condition.
Mrs. Goodson—Are these all the spring clothes you have, my poor man?
Soiled Spooner—I regret to say, madam, that I'm standin' in de middle uv me trunk at dis moment.—Judge.

Two-Pound Gold Pieces.
England is going to coin 22 pieces in gold. They will be about the size of our \$10 coins.
When a man dies, and the preacher wants to know what was his favorite hymn, his widow invents one, in order not to scandalize the neighbors.

be your benefactor." The ordinary individual would much rather make two dollars to jingle in his pocket or add to the value of his private wealth than to make \$10 in public improvements, even for his own benefit, so he seeks every advantage to make dollars for himself and rarely bunts work for the public, and his neighbor, the supervisor in the circumscribed road district, often disregarding his official duty, fails to call out his men at the proper time, and when called out fails to work them in the proper manner, and we call this a road system and howl because we have poor roads.
This country is much too enlightened and wealthy forever to be subject to a halt of its traffic during prolonged humid conditions, and we must soon make a start for permanent roads. How? By the inauguration of a road system by the government of the United States and the yearly appropriation of not less than \$50,000,000, this money to go to localities which would supplement it with an equal amount, the whole to be spent under the direction of government engineers.
Where could money be spent to better advantage? Not on questionable improvements on rivers and creeks, nor in building superfluous vessels for our navy that will be old junk in a few years. An army of men could be permanently employed on roads and the whole country permanently benefited. Think of it! A single battleship costs as much as the building of a thousand miles of permanent road, and we have a sufficiency of the former and there can be no debate about the need of the latter. Such a policy could be entirely free from politics.
Then the great capitalists like Carnegie, who has so liberally and intelligently given to the cause of education, would give other millions to lift the bodies of the public out of the mire, as they have given millions to emancipate their minds. What a monument to a man's generosity and sagacity would be a stretch of permanent highway built by his fiat.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY.
By Lemuel P. Padgett, M. C.
The benefits of the establishment of rural free delivery in any section of the country are manifold. In addition to the convenience of country people personally in having their mail delivered to them, I regard it as a great educational factor. It not only enlarges and expands the mail facilities, but marks the development and evolution of newspaper and magazine reading wherever it is established.
It also stimulates an interest in better roads and encourages better public roads. It also enhances the value of property in the rural districts, and promotes happiness among the country people in their satisfaction with their surroundings.
Eventually I believe that the rural free delivery will discourage the tendency to congregate in towns and cities and will encourage contentment with rural life. It is also one of the evidences of our advancing civilization, and marks the progress of the country in social life.

HOUSE WHERE OLD GLORY WAS BORN.

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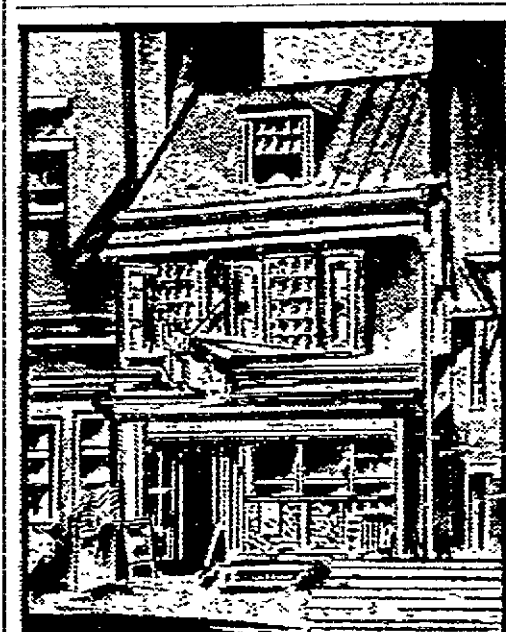
AGE OF OLD GLORY.

STAR-SPANGLED BANNER IS NOW 125 YEARS OLD.

The Design Was Suggested by Gen. Washington—First Flag Was Made by Betsy Ross—The Banner's Battle Christening at Fort Stanwix.

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HOUSE WHERE OLD GLORY WAS BORN.

hurry, for the army was badly in need of a standard. A committee had been appointed a few days before June 14, when the stars and stripes were adopted, who were to consider the subject and report on a general standard for all the troops of the colonies. The committee consisted of General Washington, Robert Morris and Colonel Ross. It was at the suggestion of Colonel Ross that the committee decided to call upon the niece of the Colonel, Mrs. Betsy Ross, and ask her assistance in the making of the first national emblem. Betsy Ross enthusiastically undertook the work, and in a few days a beautiful star-spangled banner was ready to be unfurled. She had made one alteration in the design submitted by Washington. The general had made his stars six-pointed, as they were on his coat of arms; Betsy Ross made hers with five points—and five points have been used ever since.

For several years Mrs. Ross made the flags for the government. The prices she received varied—it was all contract work. For those for the fleet in the Delaware the treasury paid her \$14 1/2 cts.
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our flag of to-day, with the addition of 27 stars—47 States, where 123 years ago there were but 13, and those were fighting a hard battle for liberty and right to progress. Some of the first flags were made under difficulties and at great cost, the greatest ingenuity being required to secure the necessary materials for the banners. History tells us that Mme. Wooster and Mrs. Roger Sherman made the first national flag for the Connecticut troops used in the army from their own dresses.
Difficult indeed it is to-day to realize that our country's emblem was given to Uncle Sam's boys in those early days only after the expenditure of great labor—for all the first flags were handmade. Now great factories turn out the national emblems by the thousands, and to-day Old Glory waves in all sizes and quantities, from the little penny flags with which the school children decorate themselves to the magnificent stately banners which float from club-houses and public buildings.
The quaint little home in which Betsy Ross made the first stars and stripes is still standing in Philadelphia and will be purchased by the Betsy Ross Memorial Association.

OPENING A CASH REGISTER.
Clever Schemes of Advertisers to Swindle Their Customers.
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